"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; light to moderate west winds.
For full weather report see Page 11.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,505. * * * NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 20, 1911.—EIGHTEEN PAGES ONE CENT In Greater New York. | Elsewhere, Jersey City, and Newark. TWO CENTS

HONOR LIST OUT FOR CORONATION

Dr. Osler a Baronet and George Alexander Knighted—Rosebery Earl of Midlothian.

RAIN SPOILING DECORATIONS

But Does Not Keep Crowds from Streets—Many Persons Leave London in Fear of Panic.

BALL AT STAFFORD HOUSE

Regal Display of Costumes and Jewels—Ambassador Hammond Welcomed in London by Duke of Connaught.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 19.—After six weeks of glorious weather, coronation week was ushered in by leaden skies, which later developed into hard rain and set every one thinking.

The coronation honor list came out to-night. It is a very long one, and had been awaited with the keenest interest. It and the weather prospects are the principal topics of conversation.

The country needs rain. The farmers have long been praying for it, but it does seem unkind and unpropitious that after such a long drought the one week above all others when even Farmer Giles would suspend petitions in this direction, the elements should begin in so threatening a way.

Says Thursday Will Be Fine.

However, the clerk of the weather got busy, and to-night, in the most loyal manner, announced that the chances were ten to one in favor of a fine day on Thursday. It is to be hoped that he will prove correct for once, as a wet day would spoil the enjoyment of hundreds of thousands, besides spelling ruin for hundreds who have banked on the crowning of King George V. through the medium of letting the "best seats along the route" to save themselves from financial disaster.

Truth to tell, seats to view the procession, like hotel accommodations, are a bit of a drug in the market just now, and it requires a good salesman to get rid of even the most favorable positions. There are many causes for this, but not least is the absence of the great body of Americans who annually come to London, but who this year, bearing in mind the stories, undoubtedly true, of the high prices which were to prevail, have left London severely alone and have either remained at home or gone elsewhere.

Scarcity of Americans Bewailed.

Everywhere one goes the scarcity of Americans is a feature of conversation, but on all sides it is admitted that the blame lies right here in London.

Nevertheless, it must not be supposed that London is empty. On the contrary, it is uncomfortably full, but, as a London tradesman pathetically remarked to me to-day, "The Americans aren't here." That tells the story eloquently from the commercial standpoint.

No fewer than forty representatives of foreign States and rulers reached London to-day, among them being John Hays Hammond, the special representative of the President of the United States, who had to leave London early this morning for Dover, in order officially to enter the country, and to return to London on a special train set apart for state visitors. This train left Dover just after 3 P. M., arriving at Victoria Station two hours later.

Place of Honor for Mr. Hammond.

Although numerous royalties arrived by the same train, Mr. Hammond had the place of honor, so that when the train drew up at Victoria his compartment was exactly opposite the position taken up by the Duke of Connaught and Prince Christian, who were waiting to receive the King's guests. Instead of this obvious compliment being taken advantage of, through some mix-up the Duke of Connaught waited in vain to be presented to Mr. Hammond, and, to relieve the situation, turned to the Siamese Prince, who was better chaperoned. However, it was but a little incident, and when the King's representatives were finally introduced to Mr. Hammond, the welcome extended was none the less hearty. Perhaps the incident was due to the fact that Ambassador Whitelaw Reid got out of a sick bed and traveled from Wrest Park especially to meet Mr. Hammond, but did not venture on to the draughty platform, wisely contenting himself with awaiting the arrival of the special representative of America in one of the station's waiting rooms.

Mr. Hammond was accompanied by his wife, William Earl Dodge, the Secretary of the Special Embassy; Major Gen. Greeley, and Admiral Vreeland, respectively his Military and Naval Attachés; Lord Sandhurst, representing King George, who went to Dover to meet Mr. Hammond; Col. James, formerly Military Attaché of the British Embassy at Washington, and Capt. Sowerby, at present Naval Attaché of the British Embassy at Washington, all of whom will be attached to Mr.

Continued on Page 2.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER.
"Its purity has made it famous."—Adv.

ROWLAND FALLS TO DEATH.

Plunges Over Bank When Showing John Burroughs Trenton Falls.

UTICA, N. Y., June 19.—With a view of showing the well-known naturalist the beauties of the Trenton Falls gorge, Eugene A. Rowland of Rome took John Burroughs there to-day and fell into the stream from a rocky path and was drowned. Mr. Burroughs and Mr. Rowland were proceeding along a narrow path, about twenty feet above the surface of the stream and not far from the Trenton Falls power house, when Mr. Rowland tripped and plunged down the embankment into the water. Mr. Burroughs ran to the power house for assistance while Mr. Rowland swam about in the turbulent water. P. S. Daly, an employe of the power plant, dived into the stream, but Mr. Rowland had already disappeared. He was quickly brought out, however, and attempts made to resuscitate him, but in vain.

With Mr. Burroughs Mr. Rowland had taken his wife, daughter, and two other friends to the gorge for a holiday. He had his camera with him, and sought some exposures of the wild scenes for his naturalist friend. It is thought that he had his mind and eyes on some vantage point for snapshotting when he stumbled over the edge.

Mr. Rowland was an active alumnus of Colgate University, a graduate of 1894, and an attorney of more than ordinary ability. He was prominent as an orator and was active in Republican politics, though he never held any office except United States Commissioner. He had traveled extensively, and Mr. Burroughs was one of his dearest friends.

$100,000 TO ART MUSEUM.

George A. Hearn Makes Gift in Memory of His Son.

It was announced last night that George A. Hearn, the Fourteenth Street dry goods merchant, has given $100,000 in cash to the Metropolitan Museum of Art in memory of his son, the late Arthur Hoppock Hearn. The income is to be used in the encouragement of the art of painting in the United States. Mr. Hearn also gives a portrait of his son and other paintings by eminent artists to the museum. Mr. Hearn named the terms of his gift in a letter written yesterday to the Trustees of the museum, who accepted it with a vote of thanks and asked that he allow the Trustees to have his portrait painted in order that it may be placed with his collection in the museum.

Mr. Hearn's letter to Robert W. de Forest, Vice President of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, read:

20 West Fourteenth Street,
Wednesday, June 14, 1911.

Dear Mr. de Forest: In memory of my son, the late Arthur Hoppock Hearn, I offer to the Metropolitan Museum of Art:

Portrait of Arthur Hoppock Hearn, by Alphonse Jongers.

Maine Coast, by Winslow Homer.

Wood's Island Light, by Winslow Homer.

The Harrower, Morning, by Horatio Walker.

Spring Blossoms, by George Inness.

In connection with the above and for the encouragement of the art of painting in this country, I will also give one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) in cash, to be invested by the authorities of the Museum in such securities as their judgment may deem advisable, the income to be expended for paintings by persons now living who are, or may be at the time of purchase, citizens of the United States of America, or by the those hereafter born, who may at the time of purchase have become citizens thereof.

And I desire to empower the authorities of the Museum, as now or hereafter constituted, to exchange or sell any painting or paintings purchased with income of this fund of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.) such paintings to be exchanged for, or proceeds of paintings sold to be expended for another painting or paintings by citizens of the United States of America, as limited in last preceding paragraph.

The fund to be known as the Arthur Hoppock Hearn Fund, and pictures purchased therewith to be inscribed "Arthur Hoppock Hearn Fund."

Above-named paintings and those purchased with proceeds of income of this fund to be kept with the other American paintings that have been or may be purchased from funds established by me.

Sincerely yours,
GEORGE A. HEARN.

Mr. Hearn is one of the trustees of the Museum, and has given it valuable gifts before.

INDIA CULT CAUSES DIVORCE.

Dr. Stone of Purdue University Deserted by Wife, a Sun Worshipper.

Special to The New York Times.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., June 19.—President Winthrop Ellsworth Stone of Purdue University has obtained a divorce from his wife, Victoria H. Stone, on the ground of abandonment. The custody of their minor child, Henry, is given to President Stone.

President Stone confirmed a report that his wife had withdrawn from the world, including separation from her husband and family, to pursue a mystic teaching of India known as the philosophy of Yoga. He and his two sons are heartbroken, and would eagerly have welcomed her back, but are unable to reach her.

The circumstances were laid before the Board of Trustees of the university recently by President Stone with his resignation, but the board voted unanimously to retain President Stone in the official position he has held with conspicuous success since 1900.

Three years ago there was organized in Lafayette a class in so-called Yoga philosophy. Many women and some men in the college town joined the class, which became the fad with certain people. It was taught that the complete power of the Yoga involved withdrawal or separation from kindred and friends. The last heard from President Stone's wife she was in Germany, but it is reported she has gone to Kabakon, a South Sea island, to join a colony of the new cult.

The Kabakon colony is said to be one of the queerest in the world. It was founded several years ago by August Englehardt, and numbers fewer than 100 persons. They live almost entirely on cocoanuts, and the clothing they wear is of the variety and quality affected by the natives in the South Sea Islands who have not come in contact with the civilizing influences of missionaries. In the South Seas the members of the colony are known as sun worshippers.

Dr. Stone was born in New Hampshire, July 12, 1862. He was graduated at the Massachusetts Agricultural College, and then finished his studies at Göttingen, where he remained until 1888. He met his wife abroad, but married her in this country while she was a chemist at the Massachusetts State Agricultural Experiment Station. He and his wife had lived in Lafayette since 1889, when he became Professor of Chemistry at Purdue.

Unquestionably the Finest Champagnes.
Moët & Chandon Imperial Crown Brut Cuvée A. A. Moët & Chandon White Seal Very Dry (Sec.)
Unsurpassed—Delicate—Delicious.
At all better Clubs, Hotels, Restaurants, Cafés and Dealers.—Adv.

STOLEN BOY APPEARS IN CROWDED STREET

Three-Year-Old Salvatore Buffa, Kidnapped on May 4, Is Strangely Returned.

HAD BEEN IN THE COUNTRY

But Knows Little of Those Who Demanded $10,000 and Threatened to Send Him Home in Pieces.

To the home of Colesero Buffa, a grocer, at the northwest corner of Broome and Elizabeth Streets, there flocked last night all of Buffa's relatives in this country and his friends from the Italian colony in Mulberry Bend. At the door the grocer met his guests and passed them in to where his wife, thin and worn by weeks of worry, sat now with smiling face.

There had been no gathering at the Buffa home, no collecting of friends for an evening's jollification since last May 4, when three-year-old Salvatore, the Buffas' youngest child, was stolen. Since then the nights had been nights of sleeplessness and the days, days of worry over the missing youngster, for the mails brought many notes from the kidnappers in which would be a curl, a bit of red gingham dress which Salvatore wore when he was taken away, or the saint's image which had been tied around the little chap's neck to protect him from evil. The boy would be returned, cut in pieces, said the letters, if Buffa did not pay $10,000 ransom and Buffa could not pay.

But last night the father smiled and the mother's face beamed as they greeted their guests, for in her arms Mrs. Buffa held Salvatore blinking at the bright lights and nodding his curly head as sleepiness almost overcame him. Finally the youngster's eyes closed and then the mother tucked him into bed and returned to the circle of friends to exclaim over and over again in corroboration of her husband that they knew not how Salvatore had been returned; that they had paid no ransom, and that his recovery must have been the will of the saints for which they were devoutly thankful. It was impossible to doubt them, though the police cannot understand why the kidnappers suddenly should have determined to return the child they had kept more than a month.

It was 9:30 o'clock on last Saturday night that Salvatore was found. Then a policeman saw the youngster, dressed in a pair of blue jumpers, sucking a thumb near the corner of Broadway and Halsey Street, Brooklyn. Crowds of persons were brushing past him, and the little chap stood still, gazing in wonder at the lights and the crowds. Obviously he was lost, and the policeman took him to the Hamburg Avenue Station. There Salvatore couldn't even tell his name. He cannot speak English, and when questioned in Italian seemed unable to give sensible answers.

So the youngster was sent to the Brooklyn Children's Society, and Lieut. Vachris, head of the Italian Bureau in Manhattan Police Headquarters, was notified that a little Italian boy had been found. Vachris visited the Children's Society immediately, and thought he recognized Salvatore. He was not sure, however, so yesterday he took Buffa to the Children's Society.

At the sight of his father the little boy ran joyfully to him, springing into his arms, hugging and kissing him, and crying that he was so glad to get back. Then the father questioned him. The youngster could tell little of what had happened to him, but what he did tell proved enough to start Lieut. Vachris and several of his aids on a hunt for the youngster's kidnappers. They hope to make an arrest shortly.

The boy said he had been playing in front of his home on last May 4 when an older boy showed him a nickel and promised it to him if he would go with him. Salvatore grasped the nickel and followed the elder boy unsuspectingly and gladly. Then some men came and took him into the country, he said. They were nice to him and he had plenty to eat. Except for his homesickness for his father and mother the little chap had enjoyed himself. As to how he came to be at Halsey Street and Broadway he seemed to have no idea. He only knew that he had been wondering at the bright lights when the policeman found him.

Salvatore wore a pair of blue jumpers when he was found. They were clean and new, as was his other clothing. It was not that which he had worn when he was taken away. The youngster had received careful attention, it was evident. He had never seen before the folk with whom he was kept, however, and Buffa protested vigorously last night that he had no suspicions as to who his son's captors might have been.

That he had paid a ransom, the father denied with a shrug of the shoulders. He had not had the money, he declared. How could he have paid? The police metaphorically shrugged their shoulders also. Since Salvatore disappeared they have been able to make nothing of the case.

At first the parents denied that the child was gone. Then Buffa admitted that as long ago as last Christmas he had received letters, threatening the death of Fred, his eldest son, unless he paid tribute of $5,000. Burra paid no attention to the threats, nor did he tell his family of them, but he kept a close watch on the children, even accompanying them to and from school. The weeks slipped by and nothing happened. Still Buffa did not relinquish his vigilance. On the day that Salvatore was stolen Mrs. Buffa had been watching him from the doorway up to a moment of his disappearance.

And then came the letters with the lock of hair, the bit of gingham, and the saint's image, letters which threatened to return the boy "pickled in vinegar" unless $10,000 were paid. There came telephone messages, too, and a clue on which Vachris has worked hardest is the fact that the man who telephoned to Buffa used the Calabrian dialect, the dialect of Southern Italy, whence Buffa comes.

Meantime, however, little Salvatore is back, and only Lieut. Vachris and his men care what may happen to the kidnappers. For the Buffas, Salvatore's return is enough.

Silence at Jerome's.

Silence deep and reams of awe in the offices of law kept by William T. Jerome now abound. Let your tones be soft and still, or there's not a clerk who will be at all content to let you stay around. Yesterday a TIMES reporter thought that really he had oughter, on a case of some importance, see Jerome. But the office boy was there and with proud and scornful air said with some degree of hauteur, "Not at home." Not a thunderbolt descending sooner could have brought an ending than what followed, to amazement, based on days of yore. For that boy continued freely, "We shun interviewers, really; no one here will see reporters any more."

Piccadilly Gin—a New Rickey Wrinkle—dry, smooth, flavor all its own adds a subtle charm to the lime and carbonic. Tonic for a gay sensation. Everywhere.—Adv.

A PASSPORT IN RUSSIA.
Thomas Bailey Aldrich's interesting adventures with the police there some years ago told by George Kennan in Next Sunday's Times.

SENATOR LEA'S BLOOD GIVEN TO SAVE WIFE

More Than a Quart Transfused Into the Veins of Mrs. Lea as Death Seems Near.

HE FAINTS AFTER ORDEAL

Wife Now Is Likely to Recover, However, and He Is Gaining Strength from That Knowledge.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Luke Lea, the 30-year-old Senator from Tennessee, yesterday had to give a quart of his blood to save the life of his wife, who has been in bad health for a long time. Since an operation on Saturday she gradually declined, until on Sunday the officials of Georgetown University Hospital decided that transfusion of blood was necessary to prevent her sinking.

There was no question as to where the blood would come from. The youthful Senator is over six feet tall, a college athlete of not many years ago, and of a high color that shows his health. He insisted that his blood should be used, and it was decided that if tests showed that it would fuse with Mrs. Lea's, he would be operated on for the purpose. Before the tests could be completed, Mrs. Lea's condition was pronounced so serious that longer delay could not be risked, and it was decided to attempt transfusion, whether the two kinds of blood would mingle or not. The tube connecting the Senator's arteries with his wife's veins had just been inserted when word came from the laboratory that fusion was possible, and the operation then went on.

The transfusion continued for about an hour and a half. The patient responded to the treatment from the first. Gradually the color was restored to her lips and cheeks. But as she gained the flush faded from the cheeks of her husband. His thought was not of himself, and when the transfusion had continued for an hour and a half he importuned the surgeons not to arrest the operation while there was the possibility of a doubt as to the outcome. The surgeons, realizing the weakening effects of such a drain, stanched the flow.

After the operation Senator Lea fell to the floor in a faint. He was immediately placed in bed. He was able to-day, however, with the assistance of an attendant, to walk to his wife's bedside. Not the least favorable element in his recovery is his buoyant mental attitude in consequence of Mrs. Lea's improvement. The surgeons have assured him that without his sacrifice Mrs. Lea could have lived but a few hours.

It will be two or three days before Mrs. Lea is altogether out of danger. At present her symptoms are favorable, although she is still very weak.

RICH CONVICT AT RESORT.

Ranch Owner Richards Moved from Nebraska Jail for Operation.

Special to The New York Times.

OMAHA, Neb., June 19.—Bartlett Richards, cattle and ranch owner, who is under sentence of a year's imprisonment for western land frauds, and who is supposed to be serving time as a Federal prisoner in the Hastings, Neb. jail, is in reality spending the hot Summer days among the cool pines around Rochester, Minn., preparing for an operation.

Richards has been in Rochester for three weeks. It is understood that the operation is to be performed within a week or two. Richards' sentence expires about the last of August.

When Richards and three others were sent to the Hastings Jail, last Fall, there was much criticism because of the splendid rooms which had been fitted up in the jail for their accommodation. The department at Washington ordered a special investigation.

The order for the transfer of Richards to Rochester was given direct from Washington, and is supposed to have come from the Department of Justice. While in Rochester, Richards is in the custody of a Deputy United States Marshal. The news that Richards is in Rochester, and of the Nebraska jail, has been kept as secret as possible, and was known only to a few trusted friends and the Government officials, until the fact leaked out to-day. It is corroborated by United States Marshal Warner of this district, who turned Richards over to the deputy, who accompanied him to the Summer resort.

WHITMAN'S AUTO HELD UP.

But the District Attorney Is Sure No Constable Seized Him.

News came in from Long Island last night that District Attorney Whitman's chauffeur had been arrested on Sunday afternoon near Hempstead for reckless automobile driving. One report even said that the District Attorney himself had been seized by the Constables.

"It's all news to me that I was pinched," said Mr. Whitman in his rooms at the Iroquois Hotel last night. "Strange to relate, the telegraphed story has the name of my car all right—and, as near as I can recollect, the number of my car said to have been taken down by the policeman making the arrest is the correct number.

"But one thing is certain. I never sat in the rear seat smiling at my chauffeur while he pleaded that he didn't know the law, as the report says. No, Sir. I never did that, at least. I may be arrested, if they give absent treatment in such matters, but I haven't a chauffeur who doesn't know the law."

Mr. Whitman said he was in a procession of automobiles on an evening spin in company with Mrs. Whitman, and became aware that a policeman was ordering some cars to slow down. He said the car in front of his slowed down, and so did his, but he knew of nothing more than this.

It seems certain, however, that James Proctor, Mr. Whitman's chauffeur, will have to appear before Justice Gittens at Hempstead on June 24 to answer a charge of speeding. Bicycle Policeman Otto Payne is the complainant.

Innovation in High-Class Train Service to Baltimore and Washington.
Magnificent coaches of special design are now included in the equipment of the famous "Royal Limited" trains of the Royal Blue Line, in addition to the Pullman Parlor and Observation Club car service. Leave New York 4 P.M., arrive Washington 9 P.M. Ask ticket agents Baltimore & Ohio, New Jersey Central, and Reading Railways.—Adv.

IMPAIRED DIGESTION—and disorders arising therefrom, especially recommend the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters when you are troubled with constipation, biliousness, nervousness, rheumatism, or kidney complaint.—Adv.

TWO UPTOWN GANGS BATTLE WITH POLICE

Capt. Burns Beaten in Desperate Fight with Car Rowdies Who Had Assaulted Conductor.

OTHER THUGS USED AN AUTO

Woman, Among Crowd of 1,000, Only One to Summon Help for a Bluecoat Sorely Beset.

The police of two Harlem precincts had encounters last night with gangs of hoodlums, and additional evidence was given that certain districts of the city are practically at the mercy of organized bands of young ruffians.

The Strong Arm Squad was not at hand last night when a gang of nine rowdies beat the conductor of a trolley car at Columbus Avenue and 101st Street and afterward battled successfully with Capt. Burns of the West 100th Street Station and six policemen, though three of their number finally were arrested when reinforcements arrived.

The police met the Columbus Avenue gang after the hoodlums had dragged Dennis Newman, a conductor, from a southbound car and had beaten and kicked him. The young men, according to Newman, boarded the car at 144th Street, and terrified passengers by throwing their hats about the car and using profane language. They were reprimanded by the men passengers, but continued their boisterous conduct until the car reached the corner of 102d Street and Columbus Avenue, when they demanded nine transfers. The conductor told them it was against the rules to issue transfers, except when passengers asked for them when they paid their fares.

"Then you won't give up the transfers?" asked the young men threateningly.

"No," responded Newman, and if you don't act in a more orderly manner I will call a cop and have you arrested."

The young men laughed at this threat and one of them seized Newman by the coat and dragged him to the floor, where they leaped on him and beat him unmercifully. As he endeavored to rise, he was kicked in the mouth, several teeth being knocked down his throat.

The screams of the woman passengers attracted Policeman John Singer, who reached the car just as the young men were dragging Newman to the street. He dragged Newman to his feet and was about to summon assistance when the rowdies leaped on him, knocked him down, and kicked him. Singer reached for his police whistle, but the assailants seized his arm and twisted it until he writhed from the pain. The men passengers left the car, and some of them made an attempt to rescue the policeman while others went to telephone for help and communicated with the West 100th Station.

Before the arrival of the reserves Capt. Burns of the precinct reached the scene. He found the rowdies, the conductor, Patrolman Singer, and several men passengers struggling in the street. Two of the passengers had been thrown to the street and lay in a dazed condition. Burns drew his nightstick and charged into the crowd.

"You'll be beaten too if you interfere," the Captain was told.

"I've been on the force a good many years," replied the Captain, "and nobody ever said that to me yet and didn't have the opportunity to do it."

The Captain's nightstick was wrenched out of his grasp and he was dragged to the pavement, where he was being beaten when six reserve patrolmen appeared. The rowdies stood their ground.

"There's no bull in the city has a right to hit us with a stick," cried one.

A crashing blow in the mouth stopped him. He reeled, but recovered, as his friends came to his aid. The reserves were overpowered for a few minutes, but rallied around Capt. Burns and by their prowess gained his feet.

"Show 'em that you're made out of the right kind of stuff," shouted one who was witnessing the conflict from the sidewalk, where several hundred persons had gathered. Capt. Burns seized one of the young men and dragged him to the street. This act was loudly applauded by the spectators and the patrolmen fought as they had never fought before. The nine young men stood the assault a few minutes and then fled down Columbus Avenue with the police in hot pursuit. Three of the gang were captured.

The three prisoners, who were held on charges of assault and disorderly conduct, described themselves as John McGloin, 21 years old, a driver of 818 Columbus Avenue; Harry Boldt, 22 years old, a printer of 849 Amsterdam Avenue, and Joseph Gane, 24 years old, of 966 Columbus Avenue, a blacksmith.

In the throng of men, women, and children in Lenox Avenue near 118th Street shortly before dusk yesterday evening walked Joseph Gust of 2 Seventh Avenue Mills Hotel. On the corner Gust stopped an instant before crossing the street. As he waited two men stepped close behind him, and one of them struck Gust on the back of the head with a blackjack, and as their victim fell both men pounced on him.

In a jiffy the thieves had searched Gust's pockets, grabbed $2, all the money he had, and, leaving him on the sidewalk, had run to 116th Street, where they mingled with a crowd of youths on the corner. Gust had not been struck senseless, and, though too weak to struggle against the hold-up men, he called loudly for help.

Gust's calls presently brought Policeman Vecchis of the West 126th Street Station. When Gust pointed out a man in the crowd as one who had robbed him Vecchis pushed through and grabbed the accused. The man's companions offered no objection, and, with Gust at his heels, Vecchis started toward the station house with his prisoner.

The three walked through 116th Street to Seventh Avenue and up that thoroughfare to 118th Street. Behind trailed a small crowd, but no one offered to interfere.

Through 118th Street, however, sped an automobile, in which sat eight men besides the chauffeur. The car pulled up abruptly in front of Vecchis, his prisoner, and Gust, and the eight men tumbled out. They sprang on Vecchis, and the policeman, taken by surprise, was knocked down and trampled beneath the feet of the gang before he had an opportunity to resist them. Gust, too, was flung down, and some members of the gang devoted themselves to kicking him in the face and body.

Vecchis fought desperately, but by their numbers the gang overwhelmed him. His club was taken from him, and he was rapidly being beaten into unconsciousness when Mrs. Mabel Irving of 104 Seventh Avenue called to the crowd to rescue him. A throng of nearly 1,000 persons had gathered, but, like the witnesses of the hold-up in Lenox Avenue, they made no move to help the policeman.

"Oh, you cowards!" cried Mrs. Irving, as her appeals for help remained unheeded. "You cowards! They'll kill him."

It seemed to be what Vecchis's assailants were trying to do, but Mrs. Irving's cries had reached Vecchis's ears. The policeman reached his pocket and flung his rattling to which was attached his police whistle, across the sidewalk. Some of the gang sprang for it, but Mrs. Irving reached it first, and before a gangster could stop her she had placed it to her lips and blown several shrill blasts on it.

At the first sound the members of the gang abandoned Vecchis and Gust, both now nearly senseless, and jumped into the automobile, which had waited by the curbstone. Vecchis's prisoner and one other man were not fast enough, though, before they could reach the car a dozen

Continued on Page 2.

ARREST AT WHITE HOUSE.

Ex-Consul Schmucker During Celebration Insisted on Seeing Mr. Taft.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—During the Taft silver wedding festivities to-night George B. Schmucker, former Consul of the United States to Mexico City, was arrested at the east entrance of the White House. He insisted in having his card sent in to the President, saying that his business was urgent. He conducted himself in such a manner as to attract the attention of the detectives scattered throughout the grounds and was taken into custody. He was later sent to the Washington Asylum Hospital, where he is held for observation.

Schmucker was recently relieved from his post at Mexico City owing to a nervous breakdown. He returned to this country recently and had been stopping at Staunton, Va., but came to Washington to-night. Theodore F. Shuey, an uncle of Schmucker, and an official stenographer of the Senate, called at detective headquarters to-night and asked that Schmucker be held for observation. No weapons were found on him.

RESTRICTS BANKING LOANS.

Bill Forbidding Lending to Allied Corporations Now Goes to Governor.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 19.—The Assembly to-night passed the Cronin bill prohibiting a banking corporation from making loans to any other corporation, a majority of whose stock is owned or controlled by an officer, agent, or employe of the bank.

There was no objection to the passage of the bill, which now goes to the Governor. It was one of the measures suggested by the Carnegie Trust disclosures.

EIGHT REPORTED DROWNED.

Family and Guests of Former Judge May Have Perished.

NATCHEZ, Miss., June 19.—Several members of the family and guests of ex-Justice Truly of the Mississippi Supreme Court, are reported to have been drowned in Holmes Lake, near Fayette, Miss., to-night.

Judge Truly is said to have been the only member of the party to escape. Mrs. Truly, the five children of Judge Truly, Miss Hailey Burr of St. Louis, and C. D. Culley of Fayette, are those reported to have drowned.

TO THE PACIFIC FOR A SWIM.

Miss Willard of New York Makes Trip to Los Angeles on Wager.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 19.—Having crossed the continent for the express purpose of swimming in the Pacific Ocean, Miss Annabelle Frances Willard enjoyed a short dip this afternoon and then returned to take the train back to her home in New York.

About a week ago Miss Willard made a wager with her brother, T. A. Willard, when they were bathing at Atlantic City, that she would swim in the Pacific Ocean within ten days. The wager was her expenses on the trip. She lives at 505 West 150th Street, New York.

BIRD CAUSES AUTO CRASH.

Flies in Face of Driver, Machine Swerves, and Hits a Runabout.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, June 19.—When a sparrow flew into the face of William Winans of this city this morning he lost control of his automobile and it struck Dr. S. A. Disbrow's runabout. The doctor and his driver, Romeo Shibla, were thrown out. Dr. Disbrow was caught between the body of his wagon and one of the front wheels and his chest was badly crushed. Shibla's injuries were not serious.

Mr. Winans is a merchant. The sparrow which caused the accident struck him in the forehead with such force that it fell dead in the automobile.

COUNT GIZYCKI ANSWERS.

Denies That He Deserted the Former Miss Patterson and Other Charges.

CHICAGO, June 19.—Count Josef Gizycki to-day made a general denial to charges of desertion made by Countess Eleanor Gizycki, formerly Miss Eleanor Patterson of Chicago, in a suit for divorce recently filed here by her. In his answer he charges desertion, and denies other charges against him.

He also sets forth that he obtained a divorce from the Countess in Vienna, Sept. 13, 1910, and asks that the bill be dismissed.

AUTO WRECKED BY TRAIN.

Mrs. Fletcher Injured Where Son Was Killed Last Year.

NORWALK, Conn., June 19.—An automobile in which were Mrs. Fletcher, wife of Dr. Thomas A. Fletcher, a dentist of New York City, and the chauffeur, George S. Schock, was struck and demolished by a train from Danbury at a grade crossing one mile below Winnipauk this morning. Both occupants were seriously hurt. They had come in from Dr. Fletcher's Summer home at Wilton and had left Dr. Fletcher at the South Norwalk station.

The accident occurred on the return trip. The grade crossing in question is between sharp curves and a full view along the tracks is impossible. As the automobile started over the tracks the chauffeur heard the train, but he could not reverse the power in time to avoid being struck.

The chauffeur was brought to Norwalk on the train and is in the hospital, while Mrs. Fletcher was taken to her home. About a year ago a son, Allan Fletcher, was killed at this same crossing in almost the same way.

LIABLE FOR FIRST AID.

Manufacturer's Employe Wrongly Treated Fellow-Workman's Wound.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, June 19.—In an opinion just filed the Supreme Court of New Jersey holds an employer liable for the negligent dressing of a wound received by a workman.

Patrick H. Crogan of Hudson County injured his finger with a pair of scissors. The Superintendent of the plant instructed another employe to care for the man's wound. Carbolic acid was put in the cut and gangrene followed, making necessary amputation of the finger.

Crogan sued for damages, and a verdict was given in his favor. His employer, Robert J. F. Schwarzenback, appealed, the legal question involved being whether the use of medicine found in an emergency chest in the factory was within the authority given by the Superintendent to the man who dressed the injury. The Supreme Court holds that it was.

LOW EXCURSION RATES TO COLORADO.
"Rocky Mountain Limited" and "Mountaineer" from Chicago every morning and evening. "Colorado Flyer" mornings from St. Louis. Perfect service. Excursion tickets, 461 B'way.—Adv.

TAFTS RECEIVE 5,000 ON LAWN

Have a Clear Night for Their Silver Wedding, Celebrated in a Brilliant Setting.

MRS. TAFT STANDS STRAIN

Remains with Her Husband Two Hours, with Occasional Rests, Then Goes to Ball.

TAFT TRUE TO CINCINNATI

Tells His Neighbors He Will Return There to Practice Law After the Presidency.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—President and Mrs. Taft, standing in the lawn of the White House grounds, to-night received representatives of the rulers of the world, official Washington, and thousands of men and women prominent in the professional, business, and the social life of the Nation, who came to their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary.

The reception was most democratic. With thousands assembled in the White House grounds, President and Mrs. Taft, escorted by the military staff, descended the south steps shortly after 9 o'clock, as the bands played the same musical strains as marked their marriage, the Mendelssohn "Wedding March." The bridal party was followed by members of the Cabinet and their wives.

The couple marched through the brilliantly lighted grounds to the canopy, placed beneath electric figures of the years of their marriage, where for two hours they shook the hands of the 5,000 to 6,000 people, who wished them much happiness. Mrs. Taft continued to receive during the two hours, occasionally resting by sitting down. She stood the strain bravely, and at 11 o'clock went with the President to the ballroom, where the dancing began. Her gown was of white satin, brocaded with silver flowers and with a court train.

Many Drop Out of the Line.

The guests entered from the east front, passed through the corridors beneath the White House and out to the lawn. Down the winding walk they passed in two lines to where the President, his face wreathed in smiles, and Mrs. Taft were. Those who could waited in line for hours to shake hands, but many slipped out of the line and sought the shaded walks, the chairs on the grass, or wandered at will through the lower floors of the mansion. The presents, that numbered in the hundreds and whose money value ran high into the thousands, attracted many, while others turned to the East Room and the dancing. It was well that the weather was fine for there would have been a great crush in the mansion otherwise.

Preparations had been made for 5,000 guests, and the refreshment tables in the State dining room came as near groaning as a table can. The President and the members of his family, with the Cabinet and the aids, were served on the East Terrace, but the guests found their refreshments in the State dining room.

While 9 o'clock had been named as the hour at which the reception began, no time was fixed for the end of the festivities, and it was after midnight when the Engineer Band struck up: "Home, Sweet Home," and the last dancers left the East Room.

The grounds and the White House were most beautiful in decorations of electric lights and Japanese lanterns. Men and women wandered through the maze of beauty, while the bands played, and after 11 o'clock went to the ball in the White House.

In the point of beauty and those in attendance, representing not only the usual attendants upon such functions but social leaders throughout the country, the occasion was the most notable that has been held at the White House in recent times.

The outdoor decorations surpassed anything of the kind ever seen in Washington. The White House, outlined with myriad electric lights, standing in relief against the darkness, was a wonderful sight. The grounds surrounding it were illuminated with hundreds of thousands of tiny bulbs, and the lights sparkled from the trees, in the fountains, and among the shrubbery. The whole was like a fairy palace. The most striking feature was the huge American flag of red, white, and blue electric lights which flashed into brilliancy every few seconds on the south lawn.

From the top of the Treasury a monster searchlight played upon a new American flag upon the summit of the mansion. The fountain in the centre of the grounds, played upon by another searchlight, sprinkled forth all hues of the rainbow. The Washington Monument, a thousand feet to the south, brought into relief by the thousands of lights, stood out sharply against the sky's dark blue. Every corner of the mansion had its own particular light. On the terraces that extend from the old mansion eastward and westward the beauty of the White House conservatories had been poured. The tall lamps that stand along the borders had been shaded by deep red paper, resembling monster poppies.

The Engineer Corps Band was placed at the foot of the south lawn for the benefit of those who remained out of doors, while the Marine Band played in the hall of the White House for the dancers. Thousands of persons, young and old, crowded around the fence which separates the White House garden from the street, eager for the sound of the music and a glimpse of the gay gathering within.

In spite of the unusual crowd, everything worked smoothly. More than 100 policemen in uniform were on guard around the fence, and the usual plain-clothes men and Secret Service guards were within the grounds. The automobiles, under directions of the police, ran up the east entrance, deposited their occupants, and streamed away, a half-dozen to the minute. The foot passengers found access more difficult, but, with a little rushing now and then and a little diplomacy here and there, they got through the crowds of the curious.

Brilliant Array of Diplomats.

Representatives of foreign countries at the reception were the Italian Ambassador, the British Ambassador, the French Ambassador and Mme. Jusserand, the Japanese Ambassador and Baroness Uchida, the German Ambassador, the Turkish Ambassador, the Mexican Ambassador, the Brazilian Ambassador, the Minister of Portugal, the Chargé d'Affaires of Russia, the Minister of Bolivia, the Chargé d'Affaires of Persia, the Chargé d'Affaires of Peru, the Minister of Salvador, the Minister of The Netherlands and Mme. Loudon, the Minister of Denmark, the Minister of Haiti and Mme. Bannon, the Minister of Venezuela, the Minister of Switzerland, the Chinese Minister, the Spanish Minister and Mme. de Riano, the Minister of Norway and Mme. Bryn, the Minister of Panama, the Minister of Cuba and Mme. Rivero, the Minister of Colombia and Mme. Nel Ospina.

the Minister of Honduras, the Minister of Uruguay, and the Chargé d'Affaires of Chile.

There were also the Secretaries and attaches of the various embassies and legations. All the members of the Diplomatic Corps, as well as all army and naval officers, wore their full dress uniforms, making the scene one of great brilliancy.

For the first time in the Taft Administration Miss Mabel Boardman was absent from a large function given by President and Mrs. Taft. She is in mourning for her brother-in-law, Frederick A. Keep.

It was the first time that the Speaker of the House and Mrs. Champ Clark had attended a formal function at the White House since the Speaker's election.

The Attorney General was not able to be present.

Mayor and Mrs. Gaynor, Controller and Mrs. Prendergast, Gen. and Mrs. Nelson Henry, and Mrs. J. Van Vechten Olcott arrived from New York on purpose to-day. Gen. and Mrs. W. W. Gordon of Georgia also came for the occasion.

Some of the Notable Gowns.

Miss Helen Taft wore a gown of white satin with touches of blue. Mrs. Charles Anderson, sister of Mrs. Taft, was in white satin, veiled in black chiffon, and Miss Herron in white satin with white tulle and lace. "Aunt" Delia Torrey's gown was a quaint one of black satin with old lace ruchs and cuffs. Other notable gowns were:

Mrs. Knox, wife of the Secretary of State.—Handsome dull black satin, veiled in black chiffon. The bodice was embroidered in opaque white beads, with a border of beads at the bottom. She wore diamonds and pearls.

Mrs. Stimson, wife of the Secretary of War.—A very handsome gown of black satin, with an overdress of black net embroidered in silver and trimmed with silver beads.

Mrs. MacVeagh, wife of the Secretary of the Treasury.—A superb costume of ivory satin, trimmed with old Italian lace and her pearls.

Mrs. Nagel, wife of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor.—White embroidered chiffon over satin.

Mrs. Wickersham, wife of the Attorney General.—Old French pompadour brocade veiled in cerise chiffon, and a necklace of diamonds and pearls.

Mrs. James S. Sherman—Rose satin veiled in gray chiffon and pearl and diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Champ Clark—White embroidered marquisette made over satin. Down the front was a panel of ivory lace, and there were touches of pink satin.

Mme. Jusserand, wife of the French Ambassador—Green satin embroidered in silver.

Baroness Uchida, wife of the Japanese Ambassador—Orange satin with an overdress of lace and a diamond tiara and necklace.

Mme. Bryn, wife of the minister of Norway—Handsome white satin.

Mme. De Riano, wife of the Spanish Minister—A charming pale mauve chiffon trimmed with brilliants and touches of white lace.

Countess De Buisseret, wife of the Belgian Minister—White satin trimmed with black tulle and white lace and pearls and diamonds.

There was much laughter to-night at the expense of Prof. Willis L. Moore, Chief of the Weather Bureau. Despite the clear skies and bright sun of the foorenoon, he took a decidedly gloomy view of the outlook for the evening.

"The President has only one chance in a hundred of having a garden party to-night," he declared at the White House late in the morning. He did not trust his prediction to the ordinary messenger, but took it over to the President himself. "Conditions are most unfavorable," said he. "There will probably be showers this afternoon and to-night. It is raining almost everywhere, even in the British Isles and in Scandinavia."

One event of the day which the President appreciated greatly was the luncheon given to him by the Cincinnati Commercial Club at the Chevy Chase Club. A large delegation of Cincinnati business men came here for the occasion. Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh and Secretary Hitles were the only guests with the exception of the President at the luncheon.

President James Albert Green on behalf of the club presented to Mr. Taft a large silver rose bowl filled with roses.

"We have no axes to grind and no petitions to present," he said. "We come simply as friends from home to assure you of our affection and our loyalty. In doing this we believe we express the sentiment of the whole country when we say that the esteem in which we have always held you mounts higher day by day. We shine in your reflected glory, and no matter how much the Nation may claim it, yet always, in the last analysis, you are William Howard Taft of Cincinnati, Ohio."

The President accepted the present in a short speech in which he said:

"As I look about this table, and exercise such memory as has been left to me after my experience in Washington, almost every face brings up some incident in my life at Cincinnati that I like to cherish; and as the time grows nearer when I shall go back to Cincinnati to make it my permanent home, as a retiring place for one ex-President, the pleasure of retrospection as to Cincinnati friendships grows greater and greater.

"Mrs. Taft and I esteem the coming of the Commercial Club here to attend our silver wedding as the chief pleasure of the occasion. It is an indication that you men of affairs have been willing to take the time to come here, to give an expression of good will and of fellowship, which the objects of it ought to value and do value most highly.

"It is not so long since we left Cincinnati. It is only twelve years, and twelve years in the life of a man, or the life of a nation, or the life of an association, as we grow older and look back, is not a period of very long duration. But we have to measure time rather by events than by the tick of the watch; and certainly in twelve years it has fallen to my lot to have a great many unusual things happen to me. To be transplanted from one civilization to another, from contact as a civilian, or as the arm of the administration of justice, to the Chief Executive, for the time being, of ninety millions of people, is a tremendous change; and to have the last four years made a period such as I have experienced is to prolong the period until it seems almost a life time. And then to come to Washington and to remain six or seven years, under conditions so different from those at home, created a period that has much greater distance in it, so to speak, than the mere months or years of it duration.

"The effect that it has upon one's life and character is something that one realizes fully but cannot explain. Of course there are others who have had similar experiences, but I venture to say that it is rather exceptional to include within a limit of little more than a decade that which has happened to me—to go from the somewhat humdrum but always delightful life of a Judge, who could retire from public life in any sense without being exposed to criticism, to a place where there seemed to be nothing but criticism, was a change that only a man who has been through it can fully understand.

"The prospect of going back to a less active life has in it at this time some phases that are welcome and some that are unwelcome. The necessity for labor which will follow my retirement, however, relieves me somewhat from anxiety on that score. There is as yet, so far as I have been informed, no provision for an ex-President; and while I do not wish to hold out any competition to the two lawyers who honor this club, I wish to say to the rest of the members of the club that I shall open an office and be ready for business, not at an old but at a very new stand.

"And now, my friends, there is nothing in life, aside from the domestic affections and the family interest, that compares with the friendships that one retains through life and that one earns by association, and nothing could give stronger testimony of my good fortune than the presence of this company about this board. It will be now, when my son Robert comes back to Cincinnati to practice law, four generations in Cincinnati, and while it has been pressed on him and on me to have him go to some place where possibly his emoluments would be larger, I am determined, and he sympathizes with me, that he shall go to the home that knew his great-grandfather and his grandfather and his father, and there he shall work out his life under the influences that I hope will be favorable to his success—at least in restraining him within the path and the limitations of an honorable life."

One of the early callers at the White House to-day was Mgr. Falconio, the Papal Delegate. He felicitated the President for health and also brought the congratulations of Pope Pius. Ambassador Bryce also made a call to express the congratulations of the King and Queen of England.

Congratulatory cablegrams from many of the rulers of the world came. Some of them were:

Emperor WILLIAM of Germany—I beg you to accept my sincere congratulations on the occasion of your silver wedding.

President FALLIERES of France—At the time your Excellency is celebrating his silver wedding, I beg of you to kindly present my respectful congratulations to Mrs. Taft and to accept my most cordial wishes for your happiness. I avail myself of this favorable circumstance to renew to your [illegible] the assurance of constant friendship [illegible] pleasure because [illegible] so kind as to enhance by your presence the brilliancy of several Franco-American commemorations.

Emperor MUTSUHITO of Japan—On the auspicious occasion of your Excellency's silver wedding, I beg to express my sincere congratulations as well as my best wishes for your continued good health and well being.

King VICTOR EMMANUEL of Italy—Please accept on this auspicious day my most heartfelt congratulations and best wishes for the happiness and prosperity of your family.

King ALFONSO of Spain—My heartfelt wishes to you and to Mrs. Taft on your silver wedding.

King FREDERICK of Denmark—The Queen and I beg Mrs. Taft and you to accept our sincere congratulations on the occasion of your silver wedding.

King Gustaf of Sweden—Pray accept my warmest congratulations on occasion silver wedding and my best wishes for happy future.

Emperor PU-YI of China—We beg to offer to your Excellency our congratulations on the occasion of your silver wedding, with best wishes for your personal happiness and welfare and for the prosperity of the American people.

Several more handsome presents arrived to-day. The Secretary of the Interior and Mrs. Fisher sent the President and Mrs. Taft a handsome silver compote. The gift of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor and Mrs. Nagel was a very handsome antique English cake basket. The men on duty at the Navy Department sent a handsome silver water pitcher.

A unique gift was sent by Miss Harriet Waters Forbush of Lancaster, Mass. It was the wedding shoe of Mr. Taft's great-great-grandmother.

Col. and Mrs. Roosevelt sent an antique silver bowl.

In thanking Acting Mayor O'Connor of Augusta, Ga., for the present sent by residents of that city, the President wired:

Our relations to the people of Augusta within the last three years have been so close and so full of pleasure that we are greatly touched by their kindly feelings.

The President's mail to-day was filled with many interesting and touching letters, some in verse, from friends, acquaintance, or total strangers from all over the country. An incident which attracted the President's attention to-day was a manuscript of "The Silver Wedding March" composed in his honor and transmitted by J. Machowotsky of New York City.

SAYS MAC VEAGH SENT SPIES.

Ex-Collector Leach Testifies in Suit Against Secretary of the Treasury.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 19.—Leaks from telephone wires, shadowing and tiptoe sleuthing, entered into the testimony of former Customs Collector Charles F. Leach, at the taking of depositions before Notary Newkirk to-day, in the deposed Collector's suit against Franklin MacVeagh, Secretary of the Treasury.

"Shortly after the committee came to Cleveland to investigate conditions in my office," said Mr. Leach on the stand, "I discovered that they were looking for something I had done in the thirteen years of service, or for something that had happened in my office that would discredit me. I know," asserted Mr. Leach, "that the special agents gave the telephone operators presents in return for services rendered. The operators listened to everything that was said over the customs office wire and reported to Secret Service Agent Dick."

Mr. Leach also stated that he knew his private office was watched day after day by men and women with field glasses in a rented room in the Cuyahoga Building opposite.

"I was followed home at night, too," he said, "and back to the office in the morning. On one occasion, when I went to Washington, I was followed to the Union Station by detectives and met in Washington by others. Special Agent Wall watched me while on the train. He boarded it at the Euclid Avenue Station."

Mr. Leach said that as he knew the office wires were tapped he had his stenographer telephone from outside to his wife for his grip, but even then the special agents found out that he was going.

TUMBLES UNDER A TRAIN.

Ticket Agent on Second Avenue Line Killed on His Way Home.

Near the close of the rush hour last night service on the Second Avenue line of the elevated was suspended for forty minutes through a fatal accident on the northbound tracks at the Eighty-sixth Street Station. Thomas J. Sheridan, a ticket agent at the Ninety-second Street station, lost his balance and fell in front of a northbound train in charge of Motorman P. S. Dugan. The body was dragged for 100 feet.

The current on the line was turned off and the train crew worked from 7:45 until 8:20 before the body was taken out. A huge crowd gathered on the street below and the reserves from the Eighty-sixth Street Police Station were called out to preserve order.

Sheridan lived at 1,894 Boston Road. It was the opinion of the agent at Eighty-sixth Street that after finishing his work at Ninety-second Street, Sheridan had come to the next station south on an errand and there intended to board the train for the Bronx.

Sheridan was married.

OLD MAN'S ROMANCE ENDS WITH SHOOTING

Septuagenarian a Suicide After Shooting Woman Twenty Years His Junior.

SHE HAD REFUSED TO MARRY

Emil Berger Leaves Letter of Explanation to the Coroner—Had Lost Money in the Carnegie Trust.

A strange story of attempted murder and successful suicide went down in police annals yesterday when Emil Berger, a German, about 70 years old, shot Mrs. Hattie Haindl, 50 years old, of 245 East Ninety-fourth Street, in the kitchen of her apartment and then put a bullet into his own brain. Mrs. Haindl was taken to the Reception Hospital in a serious condition and Berger died within an hour.

With blood streaming down her cheek from a wound near her right ear, Mrs. Haindl told Policeman John Larkin what had led to the tragedy. For some time she had been accepting attention from Berger, and he had been a frequent visitor at her apartment. He had asked her to marry him, and when she refused about three weeks ago to have anything more to do with him he threatened her, and began drinking heavily, Mrs. Haindl said.

After a few words yesterday afternoon he drew a revolver and shot her.

An ambulance hurried the woman to Reception Hospital at the foot of East Seventieth Street, and later she was taken to the City Hospital, in Blackwell's Island, where late last night she was said to be in a fair condition.

Berger has been living for the last two years at 222 East Ninety-fifth Street. Persons living in the same house, it was said last night, said he had not been in his room much of late. For the last two weeks the neighbors had scarcely seen him. It was said there that he had lost money by the failure of the Carnegie Trust Company, and had talked much of his loss and acted queerly.

He had planned the crime of yesterday and turned it over in his mind many times, as was shown by letters he had written and placed in the pocket of his coat. In one addressed to the Coroner he said he had thought it all out and had resolved to take his life.

Coroner's Physician Lehane found another letter, sealed and stamped for mailing. At the top was written, "For My Sister," and below it the name, "Mrs. Pauline Ney, 444 East Eighty-eighth Street." This letter Dr. Lehane gave to a postman to be sent through the regular channels. It was delivered to Mrs. Ney at the Eighty-eighth Street address last night at 8 o'clock, but she refused to make any statement and would not even open it at that time. She said that she knew no reason for Berger's deed.

Policeman John Larkin, who was standing at Ninety-fourth Street and Second Avenue, had his attention attracted by a small boy who ran up and said a woman was suffering from a hemorrhage. Larkin summoned an ambulance as soon as he saw Mrs. Haindl's condition and went to the top floor. The apartment across the hall, occupied by a family named Sullivan, he mistook for the Haindl apartment.

Getting no response to his pounding on the door he returned to the ground floor, procured an axe, and broke in the door. Finding no trace of a crime, he went across the hall and was obliged to use his axe again. Inside he found the body of Berger, which was removed to the Eighty-eighth Street Police Station.

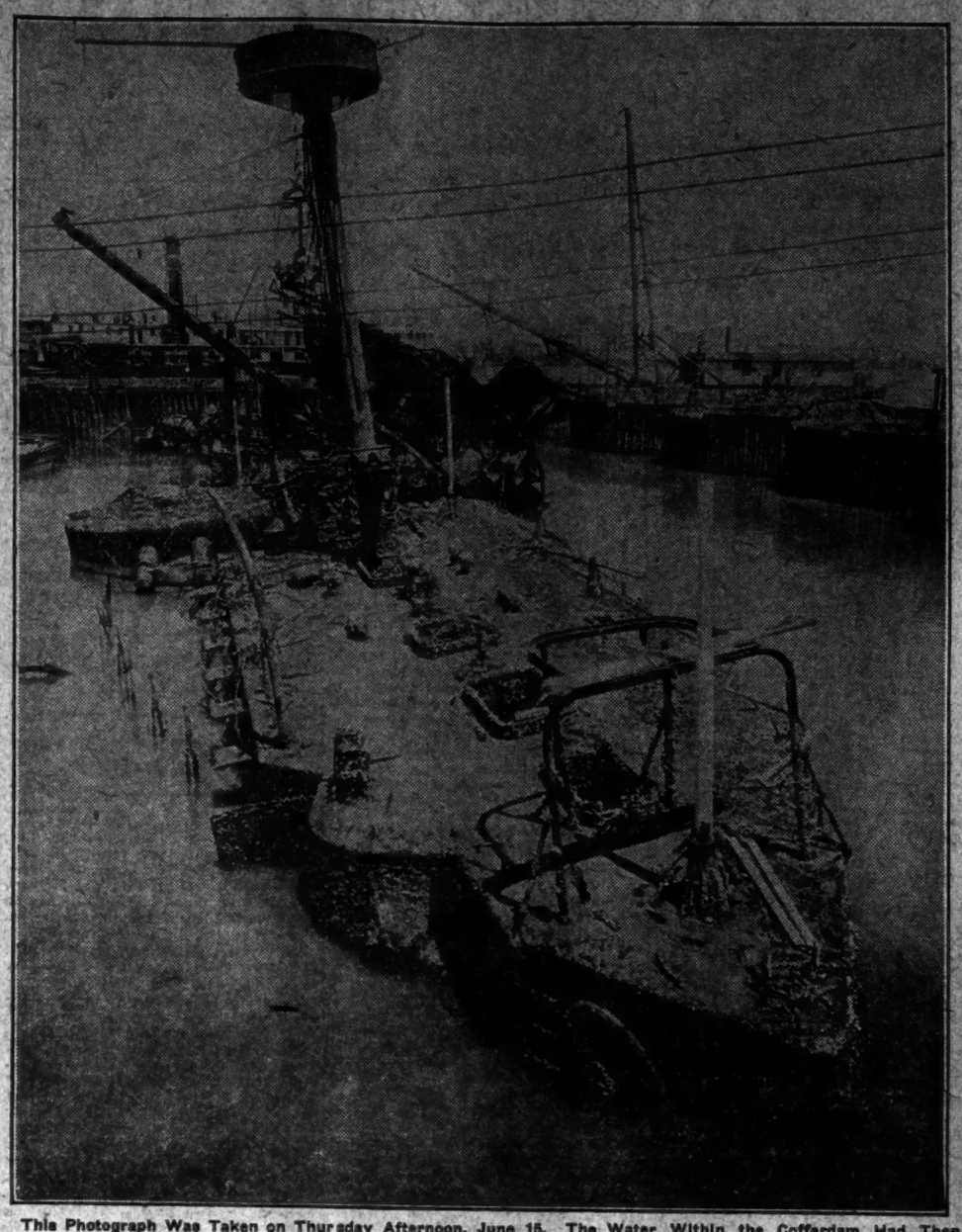
MUSTANG FIGHTS POLICEMEN.

Bites One and Tires Others Before It is Subdued.

Amustang, small in stature but full of fight, ran away in Broadway near Twenty-eighth Street at noon yesterday, and for fully an hour battled with Policemen Daly and Bowes of Traffic Squad C and three other mounted policemen. By the time they had the horse hobbled and tied to a board, ready for the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals ambulance, they were exhausted, and a great crowd had collected, packing the street from curb to curb. Policeman Daly was bitten severely on the right hand.

The mustang, which is owned by a transfer company, broke loose from a light delivery wagon and was about to dash into Hicks's fruit store at 1,179 Broadway, when Daly grabbed it. The horse began to buck and tear at him with its teeth, but he managed to cling on until Bowes got a rope and lassoed the mustang's hind legs, throwing it to the sidewalk. It was not until the animal's forelegs had been secured, however, that it gave up the fight.

The Wreck of the Maine



This Photograph Was Taken on Thursday Afternoon, June 15. The Water Within the Cofferdam Had Then Been Lowered 10½ Feet.

HUMAN BONES FOUND IN WRECK OF MAINE

Right Foot in Ragged Shoe and Forearm Disclosed on Spar Deck as Water Recedes.

HULL IS TO BE SEARCHED

Water in Cofferdam Now 14 Feet Below Normal—Sixty-eight Bodies of the Crew Were Never Found.

HAVANA, June 19.—With the first discovery this morning of some poor human fragments, the work of exploring the hull of the Maine for the primary purpose of recovering and giving honorable sepulture to the remains of her gallant crew was at last begun, after many months of preliminary work.

While workmen were clearing the spar deck between the after and engine room superstructure in the immediate vicinity of the after portside turret, they found bones of a right foot inclosed in the ragged remnant of a shoe, and nearby the bones of a forearm, the hand being missing. Soon after this they came upon the bones of another forearm. All were blackened, possibly from the action of fire and deeply incrusted with a coral growth.

None of the remains offered hope of identification, except that the shoe suggested that the wearer probably was either an officer, a mess attendant, or a member of the marine guard, the bluejackets in tropical service habitually going barefoot.

Further exploration in that portion of the ship where the relics were found did not reveal anything which might assist in the identification.

Beneath the spardeck and the officers' quarters superstructure resulted in the discovery of a paper-covered novel, "Wormwood," by Marie Corelli, in which the owner's name on the title-page was illegible; a pair of binoculars, much corroded; two raincoats, two rubber doormats, a barrel of bottled mineral water, a quantity of porcelain belonging to the Captain's and the wardroom messes, and a number of rubber and rubber bands. It was noticeable that the rubber articles withstood well the action of the water. All metallic objects were reduced to unidentifiable masses of black oxide.

During the morning a leak developed in the south side of the cofferdam between two caissons, but it was stopped after exploration by divers and the dumping of additional material within the caissons adjacent to the leak.

The water level had been lowered at nightfall to fourteen feet, leaving visible all the spar deck from the stern to the fore part of the engine room superstructure on the port side. The latter deck is badly bulged, and apparently the side of the ship under this, including the armor belt, was blown outward, which probably resulted in the explosion of the Maine's after-magazine.

Up to the present it has been impossible to identify that portion of the keel which, according to the report of the original Board of Survey, was raised many feet above its original position and was strongly indicative of an exterior explosion. But so great is the confusion of the masses of material heaved up that identification of any portion of the structural material is exceedingly difficult, and can probably only be completely determined when the wreck is entirely clear of the water.

This evening the after part of the vessel, including the officers' quarters, had been for the most part cleared of mud and débris. The deadlights of the main deck on the after port side are visible above the water, but a view of the interior is obscured by masses of mud. By morning the water level will be reduced to fifteen feet, when the pumping will be suspended. The exposed portions will then be freed from silt and marine growths and further exploration of the interior will be made possible.

Brig. Gen. Bixbee, Chief of the Engineers Corps, U. S. A., said to-night:

"There is no reason for haste. The best policy is to clear up the exposed portions before further lowering the water level. When the water is all out, a great part of the hull will remain imbedded many feet in the mud. Then it is probable that the explorations will continue in the interior of the hull below the mud level before we undertake the difficult and tedious task of removing the mud and revealing the exterior of the hull.

"The greatest difficulty will be experienced in exploring the bow section, which appears to be a mere confused mass of torn and twisted decks, ribs, and side plating, apparently almost entirely separated from the rest of the ship. In this section it is believed the greatest loss of life occurred, and in all probability many weeks will elapse before a full exploration is possible."

The total number killed in the explosion of the Maine was two officers and 250 men. Eight of the crew later died of their injuries. The body of one officer and the bodies of 191 men were recovered. Sixty-eight bodies were not found. The bones of many of these are supposed to be still in the wreck.

A firm but gentle pressure—is *irresistible*—neither wind, rain, shocks nor jars can *budge* your glasses if fitted with the

Harris Suction Clip

The scientific construction of *five contact points* gives a steady and rigid hold that enables you to wear rigid nose glasses in *comfort* and *security*.

Fitted to any eyeglass, 35 cents.

Sold only at the Harris stores

54 East 23rd Street, near Fourth Avenue
27 West 34th Street, bet. 5th and 6th Avenues
54 West 125th Street, near Lenox Avenue
442 Columbus Avenue, 81st and 82nd Streets
56 Nassau Street, near John Street
1009 Broadway, near Willoughby, Brooklyn
489 Fulton Street, opposite A. & S., Brooklyn
897 Broad Street, near Halsey & Co., Newark

M. H. Harris
Oculists and Opticians

CARPET CLEANING J. & J. W. WILLIAMS Tel. 344 Columbus. Est. 1875. 353 West 54th St.

TWO UPTOWN GANGS BATTLE WITH POLICE

Continued from Page 1.

policeman came running from as many different directions. More followed close behind them, and a score of men were encircled by the reinforcements and shoved into a tailor's shop at 118th Street and Seventh Avenue.

Vecchis, still conscious though badly beaten, identified his prisoner and another man who he said had taken part in the attack on him. The others were allowed to go, but these two were taken to the West 125th Street Police Station.

There they described themselves as Frank Moran, 20 years old, of 16 East 113th Street, and Harry Marks of 1,644 Forty-fifth Street, Brooklyn. Marks said he was 26.

Gust identified Moran as one of the men who had attacked him and the man whom Vecchis had arrested. He was charged with assault and battery as well as highway robbery. Marks was charged only with assault on the policeman.

Both Gust and Vecchis were badly used up, but Gust declared that he was able to reach home and Vecchis was excused from duty and ordered to his home.

GANGS TO BE RAIDED.

The heavy sentences imposed yesterday by Magistrates in Manhattan, Brooklyn, and Queens Boroughs in the cases of young men arrested on Sunday for rowdyism in street cars and elevated trains served as testimony to friends of the rowdies of the earnestness with which the crusade against this form of disorder is being carried on.

The squad consists of 100 men, and it is the intention of Commissioner Waldo to keep the men engaged against street gangs, except on Saturdays and Sundays, when they will devote their attention to the can rowdies.

The squad began its new work yesterday, with the result that George Kelly of 233 East Ninety-sixth Street was held in $1,500 bail for the Grand Jury on a charge of carrying concealed weapons. Kelly, who the police say is a member of the Car Barn gang, was arrested by Detectives Triebee and Howard. Kelly tried to escape from the detectives, but was beaten into submission. A fine, pair of brass knuckles was found on him.

The Strong Arm Squad made forty-five arrests between 9 o'clock Saturday night and 6 o'clock yesterday morning. Most of those arrested were held for creating disturbances on cars, and a large proportion received prison sentences from the Magistrates.

In Brooklyn Magistrate Dodd sent Henry Heintze, 205 Bushwick Avenue; Otto Schumm, 174 Montrose Street, and Frank Seger, 250 Maujer Street, to the Workhouse for thirty days each. They had created trouble on a Metropolitan Avenue car.

Mamie Ryan of 832 East Seventy-fourth Street, Manhattan, was arraigned before Magistrate Smith in Long Island City. She was arrested Sunday night in a small riot at the Astoria ferry, and was charged with trying to resist a policeman. The girl pleaded with the Magistrate that she was the only support of a widowed mother and that she had not taken part in the riot. Magistrate Smith gave her a warning and let her go home.

HONOR LIST OUT FOR CORONATION

Continued from Page 1.

Hammond during his official stay in London.

Mr. Hammond told THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent he was conscious of the great honor conferred on him and welcomed the unsought opportunity to represent the United States on so great an occasion.

Coincident with Mr. Hammond's arrival at 1 Stratton Street, Piccadilly, the big house he has rented, a sentry in the shape of a Life Guardsman began to guard the entrance of the mansion.

London in Festive Array.

LONDON, June 19.—Rain has been falling steadily since early in the afternoon, and the flags along the streets are hanging limp, gaudy colors are blurred, and paint is running down the columns of the triumphal arches. Some of the finest decorative effects arranged for the coronation stand a fair chance of being ruined. The spectacular aspect of London is considerably damaged, but the town has a festive appearance to-night, in spite of the unkindness of the weather.

Many illuminations are blazing all the way from the West End clubs to the heart of the financial district, where the Stock Exchange and the Bank of England are bright with electric lights. Throngs of people splash cheerfully through the muddy streets enjoying the show.

Buckingham Palace again to-day has been the centre of popular interest, and to-night, as last night, traffic is congested throughout a wide area. Central London will see little rest day or night until the crowning is over. Well into the small hours of the morning there is a constant parade of belated sightseers watching the thousands of workmen engaged in completing the decorations, of which much still remains to be done and must be done at night owing to the difficulty in obtaining sufficient men. The stands are being hurriedly painted and hung with red cloth, and garlands are being strung across the streets, while finishing touches are being put on other decorations.

The decorations and illuminations are on a scale never before attempted in England, and the demand for electric lighting is so great that the electrical companies have served public notice that their capacity to supply the current has been exhausted, and that they cannot undertake further contracts.

The coronation has been signalized by a free-handed distribution of honors. In the list announced to-night the Colonial Premiers figure prominently. Sir Joseph Ward, Prime Minister of New Zealand, is promoted to a Baronetcy. Andrew Fisher, Premier of Australia, and Sir Edward Morris, Premier of Newfoundland, are made Privy Councillors.

The bestowal of a Baronetcy upon Dr. William Osler, Regius Professor of Medicine at Oxford and formerly Professor of Medicine at Johns Hopkins University at Baltimore, and McGill University at Montreal, is the most interesting item in the honor list to Americans and Canadians.

The Earl of Crewe, who was the Liberal leader in the House of Lords until his withdrawal recently on account of illness, is made a Marquis.

Lord Curzon of Kedleston and Lord Brassey are made Earls, and Lord Rosebery is made an Earl of the United Kingdom. He will hereafter be known as the Earl of Midlothian.

The Master of Elibank, (the Chief Liberal Whip in the House of Commons); Lord Knollys, the King's Secretary; Lord Allendale, and the Right Hon. A. Akers-Douglas, M. P., (Unionist,) are made Viscounts.

Besides Lord Knollys the other secretary of the King is recognized. Lieut. Col. Sir Arthur Bigge being one of nine new Baronets created. The others are Sir Montegraret, Sir Charles B. McLaren, Sir Alexander Acland-Hood, (the chief Unionist Whip,) Sir William T. Lewis, the noted mining expert; Sir James L. MacKay, who has given much time to Indian affairs; Archibald C. Corbett, member of Parliament (Liberal) for Glasgow; Thomas Gair Ashton, M. P. (Liberal) for the Luton division of Bedfordshire, and Godfrey R. Benson.

Altogether twenty new Baronets and forty Knights are created. The stage has been recognized by the knighting of George Alexander, the actor-manager.

Sir Rufus Isaacs, the Attorney General; T. McKinnon Wood, Parliamentary Secretary of the Foreign Office; Dr. J. T. Macnamara, Secretary to the Admiralty; Sir Vezey Strong, the Lord Mayor of London, and Frederick Huth Jackson, a prominent banker, are among the new Privy Councillors. The Baronets and Knights include men conspicuous in commerce and science.

Several hundred decorations have been bestowed. The Grand Duke Adolph Frederick of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, the Duke of Argyll, and the Duke of Fife receive the Order of the Garter. Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Chief Justice of Canada, has been made a Knight Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George, while Robert Alexander Falconer, President of Toronto University, is made a Companion of St. Michael and St. George.

Gen. Sir William Nicholson, Chief of the General Staff, and Gen. Lord Methuen, who commanded the First Division of the First Army Corps in the South African war, were to-night gazetted as Field Marshals.

The King and Queen had a busy day. In addition to receiving a large number of visiting royalties at the palace, they watched a rehearsal of the ceremony in the Abbey, and this evening gave a dinner to the foreign representatives at Buckingham Palace. The Queen received deputations from various parts of the empire, who presented gifts and addresses.

While the dinner was a quiet affair compared with the grand dinner to-morrow, which will be the largest and most pretentious function of the sort ever held in England, it would ordinarily be regarded as a great event. All the visiting Princes and Princesses and lesser members of royal families, with the Duke and Duchess of Connaught and John Hays Hammond, the personal representative of the President of the United States, were present.

The dinner was served at eight large tables, beautifully arranged and decorated with choice flowers, in the state dining room. Covers were laid for eighty-seven guests. Later a reception was held in the picture gallery, which was attended by nearly every member of the royal family. The total attendance was nearly 1,000, and each Prince or chief of mission made his own presentations.

Afterward many of the guests drove to Stafford House, which overlooks the Mall, where the Duchess of Sutherland gave a ball. This was the magnificent private social affair London has seen in years. Stafford House is the largest residence in London, and is famous because of Queen Victoria's remark once when visiting there, "I have come from my house to your palace." Its ballroom is one of the most palatial halls in England.

Besides the members of the British royal family, with the exception of the King and Queen, most of the royal visitors from abroad, with their suites; the Diplomatic Corps, including the members of the regular and special American embassies; the Colonial representatives, many of the leading statesmen, and nearly every one prominent in society were seen there. The display of uniforms and costly dresses and jewels was regal. The carriages and state coaches of the guests filled the Mall. A crowd of thousands of persons, notwithstanding the rain, gathered to witness their arrival.

The British Empire League gave a large ball to-night at the Hotel Cecil in honor of the officers of the overseas forces. Several hundred Colonial and English officers were present. Earlier in the day the members of the Colonial Parliaments in London were guests at a luncheon in Westminster Hall given by the members of the House of Commons. Lord Rosebery was the principal speaker.

Thousands of Londoners are fleeing the city to escape the hordes from the provinces and abroad. Fears of panic following some accident within the barriers have also influenced many of the more nervous to get away from the crush. The railroads have been quick to take advantage of the situation, and are widely advertising excursions at attractive rates to seaside and country resorts on the days of the big events.

The barricades across the side streets along the coronation route have excited some criticism. Douglas Sherman Hall attacked them in the House of Commons to-day, asserting that the danger of persons being crushed against them would keep loyal subjects away.

No less than $75,000 has been expended on the construction of the gates shutting off the main approaches to the processional routes. The barriers have been built so massively that they could withstand the onslaught of a regiment when once closed, and the crowds, however savage, will be unable to make the least impression upon them.

John Hays Hammond, accompanied by Mrs. Hammond and the special American Embassy staff, made his official entry into London this afternoon. Mr. Hammond was met at the railroad station by the Duke of Connaught, Prince Christian, Prince Alexander of Teck, and other notables. The American party traveled to London in a royal saloon attached to a special train from Dover, where Lord Sandhurst welcomed them to England.

Whitelaw Reid, the American Ambassador to the Court of St. James's, and Mrs. Reid, other members of the American Embassy with their wives, John L. Griffiths, the American Consul General, and members of the British staff were at the station to meet Mr. Hammond's party after their introduction to the Duke of Connaught, who welcomed them most cordially, and in turn presented them to the Danish Crown Prince and Prince Alexander of Teck. The Hammond party then drove in a royal carriage to Stratton House.

The special train also brought to London a number of representatives of the Continental powers, and also the Papal Legate.

The American Special Ambassador's car had the place of honor in the middle of the train, so that its occupants alighted immediately opposite the royal entrance of the station, where the Duke of Connaught awaited them.

The German Crown Prince and his party, Prince Henry of Prussia, and Prince Henry of The Netherlands were among this morning's arrivals. The Duke of Connaught and other members of the royal family flitted from station to station to meet each newcomer, undeterred by the showers of mud that their swiftly moving vehicles tossed up.

The fleet at Spithead is now practically in full strength for the review. Most of the foreign vessels arrived to-day and took up their stations. Portsmouth, Southsea, Ryde, and adjacent seaside places are filled with visitors. During the day there was a constant firing of salutes. Each of the foreign vessels on entering the harbor fired a salute of twenty-one guns in honor of the nation and seventeen guns in honor of the Commander in Chief.

James Keir Hardie, M. P., the well-known Socialist, has struck the only discordant note thus far heard in the coronation season.

"The workers ought to have sufficient self-respect to spit at the coronation procession and all its hollow mockeries," he said, speaking at a miners' demonstration at Barnsley. "What will be seen in the coronation procession is not humanity, religion, or industry, but the forces that oppress the common people. The workingmen should see that Kings, Czars, Emperors, and all the unholy brood are put in their proper places."

PORTSMOUTH, June 19.—The American battleship Delaware arrived here to-day. She fired the customary salutes and passed through the lines of the British fleet, taking up her assigned position for the review. The Delaware is the largest of all the warships here.

All the visiting ships reached this port in the course of the day with the exception of the German cruiser Von der Tann, which is due to-morrow.

Official entertainments have not yet commenced, but the British sailors are doing their best to play host to the visiting bluejackets.

Sir Edward Morris, Premier of Newfoundland, who has been made a baronet, took a prominent part in the Fisheries question, which was settled between Great Britain and the United States by arbitration at The Hague last Summer. He has been Attorney General and Minister of Justice of Newfoundland since 1902 and Premier since 1909.

Lord Curzon of Kedleston created an Earl, was from 1898 to 1905 Viceroy of India, and is recognized as an authority on all Eastern questions. He married in 1895, Miss Mary Victoria Leiter, daughter of the late L. Z. Leiter of Washington, D. C. She died in 1906.

Lord Brassey, also now an Earl, is Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, and was from 1895 to 1900 Governor of Victoria. He is recognized as one of the leading authorities on naval matters in the world.

Lord Rosebery, already a Scottish Earl, is promoted from a barony to an earldom of the United Kingdom. He attained his three ambitions—to marry an heiress, to win the Derby, and to be Prime Minister. His wife, who died in 1890, was the daughter and heiress of Baron Meyer de Rothschild. He has won the Derby three times and was Prime Minister in 1894-5. Of late he has practically retired from politics, though his views have been expressed at crises with great weight. He is a well-known author.

Sir Rufus Isaacs, who is now made a member of the Privy Council, is a distinguished barrister. He was elected a bencher of the Middle Temple in 1904, and at the same time entered Parliament as a Liberal from Reading. He was appointed Solicitor General in 1910, and appeared for King George in the libel suit brought to prove the falsity of the rumors of the King's morganatic marriage. Sir Rufus was promoted to be Attorney General last year.

Two of the new Knights of the Garter are noblemen who have married into the royal family. The Duke of Argyll as Marquis of Lorne married King George's aunt, the Princess Louise. He was Governal General of Canada from 1878 to 1883. The Duke of Fife married the Princess Royal, the King's sister.

Dr. William Osler, who has been made a Baronet, though he is best known to laymen by a misquotation in which he was alleged to have said that the best thing for a man over 60 years old was euthanasia, has attained the highest medical rank in three countries and two continents. Born of a distinguished Canadian family, he was Professor of the Institutes of Medicine at McGill University, Montreal; then Professor of Clinical Medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, and Professor of Medicine at Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore. He was summoned to England in 1904 to be the Regius Professor of Medicine at Oxford. His wife is the daughter of the late John Revere of Boston.

George Alexander, one of the best-known actor-managers of London, who has been knighted, was for long with Sir Henry Irving at the Lyceum. He has been a manager since 1890, and has produced, among many other plays, "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray," "Lady Windermere's Fan," "Paolo and Francesca," "Old Heidelberg," "If I Were King," and "The Thief." He is a member of the London County Council and is prominent in theatrical charity work.

Gen. Sir William Nicholson, who becomes a Field Marshal, has had a distinguished career in India, and was on the staff in the South African war.

Gen. Lord Methuen, who also is promoted, commanded in South Africa at the battles of Modder River and Magersfontein. After the war he was General Officer Commanding in Chief in South Africa from 1907 to 1909.

CIGARS

ORLANDO CIGARS
3 for 25c

Note the long slender shape of this "Lirio" size—a *deliciously* mild smoke—just the *ideal* cigar for after-breakfast—not a heart-flutter in a box.

UNITED CIGAR STORES

AMETHYSTS

Our Amethyst jewelry is distinguished by originality and beauty

SCARF PINS
$1.00 to $30.00

Theodore A. Kohn & Son
JEWELLERS
321 Fifth Avenue

HAVEMEYER RESENTS ATTACKS ON FATHER

Will Testify in Sugar Inquiry To-day — Post, Defending Dead Man, Calls Palmer Coward.

VAGUE ON $10,000,000 GIFT

Just Handed Over National Stock to Havemeyer, Who Later Gave Him $500,000—Spitzer a Witness.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—H. O. Havemeyer, Jr., will go on the stand to-morrow in the Sugar Trust investigation and reply to the attacks of previous witnesses upon his father, the late H. O. Havemeyer, the organizer of the American Sugar Refining Company. Just what turn the examination of the witness will take will depend on the purposes of the committee in bringing him to Washington.

Mr. Havemeyer, when asked to-night what his course would be, replied: "I am simply a witness here at the pleasure of the committee, and I cannot foretell what questions they will ask me. I am ready to meet and answer all the criticisms that have been made of my father's business career and his policy in the sugar business. I shall certainly, if I have opportunity, reply to some of the statements that have been made in this investigation."

There is a good deal of feeling between the "reformed" friends of H. O. Havemeyer and those who have not experienced a change of heart. Lowell M. Palmer, who was the last of the old guard witnesses, last week angered the living Havemeyers very much by telling how the late W. B. Thomas called H. O. Havemeyer a brute and refused to go into the organization of the trust at first, and Mr. Havemeyer had to offer Mr. Palmer $100,000 to persuade Mr. Thomas to come in. Mr. Palmer also gave a version of the issue of $10,000,000 of National Sugar Company common stock to Mr. Havemeyer which he said was made out of "hot air." He said he supposed the $10,000,000 was Mr. Havemeyer's bonus for organizing the trust, and that he had not known of its existence until District Attorney Wise told of it.

The younger Havemeyer will have the widest door possible opened for him to go into all the details of this transaction. The committee has not failed to keep this matter in mind throughout the examination, and there seems to be a competitive effort among Chairman Hardwick, Judge Madison, Asher Hinds, and Judge Raker to be first to wrest the inside facts from one after another of the witnesses that come before the committee.

Vigorous Defense by Post.

While Henry H. Post of the firm of Howell, Son & Co., and President of the National Sugar Company, was before the committee to-day, Mr. Madison asked how it was that all the men who had shared in the work of H. O. Havemeyer and were his lifelong friends and intimate associates in business, were now, "as they say out West, throwing off on Havemeyer."

"That is because he is not here to answer for himself," said Mr. Post. "If he could be here these things would not be said."

Mr. Post's counsel, Adrian H. Larkin, attempted to make an objection to this line of interrogation, but the committee overruled his objection. The questions were not, however, pressed any further after a short colloquy in which Mr. Post said that "strong and able man as he is, Lowell M. Palmer was a coward to speak as he did of H. O. Havemeyer."

Mr. Post declared that Mr. Havemeyer was a man of the highest ability and honor, and he regarded it as a great privilege to say so.

"Mr. Havemeyer looked after the best interests of the stockholders of the American Sugar Refining Company," said the witness. "He has been traduced here by men who would not have dared to say what they have if he were alive."

"Did not these men share with him his great successes?" asked Judge Madison.

"They certainly did," replied Mr. Post.

"Were not these matters in which he led the way to success in forming the trust submitted to them?"

"They certainly were," answered Mr. Post, "and they approved them. He was a man of decided views and his judgment was usually right."

"Was the agreement by which the trust was formed put in writing?"

"No; it was not; it rested simply on his word, and his word was as good as his bond. These men were all parties to what he did. They were his close friends. They made no protest."

Handed Over $10,000,000 Stock.

There was much difficulty in getting any information from the witness on the issue of $10,000,000 of common National Sugar stock. Mr. Larkin objected strenuously and Mr. Fordney of the committee supported his protest. The committee held an executive session and threshed the matter out and decided that the resolution under which the investigation was being made did not forbid the committee to inquire into the operations of the American Refining Company; that all collateral transactions connected with the trust were to be gone into and that Congress expected of the committee a full report as to just such a transaction as this issue of stock.

"I had obtained as the agent of H. O. Havemeyer," said Mr. Post, under questioning, "options for the purchase of three concerns that went into the National Company. They were the National of New York, the Mollenhauer plant, and the New York Sugar Refining Company. These companies were to be bought for preferred stock pro rata in the new concern. To make this purchase, the National of New Jersey issued $10,000,000 of preferred stock. It took two years to carry on the negotiations."

"There also was an issue of $10,000,000 of common stock, was there not?" asked Mr. Hardwick.

"Yes."

"What was the consideration for the issue of that stock?"

"The combining of the three companies and the perfecting of the organization."

Mr. Post admitted that the $10,000,000 was issued without the slightest real value in physical property or business assets.

"Who got that common stock?" asked Mr. Hardwick.

"The entire issue was given to me, and I turned it all over to Henry O. Havemeyer."

"What all of it?"

"Yes; every share; it was made out in my name, but I indorsed it so that it could be transferred at any time it was presented, and sent the shares to Havemeyer. I received nothing but a verbal receipt."

"Did you not keep anything for yourself?"

"Nothing."

Mr. Post said that while the stock had been practically transferred to Mr. Havemeyer, he voted it.

"Were any dividends ever paid on this stock?"

"Yes, a dividend of 10 per cent. was declared in 1908 and of 15 per cent. in 1909."

"To whom were these paid?"

"The entire amount, $2,500,000, was paid to me, and I sent the entire amount to Havemeyer."

The witness said Mr. Havemeyer had the American Sugar Refining Company, of which he was President, buy a majority of the preferred stock of the new National Sugar Refining Company.

"As a matter of fact the American Sugar Refining Company was entitled to the common stock," suggested Chairman Hardwick, "for it was its money that was used to buy the stock on which you, as agent for Havemeyer, had taken up the options on the stock in the three companies, wasn't it?"

"The American Sugar Company did not want it," was the response.

"Where is this stock now?"

"In the hands of the Havemeyer family."

Mr. Madison subjected the witness to a rigid examination. In response to his questions, Mr. Post said:

"The issuance of common stock under such circumstances was quite common in those days."

"Didn't you really as holder of the options go to yourself as President of the new company and agree to issue yourself $10,000,000?" inquired Mr. Madison.

"No, Sir; I went to the Board of Directors."

"Well, didn't you control the Board of Directors?"

"Probably."

"And all this had been planned by Mr. Havemeyer and yourself long in advance?"

"We had talked it over."

Post Got a Present of $500,000.

About two years after Mr. Post had turned the stock over to Mr. Havemeyer, the latter gave him $500,000 worth of the stock.

"What was that for?" inquired Mr. Hardwick.

"Mr. Havemeyer gave it to me."

"Wasn't it for organizing the National?"

"All I know is what Mr. Havemeyer said. He said it was for my serving as President of the National without salary."

Mr. Post explained that he had served eleven years without pay. Representative Baker of California expressed surprise at the luck of the National Sugar Refining Company in having a President without a salary.

Mr. Post, however, said that R. H. Howell, Son & Co., got a commission of one-half of 1 per cent. for handling the business of the National. This amounted to about $220,000 a year. As one of the three partners he received $50,000 to $60,000 out of this $220,000.

Replying to a rapid fire of questions from Representative Sulzer, Mr. Post declared H. O. Havemeyer, although controlling the American Sugar Refining Company "through his brains and his ability," and although interested in the National Company, never suppressed competition between them.

"There was never any concert in the management of the two companies," he said. "Strange as it may seem, that is true."

"Why wasn't there?" asked Mr. Sulzer.

"You'll have to ask the Directors that."

Mr. Post flatly denied an allegation contained in the Government's petition in its suit to dissolve the American Sugar Refining Company that he was the agency through which in 1894 an attempt was made by two great refining companies to control the sugar market. The denial came when Mr. Hardwick questioned him as to the alleged manner in which he, as the head of the National Company, in 1894 effected a deal by which his company and the American Company agreed to limit the output of refined sugar and fix prices.

"There is no foundation for that," declared Mr. Post.

"Don't you know anything about such an agreement?" urged Chairman Hardwick.

"I read that, but I can't imagine to what they refer."

Mr. Hardwick read a contract required of jobbers not to sell to wholesalers and retailers at less than 15 cents above list price. Post said that had been used many years ago and would furnish the committee with all the facts in regard to it. The idea was a failure, he said, and only lasted two or three months. The aim was to protect the merchant against himself and stop cutting prices. He admitted that the principal object of the negotiations which he undertook to form the National Sugar Company from the combination of four refineries was to eliminate competition.

Mr. Post warmly defended Mr. Havemeyer. He said that witnesses who swore that Mr. Havemeyer knew of the customs frauds were "lying."

"He was a big man and would not stoop to such small things," declared Mr. Post.

At another point he said: "There are some things I cannot explain, but I have such confidence in Mr. Havemeyer that I know he would explain everything if he were here."

"You would have sold sugar much cheaper if you had not watered your stock?" inquired Mr. Sulzer.

Mr. Post objected to the use of the word "watered," but to the question said:

"No. Because the economies practiced by the company have more than off-set the dividends on the stock."

"Mr. Post, have you made any effort to get back these $10,000,000 of stock?" inquired Mr. Sulzer.

"There was no reason why I ought," retorted Mr. Post.

Mr. Raker asked the witness if he meant to say that such corporations were organized on behalf of the people of the country.

"I think they shared in the profits," explained Mr. Post.

Spitzer Tells of Weighing Frauds.

While the Hardwick Committee was thus getting further into the details of the great sugar merger, the House Committee on Expenditures in the Treasury Department was pushing its inquiry with a view to connecting officials "higher up" in the American Sugar Refining Company with the weighing frauds against the Government for which employes of the corporation were convicted.

Oliver Spitzer, the company's Dock Superintendent, related to the committee the whole history of the sugar-weighing frauds, describing dishonest weighing schemes employed on the sugar docks as far back as 1885. He admitted that he was cognisant of the frauds, and declared that the only officials he remembered talking to about them in late years were Superintendents and Inspectors.

Spitzer told the committee, however, that he had talked to John Thompson, one of the refining company's invoice inspectors. Asked by Chairman Cox what Thompson had said, Spitzer replied:

"Thompson told me that he had been talking to Henry O. Havemeyer, President of the company, about the weights. He said Havemeyer told him never to write any more letters when he wanted to say or inquire anything about sugar weights. Havemeyer, he said, told him he should telephone about all such matters."

"Did Thompson tell you why Havemeyer told him not to correspond about the weights?"

"No, he did not, but there must have been an understanding. The company knew what weights they were paying customs on."

Asked if he had ever remembered seeing H. O. Havemeyer at the docks, Spitzer said he noticed him on several occasions during the years prior to the exposure in 1907.

"Havemeyer never remained long at the docks," he said. "I saw him there once during a strike; on another occasion when there was some storm trouble interfering with shipping, and once when he brought his son down to teach him the business."

Harry Walker, a saloon keeper in Brooklyn, Spitzer said, was the man who invented the fraudulent weighing device last used by the refining company.

"Walker told me that he had invented the wire rod which operated on the scales to the benefit of the company," said Spitzer. "He told me he'd been promised something for his scheme."

"Did he tell who promised him anything?" asked Mr. Cox.

"No, he never did, and afterward he told me that he had been 'thrown down' and never got anything."

PENSION BILL AVOIDED.

House Democrats Adjourn Without Taking Up $45,000,000 Measure.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The Democrats of the House to-day decided to adjourn rather than take up legislation outside of that which the party had decided in caucus should be considered at this session.

An effort was made when the House met to bring up a pension bill introduced by Representative Anderson of Ohio, which would add $45,000,000 a year to the present pension roll. This bill had the right of way to-day under the discharge of committee rule. The Democrats were unwilling to consider the measure, and forced adjournment by a strictly party vote.

POKER IN CENSUS BUREAU.

Employes Are to be Reduced and Suspended for Gambling.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Confessions have been made by men employed at the Census Bureau that they had been playing poker and indulging in other gambling games at the bureau.

Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel has directed Acting Director Faulkner to dismiss the ringleader and penalize the other participants by reduction and suspension.

Non-Union Man Murderously Attacked

Herman Breese, a non-union driver employed by H. W. Bell & Co., brick manufacturers, of 2,562 Park Avenue, was driving one of their wagons along 149th Street, near Wales Avenue, the Bronx, yesterday afternoon, when he was attacked by six men, believed to be strikers, with whom the company has had trouble for the last ten days because an increase in wages was refused. They cut the horses loose, and when Breese tried to drive them away one of them inflicted a deep knife wound in his right thigh. Policeman Heidrich found Breese lying unconscious in the road and had him removed to the Lincoln Hospital, where it was said last night that he would recover. His assailants have not been caught.

TO OPEN TARIFF WAR IF RECIPROCITY WINS

Northwest Republicans Threaten to Pull Down Duties on Steel, Chemicals, and Cotton.

ROOT TO TALK WEDNESDAY

John Sharp Williams Attacks the Proposed Amendment of Senator Root —Bailey's Lonely Position.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The Root amendment to the reciprocity bill came up for consideration in the Senate to-day, and for nearly six hours was discussed by the elder statesmen without any noticeable progress being made toward a vote.

Mr. Root explained that he was perfectly willing to submit his remarks in the open Senate and was ready for the whole bill to be voted out of the committee-of-the-whole stage.

John Sharp Williams of Mississippi, who in spite of this being his first term, is rapidly assuming over the low-tariff wing of the Democrats the leadership he exercised over the party in the House, was most eager in pressing for a vote, but he finally withdrew from the discussion and allowed the vote to be postponed.

Mr. Root then announced that he would speak to his amendment on Wednesday.

In the informal discussion of reciprocity that sprang up following the colloquy Mr. Root defended his position favoring his amendment and then his announced intention of supporting reciprocity even if his amendment fails—as every one now expects it to fail.

Williams's Sharp Assault.

The sharpest assault on the Root amendment came from Mr. Williams. He did not go into the question of relation of the amendment to the agreement as entered into between the two Governments, but sharply denied that the measure as passed by the House will involve the United States in diplomatic difficulties under the most-favored nation clause. The concessions were mutual by the two countries, he contended, and it does not matter whether that reciprocal feature appears in every item or not. The agreement must be construed as a whole.

The Root amendment, he pointed out, will "indefinitely, if not perpetually," prevent the free importation into this country of Canadian wood pulp and print paper. The House bill, he said, even with Canada's retaliatory restriction, will permit of the free importation of the products from private lands, from the Federal Crown lands, and from such Crown lands under the provinces as may hereafter be released from restrictions.

"I hold no brief to defend the President of the United States," said the Mississippian. "He is a Republican President. But when he has a lucid interval we on this side of the aisle propose to support him, while you over there, when he has a lucid interval, seem inclined to hit him over the head with a club."

Bailey's Isolated Stand.

Mr. Williams's active leadership in the fight for unamended reciprocity brought out sharply the isolation in which Mr. Bailey stands on the tariff question. The Texan held the floor for hours in his assault on reciprocity and at times the debate got down simply to a running fire between the Mississippian for the bill and Mr. Bailey against it. Mr. Bailey said that it marks a departure from the principles of both parties in that this form of reciprocity neither leaves protection nor a tariff for revenue. He contended that by removing the duties on many raw materials it practically increased the protective favors granted the manufacturing interests, while it deprived the farmer of all benefits he ever got from protection by throwing his products into open competition with Canada.

President Taft's Chicago speech in support of Canadian reciprocity and against the Root amendment came in for criticism.

Senator Root, in announcing that he would speak Wednesday in support of his amendment, said he would decline to discuss the President's published objections to it. He said that in questions so vitally concerning the dignity and power of the Senate he did not believe newspaper reports of the President's remarks should be the subject of debate.

"If it is not proper for us to discuss what the President has said," returned Senator Bailey, "it is time we knew it. It will be a long time before I will admit that the President can traverse the country, discuss matters, and still be exempt from replies on the floor of the Senate."

Threaten the Whole Tariff.

"When the cornerstone is pulled out of the system of protective tariff," said Senator Dixon, "when the farmer's products are thrown into a free market while his purchases continue to be protected, there are many good protectionists in the Republican ranks here who will vote to have the duties pulled down on iron and steel, chemicals, cotton, and many other things."

Other Northwestern Republicans signified by their approval of the Montana Senator's words that the passage of the Reciprocity bill will be attended with a fight that threatens to throw open the whole tariff subject.

"We want to make one killing," declared Senator Crawford of South Dakota. "We find the Senators from Pennsylvania, New York, Connecticut, Massachusetts, and Maine, States that have always reaped the greatest harvest of protection, advocating this measure that proposes to put on the free list every single article raised in the Northwest. I want to deal with this matter in its entirety. If Pennsylvania, Mississippi, and Massachusetts have joined hands in a new political propaganda, it is time for the rest of the country to strike out on a new tack."

"If you can get enough Senators on that side with you," returned Senator Bailey of Texas, "we will take one of these bills now coming over from the House and make a whole new tariff law out of it."

Senator Bailey declared there would be no adjournment until the Senate had acted upon the Free List bill and the Woolen bill.

Indemnity on Registered Mail.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Postmaster General Hitchcock has amended the postal regulations so as to provide a maximum of $25 indemnity to owners of lost registered mail of the third and fourth classes, beginning July 1. Indemnity now is allowed only on registered first-class matter, except that on international registered mails $10 is allowed on all classes.

FRAUDS IN CUTLERY IMPORTS.

Government Said to Have Lost Millions by Changes in Valuations.

Undervaluations so trifling that on each pocket knife, razor, or table knife they amount to only one German pfennig, or less, than a cent in United States currency, are said by the customs officials to have caused the loss of millions in revenue to the Government. Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh has been making a quiet hunt for the frauds in this city and in the Sollenger district of Germany for the last three months.

Two raids by Customs Inspectors on small cutlery stores in this city are to be followed by raids which, it is thought, will cover some of the city's largest establishments. The cutlery importers have employed lawyers preparatory to a fight. It is conceded by them that it is only a question of time before the cases will reach the Grand Jury and the courts.

How small the undervaluations are was pointed out in Collector Loeb's office yesterday, where it was said that a single lot of forty-three cases of cutlery valued at $10,243, which was captured in a raid last week, there was found to be an undervaluation of only $806, while there was a loss of revenue amounting to $3,379.

News that something was radically wrong in the cutlery importing business was first carried to the Treasury Department by American manufacturers. They said that with all the tariff taxes they still found it difficult to put goods on the market to compete with goods imported from Germany.

A study of the complicated sections of the tariff dealing with cutlery was the result. Customs Service investigators found that the great bulk of imported cutlery came in at valuations shaved just barely below certain "dead lines" that would double or triple the duty if crossed.

They sent to Germany to find exactly what the goods were selling for there, and from the extensive line of samples purchased for the account of the Government certain facts were quite clearly demonstrated to Chief Wilke's men.

Their inquiries about cheap razors furnished a lesson. This line of razors cost the investigators in Germany 4 marks and 20 pfennig each. At that rate a higher tariff on all razors worth more than $1 would become effective, the increase being 200 per cent. over the rate charged for razors worth 99 cents, this coming about through the complicated Sections 152 and 154 of the tariff law, providing an addition of 6 cents per razor for all razors worth more than $1 each.

Investigators traced the razors they could buy at a cent or two above $1, and they say they found that the almost universal custom was to ship them into the country at just a cent or two below $1, the tariff in that case amounting to only 35 per cent. of the value, with the extra tax for each razor omitted.

There were complaints that German pocket knives sell here at from 15 to 50 cents that cannot be duplicated in this country for the price. Investigation showed a system of undervaluations exactly similar to that used with razors.

Customs authorities would not discuss developments yesterday from the viewpoint of the law. It is said, however, that there is a diversity of opinion as to the advisability of changing the present law in order to get better protection for the Government. In the meantime customs Inspectors have reports from Germany giving the exact value of goods there as purchased by the Government agents, and they are comparing all shipments of cutlery received with these schedules.

United States District Attorney Wise has charge of the prosecutions planned to recover revenues already alleged to have been lost.

SAVED MONEY FOR COUNTY.

Reason Given for Light Sentences of Two White Slave Defendants.

District Attorney Whitman and Assistant District Attorney Nott denied emphatically last night that they had had any conference with Justice McCall in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court in regard to objections raised by the Committee of Fourteen and members of the Rockefeller Grand Jury, which investigated the white slave traffic last year, relative to the light sentences given to "Jumbo" Louis Buechler and "Archie" Hadden, owners of disorderly resorts.

Both men pleaded guilty before Justice McCall recently, and Buechler was sentenced to thirty days in the City Prison and fined $500, while Hadden was fined $500, after he had promised to leave the city. The Committee of Fourteen called attention to the contrasted fact that six of the men employed by Buechler and Hadden were recently tried before Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions, and upon being convicted of keeping disorderly resorts were fined and sentenced to a year each in the penitentiary. The committee also wanted to know why the cases of Hadden and Buechler were transferred from General Sessions to the Supreme Court.

It is said that the reason why the six men convicted in General Sessions received such heavy penalties was that they had put the county to the expense of a trial, while both Buechler and Hadden, on the other hand, pleaded guilty. It is also said that another reason for the transfer of the cases was that they could be handled with greater dispatch in the Supreme Court.

A bill recently introduced in the Legislature by Senator Stilwell would take the power of removing a case from General Sessions to the Supreme Court out of the District Attorney's hands, requiring that each request for removal shall be signed by the Judge in General Sessions before the District Attorney can take any step toward such action.

POSTAL DEPOSITS GROW.

Authorities Believe the Total Will Be $1,000,000 by July 1.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—A statement issued to-day by Postmaster General Hitchcock shows that a total of $300,000 was deposited in the first forty-eight postal savings banks in the five months of their operation. The second group of forty-five depositories, which opened for business on May 1, received in the first month $70,749, or 14.47 per cent. more than was taken in at the initial offices during the first month's operation. There were 2,119 separate deposits, averaging $33.39.

On July 1 it will be possible for depositors to convert their savings accounts into United States bonds bearing 2½ per cent. interest. Many applications for the bonds have been received.

The reports from the depositaries are so encouraging the prediction is made that by July 1 deposits will have reached $1,000,000.

CANADA RECIPROCITY FOUGHT BY BORDEN

Leader of Parliament Opposition Says Treaty is All to Advantage of United States.

FEARS COMMERCIAL UNION

Cites Concessions That Canada Must Make to South American and European Countries if Treaty is Ratified.

Special to The New York Times.

WINNIPEG, June 19.—R. L. Borden, leader of the opposition in the Canadian Parliament, one of the stoutest opponents of reciprocity in Canada, opened his campaign in Western Canada here to-night in the Walker Theatre, which was crowded to the doors. His speech contained over 10,000 words. He said in part:

"We oppose this treaty because it encourages the export of agricultural and animal products in their lowest and least finished form, with the result that the finishing process will be performed in the United States and not by Canadian labor. Our cream will be converted into butter or cheese, our wheat into flour, not by Canadian labor but by United States labor. The finished products will be an American product and not a Canadian product. Thereby products of our grain will go to feed American cattle to increase the fertility of American lands, and to add to the advantages of the American animal industry.

"We are opposed to this treaty because it will increase the opportunities and powers of the United States trusts in Canada. Already Australia and New Zealand have taken steps to resist the trusts and prevent their operations. The Australian Government has declared its determination to take immediate and drastic action in order to discourage and, if possible, prevent the operation of the American trust in Australia. That trust is armed with such power that it dictates to the farmer, on one hand and the consumer on the other. It practically controls not only the meat trade of the United States but of other countries, and especially of Argentina.

"We can control our own trusts by means of appropriate legislation, as the powers of the federal parliament are ample for such purposes. How can we control foreign trusts except by means of the tariff? And we will do it.

"We oppose this treaty because we believe that the economic advantage will be with the United States and not with Canada. The only official investigation of this subject has been made by the Tariff Board of the United States, whose experts have been employed for more than two years in investigating this question while our Government has been contentedly slumbering.

"That report shows the average of prices for agricultural and animal products in Canada to be higher than the average in the United States.

"Mr. Taft, in addressing a meeting of American farmers in May last, emphasized this fact and assured them that after the consummation of reciprocity the advantage would be still more with the American farmer.

"We are opposed to this agreement for the further reason that we are paying a price which the United States is not prepared to pay. That price is the admission to our markets of the Argentine Republic, Austria-Hungary, Bolivia, Colombia, Denmark, Japan, Norway, Russia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Venezuela, as well as all the British possessions. Many of these countries are large exporters of agricultural and animal products.

"Under this agreement these countries are entitled to and will receive from Canada the same tariff concessions which Canada concedes to the United States. Argentina, Denmark, and Australia thus become competitors of Canada, without giving any concessions or advantages in return. If this agreement goes into effect, beef and mutton from Argentina can be laid down in the ports of Canada at a price which will destroy the animal industry of Canada.

"Labor in Argentina costs about one-third of what is ordinarily paid in Canada.

"The markets of the United States will not be open to the same competition. What would the answer be if the beef case were put in another way. Let us suppose that Canada should offer to the United States free trade in certain agricultural products, and reduced duties upon other agricultural products on condition that the United States should make the same concessions to Canada. Let us suppose that the United States made answer: 'We will agree to your proposal provided you will extend the same concessions to the Argentine Republic, Austria-Hungary, Bolivia, Colombia, Denmark, Japan, Norway, Russia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and Venezuela, and to all the British possessions.' Canada inquires: 'What concessions will be received from these countries in return?' The United States answers: 'None.' Canada inquires further: 'Do you propose to make the same concessions to the countries you have named?' To this would come the immediate answer 'No,' the concessions to these countries will be made by Canada alone.

"Its friends in the United States urge as the chief reason of its adoption that unrestricted reciprocity would be the first step in the direction of political union. What said Sir Oliver Mowat in 1891? 'I am not willing that Canada should commit national suicide. Are you? I am not willing that both our British connection and our hope of Canadian nationality shall be forever destroyed.'

Royal Bengals Cigars

make a lasting friend of every smoker who tries them

A Box of 10 for 15 Cents

Get them—INSIST if you must—but get them.

STRIKE TO BE CALLED ON ALL COAST LINES

Unions Vote for a Tie-Up at This Port To-morrow if Morgan Line Doesn't Settle.

CONFERENCE DID NO GOOD

An Answer Expected To-day, but Morgan Line Manager Intimates in Advance it Won't Be Favorable.

After an exciting night meeting of the striking seamen of the Morgan Line, it was announced that a general strike ultimatum will be issued this morning to every steamship company in the coastwise trade. The union men say this order will apply to every coast line running from this port. Vice President Henry P. Griffin of the International Seamen's Union said that the strike order takes effect at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning if the Morgan Line has not settled its differences with the men at that time or showed some intention of doing so. Mr. Griffin earlier in the day said he did not think a general strike was possible, and he said the spirit shown at the meeting surprised him. He introduced a resolution to leave the matter in charge of a committee with power to act. This resolution was voted down.

At strike headquarters it was said that a general strike would involve 20,000 men. Seamen, firemen, coal passers, oilers, cooks, stewards, and pantrymen will be affected by the strike order.

The scene of activity in the Morgan Line strike shifted yesterday from down the bay, where a hose was used on Sunday to keep strikers from interfering with the men on the outgoing liner Momus, to West Street in the vicinity of the Southern Pacific piers at the foot of West Eleventh Street and the strikers' headquarters, 400 West Street. Attempts to settle the strike by arbitration during the day were without success.

The first clash with strikebreakers came in the afternoon, when about fifty strikers and their followers attacked about thirty-five strikebreakers who were being led from the headquarters of Bergoff's recruiting agency in West Street, under police guard.

These men had watched earlier in the morning the progress of some 150 strikebreakers along West Street to the Morgan Line pier, and they were in a sullen humor when the second squad of strikebreakers came marching up the street guarded by three policemen. Some one threw a rock at the marching men and the crowd closed in about them, jeering and threatening. Every saloon and restaurant added to the ranks of the riotous groups. The policemen drew their clubs and many of the men they guarded drew clubs from under their jumpers and prepared for defense.

The mix-up which followed lasted only a very few minutes, but a number of heads were hit on either side. Some one shouted that more police were coming, and the attacking party melted away. One man is said to have had an arm broken.

What promised to be a serious encounter for a time came earlier when the 150 strikebreakers were taken to the pier under escort of fifteen policemen commanded by Capt. Baldwin of the Charles Street Station. A crowd followed all the way to the pier gate hooting and jeering. With those who arrived later the strikebreakers were placed on board the El Paso, lying at Pier 40, which is used as a receiving ship for strikebreakers.

The steamship Creole from New Orleans and El Sol from Galveston arrived yesterday. The Creole has a crew of 130 men and El Sol, a freighter, has 60 men. These men remained at work until they were paid off. They then carried out their promise to the labor leaders earlier in the day and quit.

At the solicitation of John J. Bealin and Michael J. Reagan of the State Board of Arbitration, a conference took place yesterday afternoon in the office of President C. W. Jungen, Manager of the Morgan Line, which was attended by a committee representing the strikers and the representatives of the State Board of Arbitration.

The conference lasted three hours, but no truce was effected. The committee is to receive a reply to-day and the union is to continue the strike in the meantime. The company continued to man its boats with strikebreakers.

The entire situation was gone over at the conference and the demands of the strikers were read. They want an increase of 25 cents a day for food money for the seamen when on shore, making the allowance 70 cents. Mr. Jungen told the committee that in all probability the future policy of the company would be to give the men their meals on board the ships when vessels were in port. As to the taking of the men from the union instead of from the boarding masters, Mr. Jungen was willing to give the union men the preference, but not to bind himself to the union exclusively.

Nothing was promised regarding the demand that the wages of the waiters would be raised $3 a month. It appeared at the conference that the increase was demanded also on behalf of the second stewards, pantrymen, and porters.

"I am opposed to the spirit in which the demands were made, backed with a threat," said Mr. Jungen after the conference.

"Ask the People for whom We Work."

Fireproof Storage, Household Removals, Packing, Shipping.

Vaults for Valuables Open 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Private Safes $2 a year.

PHONE 6900

Rugs, Carpets, Draperies, etc., Cleaned, Stored and Guaranteed Against Fire, Moth or Theft.

Silver Storage Vaults Packages Guaranteed at Your Own Valuation. Called for and delivered without charge.

Estimates on Request.

37 to 51 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn. Nevins St. Subway Station at our door.

BURNS RESTAURANT

ESTABLISHED 1862.
WELL KNOWN FOR ITS EXCELLENT SERVICE AND CUISINE.
REASONABLE PRICES.
44 ST.—SIXTH AVE.—45 ST.

STRIKE SPREADS IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, June 19.—The strike of seamen is spreading among the dockers in the North, and the coasting trade on the Clyde and Tyne is threatened with a tie-up.

To-day clerks in the offices of the shipowners are attempting to load and unload ships in the Clyde, but they make poor substitutes for the dockside laborers who have gone out.

The stewards of the White Star liners Megantic, Celtic, and Dominion, and the Allen Line steamer Virginian, all at Liverpool, quit to-day.

SOUTHAMPTON, June 19.—The seaman's strike is rapidly spreading here. A thousand stevedores and the stewards of the liner Philadelphia joined the strikers to-day. The Union Castle Line offered the men a permanent increase of $2.50 a month with a proportional increase to the stewards and others engaged in its service, but this offer was declined. In consequence the company announces that it has been compelled to cancel the sailing of four big liners for Saturday's naval review at Spithead.

SHOT DEAD BY A JOSTLER.

Carpenter Who Objected to Being Shoved Aside Killed—Slayer Arrested.

As William Pearsall and Alexander Coxe, carpenters who live in Inwood, L. I., were returning from Far Rockaway at 7 o'clock last evening by way of Remsen Avenue, Salvator Lombardo jostled Pearsall.

"Get out of the way!" cried Pearsall.

Lombardo drew a revolver and shot Pearsall over the right eye, killing him instantly. Coxe tried to seize him, but Lombardo broke away and ran toward Inwood.

A crowd gathered around Pearsall's body, and when the police were notified they telephoned to Cedarhurst to head off Lombardo. In the Cedarhurst Station at the time was Deputy Sheriff William Belcher of Nassau County, and outside was his automobile. Belcher said he knew the man by sight, and ran for his car. A short distance down the road he met Lombardo out of breath and with the revolver still in his hand. The deputy called to him to stop.

"All right," he said. "I know you, Mr. Belcher. I'll go with you."

The deputy disarmed him and took him to the Far Rockaway Station, where he was locked up. He said he thought Pearsall was about to strike him when he fired. Pearsall was 40 years old and lived with his wife and two children on McNeill's Avenue, Inwood.

Conviction of Lupo Gang Affirmed.

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals yesterday affirmed the convictions of Ignacio Lupo, "the wolf"; Guiseppe Morello, and six other members of Lupo's counterfeiting gang, who were convicted last year and sentenced by Judge Ray of the Circuit Court to terms from twelve to thirty years in prison. The appeal was based on the contention that an "unfair atmosphere" was created by the presiding Judge.

Blue and Grey Fabrics for Men at Saks'

¶Blue and grey have always held a majority of the stock in the corporation of color, but this season they have absorbed a number of subsidiary hues, so that blues and greys are so merged with other shades that the composite colors are hard to define.

¶They also show a tendency to disport themselves in hairlines of varying widths, and altogether blues and greys this year offer a greater variety of choice than ever heretofore.

¶And nowhere is that variety so apparent as at Saks', both in domestic and in imported fabrics.

¶And Saks' tailoring best serves to accentuate the desirability of these fabrics. What, after all, is color without the cunning of the hand that paints? What is a fabric without the skill of the hands that fashion it into shape?

¶Which is to say, that those blues and greys are most distinctive which are tailored by Saks. In either our Anglo-American model or more conservative styles, silk-lined or otherwise.

15.00 to 35.00

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

PLEDGE FROM POLICE TO STAND BY WALDO

Commissioner Is Received with Enthusiasm at Meeting of Lieutenants' Association.

LED NOW, NOT DRIVEN

Lieut. Enright Says the Force Will Be Loyal—Welcome for Deputy Dillon, "a Cop."

Police Commissioner Waldo, his eyes twinkling and his lips closed on a man's-size cigar, walked into Terrace Garden last evening where the Lieutenants' Benevolent Association was holding its monthly meeting, and his appearance at the doorway was the signal for great cheering. In the memory of every man there were the events of the meeting of the month before, when Commissioner Cropsey spoke for an hour and a half behind closed doors, spoke in defense of his administration and let the lieutenants know that he not only saw no necessity for any promotions but that he intended to make none. The next day Commissioner Cropsey resigned, and in the brief interval there have been such wholesale promotions as have warmed the policemen's hearts. Mr. Cropsey is gone from the force, but the memory of him hung about the meeting last evening and lent a certain quality to every speech made. Perhaps the sentiment of the 250 lieutenants there was most tersely expressed by their President, Lieut. Richard E. Enright, who said, thankfully:

"It always is darkest before the dawn, but the dawn has come at last."

The association has recently adopted the custom of inviting speakers of note to its meetings, and this was first put into effect a month ago, when Commissioner Cropsey consented to attend. The officers had not planned to have these meetings secret, but Mr. Cropsey stipulated that no reporters should hear his words. Last night, however, the doors were thrown wide. The minutes of the meeting of May 18, as read last evening, record the fact that the Commissioner warmly defended his policies for the department and imparted his notion of the "ethics and ideals that should govern all good policemen." The Secretary further noted that this address was well received by the members of the association.

When Commissioner Waldo walked in he was accompanied by his Deputies, McKay and Dillon. The Commissioner apologized for a bothersome hoarseness that would prevent his speaking at length, but his words were prolonged by frequent waits for the cheering to die down.

"I believe in you and your organization," he began, "for any body of American citizens always represents what is good and right. I am glad to see that this organization is a strong factor in the department, and I know you are going to do all you can to make the present administration a success."

"You just bet we are," some one shouted in a heartfelt manner.

"You wanted the three-platoon system, and so we have that now, and if you find some arrangement that suits you better and that will give as good service to the city we'll have that, too. Let me give you my creed as to discipline and urge you to follow it where you have men under you. Give them free reign. Let them have every courtesy, every consideration. Let them have what they want up to the line where that is consistent with the best interests of the department and the city. Once let them overstep that line and the severest penalty should be inflicted. By the way, you didn't like the numbers on your shields. So on the new ones they are to be left off.

"Now, there are two big factors affecting the department which interest the citizen. They want the protection of life and property by the proper patroling of the streets. That can be done. They want the absolute elimination of even the suspicion of graft connected with the police. And that can be done. Now, gentlemen, I wish you every success."

"And we wish you success with capital letters," said Lieut. Enright. "Don't we, gentlemen?"

"We do, we do," came heartily from all over the hall.

"Well, you can bring that about by throwing your heart and soul into the work before us," said Mr. Waldo.

Then Lieut. Enright had a chance to speak out the things that seemed to be stirring him mightily.

"Friends, for the first time in many years, the police force is being led and not driven. (Cheers.) Any man who is on the level and will stand by the force will find the force standing by him and following him through thick and thin. It is the first time in many years that a man has been appointed to headquarters who has not thought all there so wrong that it could not be righted. Men have been robbed of their reputations, their promotions, and their rights, and if they have failed it is because they have not received what they were entitled to from the commanders.

"It is always darkest just before the dawn, but the dawn is here, and it will change to a bright noon that will go on for all time. Why, it is the best start we have ever had."

At this point he paused to introduce First Deputy McKay, who spoke just long enough to predict that through all things the men would find Waldo fair. Then Enright had another inning.

"Some folks," he said, "are foolish enough to think that prayers are not answered. Now you have all heard of the 'Copper's Prayer,' and when a copper gets down and prays something has got to move. For years he has prayed that by chance or by magic, somehow, some time, it would occur to some one that there ought to be somewhere in the commanding force a policeman. I introduce a great policeman and a great Commissioner, Mr. Dillon."

For a few moments it sounded as though the whole force were in that room, stamping with their famous feet. When the sounds of "Oh you, Dill!" had subsided the Fourth Deputy said:

"I am a cop, and make out that isn't a religion. Religion is what you believe in, love, and trust. I believe in you, love you, and trust you."

"Same to you, Commissioner!" was shouted amid more applause.

"Long ago a people prayed for a leader to take them out of the house of bondage. We on the force have prayed for a leader, and after long years, in which lawyers, soldiers, statesmen, and politicians have followed each other at Headquarters, at last God has given you a man."

"And a gentleman," was the amendment from the floor, an amendment that seemed to be carried unanimously.

POLICE PROMOTION DAY.

Waldo Makes Two Captains, Three Lieutenants, and Seven Sergeants.

Police Commissioner Waldo made two Captains, three Lieutenants, and seven Sergeants yesterday. The men headed the Civil Service eligible list, and were taken in order of their standing.

The men made Captains were Lieut. Theodore Meyers, who has been attached to Traffic D, and John D. Ormsby of the Eldridge Street Station. Meyers was sent to College Point and Ormsby to City Island. The Sergeants who were promoted to Lieutenants were John H. Quirk, Thomas B. Hayes, and Edward Hallahan. The patrolmen promoted were Milton Woodridge, Bernard H. Smyth, Eugene A. Masterson, Louis Vetter, John Gargan, Henry Cramer, and Theodore Wardann.

DRIVER'S BLOWS KILL BOY.

Lad Attacked Without Reason—Man Threatens Crowd and Escapes.

A crowd of children, among them 12-year-old Raffaelo Iorio, was playing in front of Raffaelo's home at 2,487 Arthur Avenue, the Bronx, Sunday night, when Anthony Longarella, a driver of 2,489 Arthur Avenue, came along and striking young Iorio in the face, pushed him against a picket fence and beat him until the boy's mother and neighbors dragged Longarella away. He ran into his home and getting a pistol threatened to shoot if they followed him. Then he fled.

The boy did not seem much hurt at the time, but when he returned from school yesterday at noon he complained of a severe pain in his head. An ambulance was called and the surgeon said he was suffering from a fractured skull. He took the boy to Lincoln Hospital, where he died last evening.

APPEAL TO FATHERLAND.

German-American Alliance Asks Germans to Favor Taft Arbitration Treaty.

The National German-American Alliance gave out here to-night the translation of a strong appeal to the people of Germany for their aid to induce their federated Governments to adopt the peace and arbitration treaty proposed by President Taft.

"We ask you" the appeal says, "to promote its acceptance with all means at your disposal as citizens of the German Empire. Leave no doubt in the minds of the federated Governments that in grasping the hand so frankly proffered and in accepting without any considerable changes the treaty as proposed by President Taft they have the great majority of the citizens with them."

The appeal is signed by the Committee on Peace Propaganda and National Relations of the alliance, of which Representative Bartholdt of Missouri is Honorary Chairman and Dr. Ernest Richard of New York Chairman.

Money for School Athletics.

These subscriptions have been received within the past few days by Treasurer S. R. Guggenheim of the Public Schools Athletic League, the money to be devoted to the general purposes of the organization:

Harry Payne Whitney, S. R. Guggenheim, Thomas F. Ryan, and Col. Robert M. Thompson, $500 each; Gen. George W. Wingate, $200; Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., J. B. Haggin, Felix Warburg, C. H. Dodge, Harold I. Pratt, Hortimer L. Schiff, Joseph P. Grace, H. A. Metz, John D. Archbold, George D. Pratt, Brooklyn Daily Eagle, Dieges & Clust, S. F. Rothschild, and Vicar General M. J. Lavelle, $100 each; Metcalf Brothers & Co., $50, and "Cash," $50; the total, $3,700.

The Other Vayu Victims Found.

Henry Chinchen, a diver for the Merritt-Chapman Wrecking Company, recovered yesterday the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Lemuel Smith of Irvington, N. J., who, with their son and two others, were drowned in the sinking of the yawl Vayu in the harbor between St. George and Robbin's Reef in the storm on last June 10. The other bodies were recovered last week. Chinchen said that he found the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Smith in the cabin, and that they evidently had had no opportunity to escape.

Three Guilty of Selling Bad Milk.

Three men were found guilty in Special Sessions yesterday of selling adulterated milk and sentenced. Max Kessler of 998 Linden Street, Brooklyn, got thirty days in the City Prison. James Duffy of 529 West Fifty-seventh Street was fined $50, and Henry W. Paig of 1,013 Fox Street, Bronx, was fined $25. Isaac Levy, a fish dealer living at 95 Monroe Street, was fined $25 after he had been found guilty of offering for sale decayed fish.

MORE AIRMEN FALL IN EUROPEAN RACE

Gachet's Machine Collapses, and Contenet, Losing Control, Smashes His in a Field.

EIGHTEEN ARRIVE AT LIEGE

Will Start To-day on Second Stage of Paris-London Flight—Sport Attacked in Senate.

LIEGE, Belgium, June 19.—Eighteen of the aviators who started yesterday from Vincennes, France, on the Paris to London and return race, have completed the first stage of the journey, and to-morrow morning they will ascend for the second stage, which will carry them to Utrecht, 130 miles distant.

Vidart, who was first to arrive yesterday, covered the first 212 miles in 3 hours and 13 minutes, while Garros, who was last to arrive on that day, was nearly two hours behind the leader.

In all seven of the contestants reached Liege yesterday, while eleven landed in the aerodrome to-day. The official times of the latter, as given out by the judges, are: Renaux, 13:55; Kimmerling, 22:54; Tabuteau, 23:58; Prevost, 24:06; Wynmalen, 24:15; Verrept, 25:04; Gilbert, 25:05; Amerigo, 25:12; Bathiat, 25:50; Lalasseur, 26:23; Train, 36:33.

Train arrived here after dark this evening and did not observe the aerodrome on account of the dense clouds. He flew over and made a landing a few miles away, but returned and crossed the line safely. He was the last aviator to qualify for the second stage.

Gachet, who had landed at Mahon for repairs, to-day capsized after going up in the air again and fell nearly 100 feet. He was injured about the legs, but his condition is not considered serious. He is now in a hospital.

Contenet, on approaching this city, turned from his course and circled about a church steeple in a suburb. As he completed the exhibition he lost control of his machine and tumbled down into a field of rye. He was uninjured, though his aeroplane was smashed.

This morning word was received that a monoplane had fallen from a great height between St. Laurent and Ville-sur-Lumes. Later word from St. Laurent, however, throws doubt on the first report. It is now said that an aviator descended rather roughly in a field but that he soon afterwards again ascended, apparently not much injured.

Depressed by Fatalities.

Rain fell heavily, the weather being in keeping with the spirits of the airmen, who are much depressed over the series of fatalities which marred the sport at its start yesterday.

News of the accidents preceded the aviators here. Capt. Princeteau and M. Landron were burned to death in midair following the explosion of their motors. M. Le Martin was crushed to death when his machine became unruly and struck a tree near Château-Thierry soon after the start from Paris. M. Gaubert and M. Bille fell and were seriously injured. M. Lecridan, Oscar Morrison, and M. Morin also dropped to the ground but were less seriously hurt.

A report from Soissons, France, says that Gaubert's condition to-day is satisfactory, and unless there are unexpected complications his recovery seems assured.

Further details of the death of Landron have been received from Château Thierry. The aviator, who was but 28 years of age, flying at a height estimated at from 1,800 to 2,000 feet over the village of Epids. Many persons were watching him, when suddenly they were horrified to see machine and aviator enveloped in flames. Then they heard a faint report, as of an explosion, and the ball of fire pitched earthward, turning over and over as it fell.

The aviator was hurled from his seat clear of the flames, which streamed fifty feet behind the aeroplane. The machine was still burning when the wreckage dropped into a wheat field. The body of Landron had struck the ground near by. Villagers hurried to the scene with a fire engine, but the gasoline blazed away for a quarter of an hour after their arrival. Landron already was dead. Both legs and one arm were broken and the chin was shattered. His moustache and eyebrows had been singed off and other parts of the body and his clothes were scorched.

Honor Guard for Landron.

The firemen, forming a guard of honor, carried the body to the Municipal Building, there to await identification and the wishes of the unfortunate airman's friends.

The race so unhappily begun, is to cover a course from Paris to London and return, a total distance of nearly 1,000 miles. Fifty aviators started, of whom thirty-eight were civilians and twelve army officers assigned to aviation service. Ten of the number never got beyond the limits of the manoeuvering field.

A great throng witnessed the start from the aviation field at Vincennes early yesterday morning, and the efforts of the police and soldiers to hold the curious crowd in check resulted in minor injuries to many.

PARIS, June 19.—The question was raised in the French Senate to-day whether the Government should countenance aviation contests in view of the sad tragedies of yesterday, and especially whether the Minister of War should permit army officers to take the risks that they do while the art of aeroplaning is still far from being perfected.

Senators Gaudin de Villaine and Waddington and others deplored the events of Sunday and doubted the propriety of the Minister of War's active participation in a science so slightly developed.

War Minister's Reply.

Gen. Francois Goiran, the Minister of War, replying, expressed his personal grief over the deaths of the brave aeroplanists. In principle, he said, the army took no part in the private aviation arrangements except as at Vincennes yesterday, to send troops to maintain order, and the utmost precaution had been taken to safeguard Capt. Princeteau's machine from the curious spectators.

Gen. Roques said that the army officers who had flown over the same routes as the civilians during the various competitions this year had not gone beyond the frontiers. The course of yesterday's flight was one of the easiest to accomplish generally, he said.

Senator Provost-Launay attacked the sport sharply.

"During the Paris to Madrid race," he said, "we have seen veritable exhibitions of savagery. In one city which I will not name a mob tried to fling itself upon Vedrines because he would not start. Troops were obliged to use force yesterday to restrain the crowds from access to a spectacle which encouraged the cruel instincts of the mob."

Gen. Goiran, however, again replying, contended that it was necessary for the officers to be able to fly as successfully as private citizens. This statement met with applause and the discussion was closed, the Senate then taking up the general debate on the army budget.

$91,500 PRIZES FOR AVIATORS.

Route They Must Follow in the Paris and London Flight.

The great air race that began at Vincennes, France, on Sunday, is for prizes aggregating $91,500. The course is over France, Belgium, Holland, and England, and the airmen who complete it will have to fly twice across the English Channel. The stages of the race are as follows:

June 18—First, Vincennes to Liege. Control at Rheims. Prize, $8,000.

June 20—Second, Liege-Spa-Liege. Control at Belle Fagne, near Malchamp. Prize, $2,000.

June 21—Third, Liege-Utrecht, (Soesterberg.) Control at Verloo. Prize, $6,000, and $2,000 for first Dutch aviator.

June 23—Fourth, Utrecht-Brussells. Control at Breda. Prize, $8,000, ($3,000 for the section Paris to Brussels, and $3,000 for the stage.)

June 25—Fifth, Brussels-Roubaix. Prize, $3,000.

June 26—Sixth, Roubaix-Calais. Prize, $2,000.

June 27—Seventh, Calais-London. Controls at Dover and Shoreham. Prizes, $12,500, offered by The London Standard for Section Paris to London, and $3,000, offered by Shoreham for stage.

June 29—Eighth, London-Calais. Controls at Shoreham and Dover. Prize, $2,000.

June 30—Ninth, Calais-Paris, (Vincennes.) Control at Amiens. Prizes, $40,000, offered by The Paris Journal for entire circuit, and $4,000 for the stage.

The entire route is marked by great white arrows, pointing in the direction to be taken by the aviators. The arrows are thirty-six feet long. Near Calais there is an even larger sign. It is on the historic spot which was M. Blériot's starting ground in the famous cross-Channel flight of July 20, 1909. This point is known as the Barraques.

This signpost is in the form of a gigantic arrow formed of planks about sixteen feet long by half a foot broad, soaked in creosote and whitewashed. The planks are laid crosswise at a distance of about ten feet apart, the reason being that "openwork" signs are far more easily visible from a distance.

It is calculated that this arrow on the ground will be visible from an altitude of 2,000 feet or more. The work of deciding the exact direction of the arrow was entrusted to Capt. Bouches of the cross-Channel steamer Pas de Calais.

A special train follows the competitors with supplies and mechanicians, while a fleet of torpedo and motor boats will convoy them across the Channel.

The route across England will be marked—in addition to the arrows—by large captive balloons at the aerodromes of Dover, Brighton, (Shoreham,) Southall, and Hendon.

WE RECOGNIZE NEW REPUBLIC

Note Delivered to Portugal After Meeting of Constituent Assembly.

LISBON, June 19.—The United States has officially recognized the Republic of Portugal.

This followed the opening of the Constituent Assembly this morning, on which occasion the President of the Chamber read a decree proclaiming the abolition of the monarchy and the banishment from Portugal of the royal family of Braganza, which decree was unanimously approved. The decree was also read by the President to the great throngs which gathered outside the building, after which the Assembly adjourned.

George L. Lorillard, American Chargé d'Affaires, in the afternoon waited upon Señor Machado, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and delivered the following note to him:

Whereas, The National Constituent Assembly has this day settled upon and definitely proclaimed the form of government adopted by Portugal, I have the honor, acting according to the instructions received from my Government, of hereby informing your Excellency that the Government of the United States of America has to-day officially recognized the Government of the Portuguese Republic.

The day was observed as a public holiday throughout the whole country. Popular demonstrations in honor of the occasion were held everywhere, but no disorders are reported.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

ROME, June 19.—Pope Pius to-day approved the proposal of the Consistorial Congregation, appointing Mgr. M. O. Doherty Rector of the Irish College at Salamanca, Spain, as Bishop of Zambcanga, Philippines.

PANAMA, June 19.—Dr. Marcase Velasquez was to-day appointed Panaman Minister to the Republic of Nicaragua. Delegations from Ecuador, Peru, Bolivia, and Chile have arrived here on their way to Caracas to attend the Venezuelan Centenary celebration which is to be held early next month.

REVOLT IN MORELOS THREATENS MADERO

People of the State Indignant at Appointment of Zapata as Jefe de Armas.

SUMMONED TO THE CAPITAL

But Has Seized Arms and Is Preparing Bombs—Is Declared to be a Bandit and His Methods Are Ruthless.

Special to The New York Times.

MEXICO CITY, June 19.—With Emiliano Zapata, the newly appointed Jefe de Armas of the State of Morelos, actively preparing to fight, with nearly every merchant, farmer, and professional man in Morelos ready to take up his rifle if the newly appointed Chief of Arms named by Madero cannot be removed by peaceable means, the leader of the revolution is to-day facing a crisis far more delicate than the one he met at Juarez.

As decided at a mass meeting yesterday, when 400 men, representative of the best blood in Morelos, met to protest against Zapata, a committee of five called on Madero this morning and laid the entire matter before the leader, who said he would not give a reply for two weeks. In the meanwhile Madero has summoned Zapata here to answer the charges against him.

This statement had hardly been delivered to the waiting men of Morelos when news reached this city that Zapata had seized all the arms which had accumulated from the disbanded Maderist troopers, and in addition had his men busy preparing hundreds of dynamite bombs—missiles that proved throughout the late campaign far more dangerous than any other, and with which Zapata traced his broad way of ruin across the most fertile fields of the southland.

With every one sure that peace and order had been restored in the south following Madero's swing through Morelos and Guerrero came the news that the hero of Juarez had named Zapata as Jefe de Armas, a man whom every one knew as a bandit, the enemy of Gen. Figueroa, the man who hardly left one stone standing on another in beautiful Cuautla, who throughout the campaign had respected neither sex, age, nor nationality.

The people have not forgotten that Zapata was on the point of shooting William Niven, American correspondent for The Mexican Herald for an article he had never seen. It has not been forgotten that he ordered his roughest men to meet a train before its arrival at Cuernavaca and confiscate all newspapers, even those owned by passengers.

For a month the residents of Cuernavaca have been afraid to tell the truth as to actual conditions, as even a word derogatory to Zapata might meet with dire punishment. His elevation by Madero has seemed to make no difference in his conduct, as yesterday a passenger train was held up by Zapata's men and searched for Figueroa.

That Zapata and Figueroa have been enemies throughout the campaign is well known, and that the former would hesitate at nothing to accomplish his ends is indicated by the incident yesterday, when Zapata attempted the capture of the man who is now Chief of Rurales of the Federal Army.

The looting of a hacienda near Cuernavaca yesterday is another incident charged to the account of Zapata.

The Morelos commission may take the matter to the President and then to Congress before taking a final step, but as it is their homes that are being violated, and in view of the fact that for months they have been forced to live in the capital on account of the anarchical conditions that have prevailed, they are in no mood to wait the two weeks specified by Madero. Even if armed strife is avoided political opposition that still has a chance to grow powerful before the elections is certain to spring up.

Telegrams have been exchanged to-day between members of the Morelos Junta and Gen. Geronimo Trevino at Monterey, who has just been announced as a candidate for the Presidency. The results are not ripe for publication, say the members of the Morelos Junta. Already plans for a political campaign have been formed. One manner in which it is hoped to keep many votes from Madero is the insisting on the settlement of the revolutionary promissory notes. It is asserted that the $6,000,000 set aside for indemnities will not cover one-hundredth part of the outstanding accounts. By forcing the presentation of all claims at once it is believed that the certain result will be loss of prestige for Madero.

EL PASO, June 19.—Three hundred insurrecto troops left Juarez early to-day, commissioned to recapture Casas Grandes, which town was taken yesterday by a band of "unreconstructed" Magonistas. The last of the insurrecto troops in that vicinity marched to Chihuahua on Saturday.

A small band of Magonistas then marched in and took possession of the town. These men are opposed to Madero as much as they were to Diaz.

EXPELLING MORE JEWS.

A Thousand Families Affected by the Latest Order at Kieff.

KIEFF, June 19.—The provincial authorities following an investigation to-day published a list of Jews who, it is alleged, are not practicing the profession of pharmaceutical assistants, on the strength of which they obtained the right of residence here. A group of Jews recently appeared before the Governor General, who decided that those who were not practicing as pharmacists or assistants would lose their right of residence.

Accordingly the police have informed those whose names appear in to-day's list that they must leave the city within eight days.

In Jewish circles it is estimated that the number of families thus made subject to expulsion totals 1,000.

The Pope in Good Health.

ROME, June 19.—All reports that the Pope is in ill-health are without foundation. Since the last slight symptoms of the gout, from which his Holiness suffered recently, disappeared, the Pope has been quite well, the exceptional coolness of the season being chiefly responsible for this.

KNOW THYSELF

Every Tuesday morning the managerial units of our organization meet for the purpose of finding fault.

There is always room for improvement, even in the best regulated families.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction
Fifty-One Wall Street

That Peculiar Zest
in soups, sauces, and salads prepared by foreign chefs—you've often noticed it. They use
MAGGI'S ESSENCE
(prepared in Switzerland)
A teaspoonful gives weak soup that nourishing, meaty taste that you have tried so hard to get. A few drops in the sauce or the salad dressing give them "body." It's hard to describe the exact taste, but you can't get it without Maggi's Essence. A small bottle lasts a long time.
AS NECESSARY AS SALT
Supplied by all first-class grocers and druggists. Importers, James P. Smith & Co., New York.

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

Thousands of Smith Gray & Co. Suits
4.50 to 10.00 Underprice

From any viewpoint, this is the most important fine Summer clothes event of the season.

Every garment is a Smith Gray & Co. garment—tailored and styled by that famous Smith Gray & Co. organization, which for sixty-six years has built the clothes of better dressed New York.

You may choose from practically our entire Spring and Summer assortment—not from broken sizes or odds and ends or limited special lots, but from solid lots in complete assortments of fabrics, models and sizes—and every garment is from our tailor shops within the past three weeks, the greater majority only being finished within ten days.

There is every new shade of gray, brown, tan and olive, as well as new blues, plain blues and fancy weaves, to say nothing of innumerable blue, black and brown grounds with silk decorations and silk stripes.

There is every new two and three button style of model in two and three piece suits with plain lapels, English soft and semi-soft and no padding coats, also Norfolks in every size for men, young men and boys.

The assortment is the greatest you have ever been offered under-price and the values, all things considered, have never before been known at this season of the year.

18.00, 20.00, 22.50, 25.00 Summer Suits
Canadian crashes, Velour flannels, Smart homespuns, Blue serges, Fancy weave blues — 15.50 — Yarn dyed worsteds, Exclusive cassimeres, Worsted cheviots, High grade velours, Double twist cheviots

22.50, 25.00 and 27.50 Summer Suits
High grade crashes, Exclusive flannels, Irish weave homespuns, Australian blue serges, Stripe weave blues, Exclusive velours — 18.50 — Exclusive worsteds, Advanced style cassimeres, Silk mixture worsteds, Exclusive worsted cheviots

27.50, 30.00 and 32.50 Summer Suits
Canadian homespuns, English crashes, English finished velour flannels, Wale flannels, Fancy weave blues — 22.50 — Saxony cassimeres, English and Scotch twist weave cheviots, Exclusive worsteds, Exclusive velours, English worsted cheviots

35.00 and 37.50 Summer Suits
Irish Donegal homespuns, Foreign crashes, Worsted finished flannels, Foreign fancy weave blue serges — 27.50 — Vicuna worsteds, Exclusive German, Belgian and English worsteds, Exclusive English and Scotch twists and worsted cheviots

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs
Auto Clothes Book on Request
Smith Gray & Co.
Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.
Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

PYRENE
The Most Efficient Fire Extinguisher Known
Pyrene is equally effective in all kinds of incipient fires; especially effective for extinguishing burning gasoline, turpentine, varnish, carbide, etc.
The only extinguisher safe to use in electrical fires.
Does not freeze, corrode nor deteriorate.
Inspected and labeled by Underwriters Laboratories.
Size 3 in. by 14 in. Weight 5 lbs. Price $7, ready for use.
Pyrene
is now in use by
Standard Oil Company.
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.
Philadelphia Rapid Transit Co.
New York Edison Co.
Pennsylvania R. R.
N. Y., Ontario & West. R. R.
Borden's Condensed Milk Co.
and hundreds of other corporations and individuals.
Pyrene should be in every shop, factory, office, hotel, residence, power house, car barn, garage, stable, automobile and motorboat.
Directions for Use
Turn handle to left, then operate like a pump. Each stroke discharges ½ oz. of liquid which vaporizes at 200° Fah. forming a harmless gas blanket, instantly smothering fire. A few strokes is sufficient for most incipient fires.
If your dealer is unable to supply you, order direct from
Pyrene Manufacturing Co.
1358 Broadway, New York
Telephone, 3462 Murray Hill
Booklet with testimonials of fire departments and commercial houses on application.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue, 46th and 47th Sts.
ARE NOW HOLDING THEIR
Clearance of Importations
At Decided Reductions from Former Prices
Tailored and Demi-tailored Suits, $45 to $110
Original Paris models by Paul Poiret, Paquin, Bernard, Beer, Drecoll, Francis, Callot Soeurs and Martial-Armand, also adaptations—of fashionable silk and woolen materials. Formerly $75 to $200.
Gowns and Wraps Greatly Reduced
Late models by Margaine Lacroix, Jeanne Halle, Callot Soeurs, Jeanne Lanvin, Doucet, Paul Poiret, Paquin and Templier-Rondeau—
Gowns and Dresses—Formerly $50 to $485—at $32 to $185
Wraps and Coats—Formerly $50 to $350—at $25 to $155
Paris Hand-made Blouses and Waists
at $7.50 to $42 Formerly $15 to $65.
Imported Millinery at Radical Reductions
Also exact reproductions of striking foreign models.

Locomobile
1912
The 1912 Six Cylinder Locomobile is now at our salesrooms at 76th St.
This luxurious new model will convince you—without a word from us. You are invited to inspect it, to test it.
In comfort it represents a notable advance over what we or others have done heretofore. Your own easy chair could not be more restful. The ten inch upholstering on the rear seat cushion and back is the deepest and most luxurious ever used on a standard motor car body.
For Ease of Riding, Comfort and Luxury our 1912 Six Cylinder is exactly the car for which you have been waiting.
The Locomobile Co. of America,
Broadway and 76th St. Tel. 7800—Schuyler.
BROOKLYN DEALERS:—THE L. S. REMSON MFG. CO. BROOKLYN, N. Y.
NORTHERN N. JERSEY DEALERS:—GREENE MOTOR CAR CO. NEWARK, N. J.

SCIENCE HEALER IS HELD FOR TRIAL

Counsel for Winslow Defended His Course with Many Biblical Quotations.

SAYS SCIENCE CURED CLIENT

Law Which Makes Jesus a Criminal Should Be Unconstitutional, He Argues, but Magistrate Disagrees.

Wentworth Byron Winslow, a Christian Science practitioner, of 140 West Forty-second Street, who was arrested at the instance of the New York County Medical Society on a charge of practicing medicine without a license, was held yesterday for Special Sessions by Magistrate Kernochan in the Yorkville Court. His counsel, Henry D. Estabrook, submitted a brief, upholding the practice of healing by Christian Science—which, he declared, had converted Winslow himself from a drunkard into a healer of the Church. But Magistrate Kernochan decided against Winslow, concurring with the opinion recently announced by Magistrate Freschi that it was a violation of the law.

Winslow was arrested on April 7, on complaint of Mrs. Frances Benzecry, an investigator for Alnuth C. Vandiver, counsel for the County Medical Society. Mrs. Benzecry testified that she went to Winslow's office and told him she was suffering from stomach trouble, asking whether Christian Science would cure her.

"It will heal you," she said he replied, thereafter sitting opposite her with his hand on his forehead and his eyes closed. He told her, too, she said, that God didn't make disease, and that she should read Mrs. Eddy's "Science and Health." She paid him $2, but her stomach trouble, she told him, continued. He replied, according to her testimony, that her stomach "had no intelligence," that she might eat whatever she pleased, and that "everything was mind."

After Magistrate Kernochan's decision Winslow was released under $500 bail, and his counsel announced his intention of asking that the case be transferred from Special to General Sessions, that his client might have a jury trial. When asked afterward whether yesterday's decision would interfere with his practice of healing by Christian Science, Winslow declared:

"Not in the least. Even if the case is finally decided against me, it will not interfere with my healing by Christian Science. They can't stop a man's thinking."

The society was represented in court by John G. Dyer, assistant for Mr. Vandiver, who had filed the same brief as that which caused Willis Vernon Cole, another healer, to be held by Magistrate Freschi. Winslow's lawyer filed a brief, upholding with many Biblical quotations the right to heal sickness by prayer and faith, and attacking the State law against such practice as designed to give doctors a monopoly in a business they often do not understand. In it he said:

It is contended by counsel for the plaintiff that no one, under the law of the State of New York, has the right to attempt the cure of another by the practice of the religious tenets of any Church, such as the prayer of faith that heals the sick, (as recommended by St. James,) unless he is a licensed administrator of drugs, the supposed beneficence of such law being that the patient should trust primarily to a bolus of some kind, and inadvertently and contingently, but only in extremis, to God Himself. Here is the biggest bolus in the pharmacy.

If a statute of the State of New York is not unconstitutional that would make Jesus Himself a criminal it ought to be. The defendant is conceded to be a practitioner of Christian Science, the chief religious tenet of which is the cure of disease through the prayer of understanding and the amelioration of human wretchedness through the knowledge and insistence that God is imminent and a present help in time of trouble.

The Bible is perhaps unjust to physicians, but has not every citizen in the State of New York a right to study the Bible and to believe as much of it as he can, and act according to his belief?

Mr. Estabrook takes up cases advanced by the counsel for the Medical Society, where Christian Science treatment failed, and asks:

Would counsel guarantee that such cures would have been effected by licensed physicians? If doctors always cured there would be no need of a statute giving them a monopoly of the art of healing.

To the objection that the spiritual healers charge material fees for their services he says:

There is somewhat of cant and hypocrisy in that objection, though we doubt not it is heartfelt enough on the part of physicians. The practitioner as well as the minister must earn his living, and so must the doctor. The twentieth century mode of exchange cannot adapt itself to that of the year one.

Mr. Estabrook used Biblical quotations to prove that, too. Winslow's attorney in his brief brought out the fact that the present healer had formerly been convicted as a drunkard, and was "cured in Science." He adds:

It is a suggestive coincidence that fifteen years ago, as the files of this honorable court should witness, the defendant Winslow was convicted at the bar of this same court as a common drunkard and jailed accordingly. To-day he is arraigned as a criminal for devoting his life to the healing of others as he was healed.

The testimony of the comely, honest woman, commissioned to trap him into loose talk or a criminal act, proves him to be high-minded and sincere. The healing of Biggs, account of which is in the evidence, and his own redemption, would alone justify his calling and the assurance of St. James, (brother of Jesus,) that the prayer of faith shall save the sick, and the Lord shall raise him up, and if he have committed sins, they shall be forgiven him.

In his brief for the County Medical Society, Mr. Vandiver said:

The practice of belief in Almighty God and in the religious tenets of the Churches has never been construed by any court in America to be a business, a vocation, a profession; nor has any court in America ever countenanced pseudo-religious practices in defiance of established law. The defendant was neither conducting an eleemosynary institution nor a Church; he was neither preaching nor teaching; he was not in the sanctuary of the faith.

On the contrary, he was in a suite of offices in an office building, with his name on the door, conducting the business of receiving all comers, and selling them an intangible something for tangible specie. This was not religion. It was business. Similar business might be opened by any one under the pretense of carrying out the tenets of a religious faith.

Magistrate Kernochan wrote no opinion, but declared his full concurrence in the earlier opinion of Magistrate Freschi in the Cole case, in which he held:

"I am of the opinion that the practice of the treatment of sickness and disease by inaudible prayer as taught in the book by Mrs. Eddy, entitled 'Science and Health, With Key,' violates the law of this State. The Christian Scientist has the right to believe that he can heal by prayer, but I am of opinion that if he carries and puts that belief into practice for hire, and solicits patients by advertisements, then he exceeds his rights as an individual under the law and comes directly within the prohibition contained in Article III. of the Constitution of the State of New York. He must subordinate his beliefs to the rights of the community and of the State as an entity where the free exercise of such belief either impairs and endangers the health of the people, or tends to place their health in jeopardy so that the safety of the State will be affected."

VIOLENTLY ATTACKS JEROME IN COURT

Prosecutor De Ford Impugns His Integrity and Conduct When in Office.

IN POULTRY TRUST HEARING

Judge Rosalsky Intervenes—Witness in Anger Threatens De Ford for "Trying to Drive Him to the Wall."

A violent attack on William Travers Jerome, of his professional integrity and his conduct while District Attorney, was made yesterday before Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions by Assistant District Attorney De Ford. The verbal passage took place in the trial of eighteen members of the Live Poultry Commission Merchants' Protective Association, who are charged with attempting to control the poultry market here. It was called forth by Mr. Jerome's repeated objections to Mr. De Ford's line of examination, and by his reference to Mr. De Ford as "the gentleman from Kansas," from which State comes a large part of the poultry handled by the defendants.

Mr. De Ford was examining George E. Brown, Secretary of the association, about his fears that the big Western packers would make an attempt to control the market here and put the dealers out of business, when Jerome suddenly interrupted:

"The solicitous interest of the gentleman from Kansas in behalf of the great packing companies," he said, "is certainly a significant feature in this case. I cannot understand it. Our position is perfectly clear. We admit that the defendants banded together, and that one of the causes of their combining, as I understand it, was a fear that these great interests would come in and swing the trade here or put them out of business, and that if they united together they would be better able to resist it."

Assistant District Attorney De Ford turned quickly to the former prosecutor and said deliberately:

"The gentleman's suggestions have the subtlety and delicacy for which he is famous. The distinguished gentleman suggests that the District Attorney, acting perhaps as the agent for the great packing companies, is prosecuting this little monopoly here that the monopoly here may be brought to book for their exactions. The suggestion is quite worthy of the gentleman as I look back upon the gentleman's career. The gentleman has expressed himself very feelingly about our solicitude for the great packing companies, and has asked why we have not prosecuted that giant trust. I would like to ask the gentleman what he was doing in the office of the District Attorney for eight years when those trusts were operating here?

"I would like to ask the gentleman what he was doing in the office of the District Attorney when this combination was being organized under his very nose? You are a splendid specimen of a professional gentleman to dare to walk into this courtroom and question the integrity of this administration in its relations to one of the big trusts that dominated the industry in this country. And I reject it, Sir, not only as a false suggestion, but I point it out as typical of the gentleman's candor and as typical of his professional integrity. Now, I think you can understand that, Sir, and you can answer it if you want to."

Mr. Jerome, who had been standing up all the time, took an exception to Mr. De Ford's remarks, and Judge Rosalsky cautioned the jury to disregard all that passed between the two men.

Much excitement was caused earlier in the day when Mr. Brown, the witness, was being questioned in regard to some of the books of the association. Mr. De Ford had been asking the same line of questions all last week, and Mr. Brown suddenly lost control of himself. Springing from the witness chair he shook his fist at the Prosecuting Attorney, saying:

"I'll hand you one if you don't stop nagging at me. I don't like your manner. You are too aggressive, and I know you are only trying to drive me to the wall. I'm getting tired of this line of questioning and I want it to stop."

Judge Rosalsky cautioned the witness to be more careful in the future, and all went along smoothly until Mr. De Ford took offense at Mr. Jerome's remarks.

FIRE IN A SCHOOL HOUSE.

A Slight Affair, It Happened Just as the Children Were Filing Out.

A thrill of excitement was given to 2,000 children in Public School 32, in East 183d Street, between Belmont and Cambreling Avenues, the Bronx, just as they were being dismissed for the noon recess yesterday, by the discovery of a slight fire underneath the casing of the door leading to the south courtyard.

It is a five-story brick structure, nearly a city block square, with entrances on the north and south into courtyards. Miss Ohrenberg, the Acting Principal, had sounded the bell for the noon recess, and the children were filing out when one of them saw smoke. Two firemen were quickly summoned from Engine Company 88, in Belmont Avenue, and the fire was extinguished after about $15 damage had been done. It was not determined how it originated.

EXTENDS NIGHT COLLECTION.

Commissioner Thinks Noise Made by Garbage Men May Be Abated.

Commissioner Edwards of the Street Cleaning Department has decided to extend his overnight collection of garbage to all parts of Manhattan, the Bronx, and Brooklyn, except in a small outlying district of the latter borough. This has been decided upon after a practical test of the plan in certain districts since April 25.

Many civic associations and individuals have written to the Commissioner commending the plan, while a few have complained about the noise made by the work of collection at night. The matter of noise, the Commissioner thinks, may be satisfactorily regulated by proper supervision. General night collections will begin this evening.

City May Get Portrait of Cleveland.

The widow of Eastman Johnson, the painter, wrote to Mayor Gaynor several weeks ago, stating that she had a portrait of Grover Cleveland by her husband which she wished to sell to the city, to be hung in the City Hall. The Mayor referred the matter to Robert W. de Forest, President of the Art Commission, who had the portrait examined and reported that it is a splendid work of art and one of the best samples of Mr. Johnson's style. The Mayor is anxious to appoint a committee of citizens to buy the portrait by subscription. The cost would not exceed $1,000, it is said.

WRITER A SUICIDE IN JAIL AMBULANCE

Lloyd Light, Arrested in Portland, Ore., for Passing Worthless Checks, Takes Poison.

HIS AUTHORSHIP DISPUTED

Didn't Write "The Blue Envelope" as He Said, Declares Editor Lorimer—Had Prominent Friends.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTLAND, Ore., June 19.—Lloyd Light, a writer who said he was the author of "The Blue Envelope," a story which attracted much attention in recent issues of The Saturday Evening Post, died in a prison ambulance here to-day, and the police believe he took poison.

Light was wanted in many cities on the Pacific Coast for forging checks. He was arrested in Portland recently on the request of the manager of the Butler Hotel of Seattle for passing worthless checks. In every instance he passed checks on New York banks, but the various District Attorneys in turn gave up trying to make out a case against him, as the New York banks refused to allow their cashiers to come West and appear against him. Thus a conviction could not be obtained.

Light moved in good society and gave teas that were the talk of Seattle, Los Angeles, Portland, and San Francisco. Whenever he got into trouble society women, whose names were withheld, supplied him with funds for lawyers. He said he had a rich aunt in Jacksonville, Fla., but she never answered his telegrams for assistance. He lived lavishly, and dressed well.

When he was released from the Portland jail a short time ago he told of his experiences in jail in a remarkably descriptive story. He was rearrested in Portland, and was discovered in his cell this afternoon in a semi-conscious condition. He was being rushed to the hospital, but died in the ambulance on the way. The police believe he feared to stand trial again, and took his own life with poison.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 19.—George Horace Lorimer, editor of The Saturday Evening Post, said to-night that the supposed writer of "The Blue Envelope" was a faker—that the suicide, Lloyd Light, is not the author of the story.

"The author of 'The Blue Envelope,'" said Mr. Lorimer, "wrote so much of his own history into the story that he preferred at the time and prefers now to remain anonymous. He is a personal friend of mine, and was in my office this afternoon. You can say positively that the suicide was not the writer of the story at all."

HE SERENADES BROADWAY.

Promenaders along Broadway, between Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh Streets, last night were surprised to hear a man singing, apparently in the clouds. Sometimes the voice appeared to be on the east side of Broadway, and then it seemed to change over to the west side, while the gaping crowds wondered.

Finally the singer was located, standing on the roof of an unfinished fifteen-story building in West Thirty-sixth Street, at the rear of the Hotel Marlborough. To attract the attention of the crowds below he had an electric flashlight in his hand, which he waved at intervals between his singing of ballads through an enormous megaphone. His purpose was to advertise one of the music publishing houses, it was said.

"Old Fashioned Macy Sale"

You most appreciate the lowness of Macy regular prices by comparing them with special sale prices elsewhere.

We most appreciate the lowness of our regular prices when we have to get below them for the purpose of our own special sales.

YOU CAN SAVE
At Macy's To-day=

$10.00 to $20.00 on Women's Tailored Cloth Suits that are now all reduced to $19.74
Up to $19.00 on Cotton Voile Dresses that are now all reduced to $26.74
Nearly $5.00 on Satin and Pongee Reversible Coats in pastel shades or red, green, or blue, that are priced elsewhere at $16.50, at Macy's $11.74
An average of 25c. on Tub Dresses. Reduced to 49c
About 75c. on Batiste Kimono Waists $2.97
About $1.00 on "American Lady" Corsets (limited number) $1.49
17c. on Border Chiffon Veiling in black, white and colors ..... per yard, 48c
41c. on 12 Styles of Nightgowns reduced to $1.59
40c. on Six Styles of Women's Combinations reduced to $1.49
6c. on Women's Pure Irish Linen Handkerchiefs 6c
9c. on Black Fancy Striped Mercerized Batiste reduced to ..... per yard, 14c
Over 25% on Novelty Wash Goods, Dress Ginghams, &c., reduced to 9c, 11c, 23c

Embroideries and Laces, also embroidered Voile Robes, greatly reduced.

$2.00 on Women's Colonial Pumps made of Patent Leather, Tan Russia Calf, Black Calf, or White Canvas $3.96
25% on Chinese and Japanese Straw Matting which arrived too late to be priced as usual, 40 yard rolls at ..... $4.86 to $14.92
$1.75 on Box Couches, full size $6.49
$1.25 on Reed Couches, 72 in. long, 25 in. wide $9.94
60% on Sample Lengths of Carpets, Axminster, Velvet, Tapestries, &c. ..... per yard, 69c
30c. on 50 in. wide Craftsman Canvas for Draperies, &c. ..... per yard, 49c
$1.00 to $3.00 on White Enamel and Brass Beds now reduced to ..... $1.49 to $17.74
Many odd cents on Table Linens.
30 to 50% on Cut Glass Specials, including 200 Gas Lamps now reduced to $2.89
$2.38 on 56-piece Austrian China Decorated Dinner Sets, with gold on handles, now reduced to $5.49
10 to 25c. on Imported English Cretonne reduced to per yard, 24c

Sale of Enamel and Aluminum Ware—no "seconds"—also Wooden and Other Kitchen Utensils.

454 MEN'S SUITS
The kinds which usually cost $18.00, $20.00 and $22.00
All to be Sold at $14.75
If you were a first-class tailor and made one of these Suits yourself, it would cost you double what you are asked to pay in this sale.
8th Fl.

Men's Pure Linen Initial Handkerchiefs
Regularly $1.50 *Special* Six for 98c
Main Floor.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Macy's
B'way at 6th Av. 34th to 35th St.

MEN'S AND WOMEN'S
SILK HOSIERY SALE
at
COTTON HOSIERY PRICES
Special drive on No. L-82 Fine Lisle Hose with pure linen Toe and Heel (usually retailing at $2.00 per box of 6 pairs). Must be disposed of THIS WEEK
At 15c. a Pair
If you can wear holes in toe or heel inside of 6 months
YOU GET NEW ONES FREE.
A special retail sales force hired for this occasion.
LENOX SILK WORKS,
5 West 31st St. (Take Elevator.)
Open till 6:30 daily, including Saturday.

We Give Surety Stamps — O'NEILL-ADAMS Co. — Sixth Ave., 20th-22nd St. — We Redeem Surety Stamps

SUMMER FLOOR COVERINGS EXCEEDINGLY LOW PRICED
O'Neill Homefurnishing Store—Second Floor.

If you need one or more rugs for the country home, here is your opportunity. All the favorite fabrics go in this sale at a substantial reduction from every day prices.

Reversible Wool Mission Rugs
6x9 ft.; regularly $7.50, at $6.75. | 7½x10½ ft.; regularly $10.75, at $9.50.
9x12 ft.; regularly $14.75, at $12.50.

The Durable Wool and Fibre Rugs
3x6 ft.; regularly $1.90, at $1.50. | 8¼x10½ ft.; regularly $11.50, at $8.75.
6x9 ft.; regularly $8.25, at $6.75. | 9x12 ft.; regularly $12.75, at $10.

Crex, the most popular Summer Rug on the market. All sizes and colors always in stock.
3x6 ft., at $1.15 and $1.25 each. | 6x9 ft., at $3.40 and $4.15.
4½x7½ ft., at $2.10 and $2.18. | 8x10 ft., at $5.15 and $5.50.
9x12 ft., at $6.89 and $7.75

25c Fishnet Curtain Nets at 19c Yard
O'Neill Homefurnishing Store—First Floor.
An extra large assortment of this season's newest and most popular designs, either white or Arabian color, at 19c yd.

Renaissance Lace Bed Sets
An acceptable present for June brides, in an assortment of beautiful designs, all mounted on extra quality net, with bolster roll cover to match, also extra full valance.

Regular Price	$5	$7.50	$10	$12	$15 per set
Sale Price	$2.75	$5	$7.50	$8	$10 per set

$3 Awnings at $2.25 Each
O'Neill Homefurnishing Store—First Floor

Send us your measure and we will make and deliver awnings ready for you to hang. Size allowance up to 3 feet wide, 5 feet down, including skirt, and 2 feet 6 inches out; frames and fittings of galvanized iron.

NOTE:—We will send an instruction form telling how to take measures, also samples of stripes we make these awnings from, for your selection, upon request. We do not measure nor hang these $2.25 awnings, but would be pleased to quote you prices for measuring and hanging any other grade upon request.

The Re-Upholstering of Furniture
We do the same grade of upholstering or re-upholstering for you that we do for our own furniture department—which is the finest. The best workmen only are employed, capable of providing work of a guaranteed quality.
A postal or telephone call will bring us to you with estimates. Our telephone number is 5700 Chelsea.

25c Window Shades at 19c
3,000 of them—36x72 inches; perfectly opaque, mounted on spring rollers. There are a number of good colors. Probably yours is here.

Certificates, Diplomas and School Photos Framed at About Half Price
O'Neill Main Store—Fifth Floor.

16x20 1½-inch oak frames in black or Flemish; regularly $1.50, at 85c	16x20 1-inch oak frames in black or Flemish; regularly $1.00; at 65c	14x17 1-inch oak frames in black or Flemish; regularly 85c; at 50c

Picture Framing in All Its Branches
Our facilities enable us to execute orders for framing and mounting of pictures of every description carefully and promptly. The work is the best that long experience combined with skill can produce, and prices will be found extremely modest. We have always on hand a very extensive line of the latest ready-made picture frames and a splendid collection of the newest designs in hardwoods, antiques, gold and ivory for frames made to order. We will be pleased to submit estimates and suggestions.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Macy's
B'way at 6th Av. 34th to 35th St.

SEVERAL HUNDRED LINGERIE WAISTS *Just Received*
Four styles which cost 20% less here than elsewhere.
Dozens of values just as good await you in our Waist Department daily. Every novelty can be found among them as soon as introduced.
There are always some special values in quantities too small to advertise, and you may discover these by the "Not Advertised" signs with which they are placarded.
Prices on Domestic Waists copied from the French go to $39.89.
Imported Blouses of the most exquisite sort imaginable from $3.96 to $77.50.
2d Floor.

89c NAINSOOK HANDKERCHIEF BLOUSE—peasant sleeves; sailor collar, pleated tie ends, pocket and cuffs of fancy bordered handkerchiefs in various colors.
Sold Elsewhere at $1.00.

$1.29 PANELLED BLOUSE OF TUCKED BATISTE—front, back and sleeves inset with bands of shadow Valenciennes; Swiss embroidered oblongs on shoulders and down front.
Sold Elsewhere at $1.50.

99c TUCKED LAWN KIMONO BLOUSE—trimmed on front, back, collar and sleeves with wide linen lace; imitation Cluny lace medallions down front and on shoulders.
Sold Elsewhere at $1.25.

99c FRENCH FRILL BLOUSE—back and front tucked, and trimmed with torchon lace; imitation Cluny medallions set into front panel.
Sold Elsewhere at $1.25.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
Bloomingdale's
Lexington to 3d Ave. 59th to 60th St.

No matter whether you travel via auto, carriage, surface car, elevated train or afoot, Bloomingdales'—"The Store of Certain Satisfaction"—is easily and quickly reached from anywhere; convenient now to everywhere.

A Special Sale of Silk Hosiery:

Women's Silk Stockings 33c.
Sheer gauze, yet durable, in colors and black. Seldom has such an opportunity presented itself to buy silk stockings like these at such a low price. A great value.

Women's Silk Stockings 75c.
Full fashioned, extra high spliced linen heels and toes, in black, white and colors. A new pair for any that prove unsatisfactory. A splendid special.

Men's Silk Socks at 35c.
Finest quality silk socks, strictly fine quality; full fashioned; choice of all silk or cotton split soles; one of the striking specials in this great sale.

Men's Silk Socks at 75c.
Best grades of pure thread silk socks that can be made with cotton splicing. Tans, navy, grays and blacks. All sizes. The regular $1.25 quality.

Beautiful Foulards Worth Up to $2.00 at 89c
Imported and domestic foulards share in this important reduction sale. All this season's designs, including polka dots and stripes, 36 to 40 inches wide.

BLOOMINGDALES', Lex. to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th St.

NOTHING PROMOTES HEALTH LIKE PURE WATER

POLAND WATER

Purest Natural Spring Water in the World.

Bottled only at the Spring Under Perfect Sanitary Conditions.

HIRAM RICKER & SONS, Props

South Poland, Maine.

N. Y. Office, Poland Spring Building, 1180 Broadway (near 28th St.)

Franko Orchestra—Daily

Simpson Crawford Co.

SIXTH AV. 19TH TO 20TH ST. N.Y.

Do You Want A Natty Summer SUIT at ABOUT ⅓ TO ½ ITS FORMER PRICE?

COME to our Annual Choice-of-the-House Sale to-day. Second Floor.

¶ Hundreds of Suits to choose from.

¶ Every one in the top notch of style.

$16 Is All You Pay

¶ The former prices were $22.50, $25, $28.50, $30, $32.50.

¶ Business Suits, Dress Suits, Evening Dress Suits, Prince Alberts and Tuxedos.

¶ Serge or Alpaca lined. Some full-silk-lined, ½ silk-lined or ¼ silk-lined.

¶ Mostly imported fabrics — the newest Harris Tweeds, English Cassimeres and Cheviots, fine fancy Worsteds, Crashes, Flannels, Blue Serge and Black unfinished Cheviots as well as Mohairs and Priestley Cravenettes.

Sixth Ave., 19th to 20th St.

THE WEATHER FAIR

One bright, sunny morning James Whitcomb Riley met so many friends who remarked conventionally:

"Nice day, Mr. Riley!" that to the last one he said:

"Yes, I've heard it very highly spoken of."

There is a monotony about the experience of advertisers in Farm and Fireside. It is always nice weather to them.

FARM AND FIRESIDE

THE NATIONAL FARM PAPER

New York Springfield, Ohio Chicago

All coffee ills yield to well-made

Postum

Be sure it's well boiled.

THE MAYOR APPROVES THE SUBWAY REPORT

Though Sorry Interborough Didn't Get 4th Av. Line—He Asks Seth Low to Support It, Too.

AND PRENDERGAST IS GLAD

But Extends His Remarks to Mayor's Comment About 4th Ave., Which He Thinks Queer—Report Likely to Pass.

Following his letter to Charles M. Higgins of Brooklyn, in which he lamented that the Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, subway could not be given to the Interborough, Mayor Gaynor expressed yesterday a qualified acceptance of the report of the McAneny Committee and the Public Service Commission, saying that "in the main" it was to be accepted by the Board of Estimate at its meeting tomorrow.

As matters stood after Saturday's conference when Mr. McAneny accepted the amendments insisted upon by President Mitchel of the Aldermen and Controller Prendergast, the indications were that the report in its present shape would be accepted in toto by the majority of the board. This did not include any estimate of where the Mayor would stand.

Mayor Gaynor received yesterday Seth Low, Chairman of the Joint Committee of the Chamber of Commerce and the Merchants' Association, which recommended last Fall that the Interborough's subway offer of Dec. 5 be at once accepted by the city. The Mayor said after Mr. Low had left him that he and his visitor were in agreement, and that he had asked Mr. Low to get his committee to indorse the McAneny report; also to have the Chamber of Commerce and the Merchants' Association continue their Subway Committee in order to give their views from time to time.

"Of course," said the Mayor, "a great deal remains to be done after the report is accepted by the Board of Estimate. The report itself is not entirely as I would wish to have it. But in the main it is to be accepted, and we shall then go to work and build the city subways."

The early editions of the afternoon newspapers yesterday also quoted the Mayor as saying that he did not intend his letter to Mr. Higgins to be considered significant of his opposition to the McAneny report, and his adherence to the plan of building the Triborough subway. On this subject, Controller Prendergast had this to say:

Prendergast Glad to Hear It.

"I notice that Mayor Gaynor is now quoted as saying that he does not desire any significance to be attached to his remarks in a letter to Mr. Higgins this morning on the subject of the Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, subway. I am very glad that this is so, for had the Mayor's letter been allowed its natural significance, it would have been impossible to resist the conclusion that he was joining the friends of the Interborough who were once more engaged in an effort to becloud the subway situation.

"In the letter to Mr. Higgins, the Mayor appears to be worried for fear the unity of the subway system will be broken by taking the Fourth Avenue line out of it. By this I assume that he means the unity of the system now operated by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company for, from any other point of view, it would appear obvious that the unity of transit development in the interest of the great mass of the people who will use the Fourth Avenue subway, demands that it be co-ordinated with the lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, present and proposed, for which it is a natural connection.

"It requires but a moment's study of the map to which, as we are informed, his Honor has paid a great deal of attention in times past, to see that the Fourth Avenue subway brings the traffic created by the three South Brooklyn lines and the Third Avenue-Bay Ridge extension of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company by the most natural and logical route into Manhattan and, through its connection with the proposed Broadway subway in Manhattan, gives to this great traffic a proper distribution through the business, hotel, and theatre districts of the greater city.

Effecting a Union of Lines.

"It might be remarked with entire propriety that the same series of connections affords the maximum accommodation to the great majority of the people who seek their recreation at Coney Island, but in this connection the thought should not be neglected that the basic consideration in the development of a comprehensive system, is an arrangement of lines so that they will serve the interests of the largest range of territory and of population, and at the same time will become self-sustaining in the briefest period.

"In this development a very important factor is the element of time within which the facilities can be provided, as those who have read the recent literature of the Interborough Company well know. We have the three former steam railroad lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit now operated by electricity south of Thirty-sixth Street, and its present Third Avenue-Bay Ridge extension waiting for adequate extensions into the heart of Brooklyn and of Manhattan. We have also the Fourth Avenue subway to the neighborhood of Fortieth Street, Brooklyn, nearing completion. It is proposed to bring these lines together and, obviously, such a union can be effected almost immediately upon the completion of the Fourth Avenue subway, and real rapid transit given while the Brooklyn Company is reconstructing its South Brooklyn lines.

"The Mayor is also concerned, according to his letter, for the people of Queens, who, he fears, will be obliged to pay two fares and change cars in order to reach Coney Island. I wonder if he recalls the discussion in the conferences of Saturday morning on the subject of giving the Brooklyn Company trackage rights over the lines to Astoria and Woodside which, under the McAneny report, the Interborough Company would receive as its own extensions.

Interborough's Early View of It.

"The eagerness which the Interborough and its friends now display to capture the Fourth Avenue subway system offers a pleasant contrast to the attitude of the company and all of its allies ever since the Fourth Avenue subway was proposed. In its offer of Dec. 5 the Interborough, on account of the alleged unprofitableness of the Fourth Avenue with its extensions, demanded that it should be placed under a separate operating contract, on a basis which would have starved its earnings for the benefit of the existing Interborough lines, and even then was willing to take it only with a guarantee by the city against loss in its operation. So far as any one knows in an official way, the company's attitude in this connection is still unchanged. At all events, it insisted upon its demands for a guarantee on the Fourth Avenue subway down to the time of its last conferences with the Transit Committee of the Board of Estimate and the Public Service Commission.

"We have read since that time that the Interborough is willing to waive this guarantee, and has become so enamoured of the Fourth Avenue subway that it is anxious to operate it through to Coney Island for a 5-cent fare in connection with its present and proposed lines through Manhattan to the Bronx. The lateness of this affection makes it rather suspicious, but, in addition, it is impossible to forget that even with the guarantee waived the Interborough's latest proposal for the Fourth Avenue Subway still assumes an operating basis which must starve this line for the benefit of its existing lines and then make the deficits almost certain to be realized on such a basis, cumulative against the entire extended system of the city.

The Advantage of Recapture.

"It is no doubt essential to preserve for South Brooklyn the same possibilities of competition which are preserved under the subway report as it now stands for the rest of the city; therefore it should not be forgotten that the Fourth Avenue Brooklyn subway, in connection with the entire Broadway subway in Manhattan, can be recaptured by the city at any time after ten years of operation, and that the extensions of the Fourth Avenue road which the Brooklyn Rapid Transit proposes to complete with its own money, will, like the rest of the line, be put in under ten-year indeterminate franchises. It may be also noted that the Nostrand Avenue line, which the conferrees have recommended giving to the Interborough, can at relatively small cost be extended at any time to Coney Island and active competition established with the Coney Island lines of the Brooklyn Company from all points in the territory common to both systems, as well as through operation inaugurated from the Bronx to Coney Island for 5 cents, in accordance with the announced desire of the Interborough.

"If there were no other element in the situation, the fact that the Brooklyn Company is the only one in the field which has made to the proper authorities a bona fide offer for the operation of the Fourth Avenue subway with its extensions, is in itself enough to commend the wisdom of the report giving this line to the Brooklyn Rapid Transit."

EXPECT REAL ESTATE REVIVAL.

Dealers Say Long Delay in Subway Plans Has Checked Investment.

A marked revival of business activity in some sections of the city, amounting even to a boom, is predicted just as soon as definite action is taken on subways. In the opinion of realty men and large operators the delay in providing for a comprehensive transit plan serving many of the outlying districts of the city has retarded until now the growth of many choice residential districts. Edgar J. Levey, President of the Title Insurance Company of New York, said yesterday that in practically all parts of the city, outside of some sections of Manhattan and the eastern part of the Bronx, where the completion of the Lenox Avenue subway to West Farms stimulated building operations on a large scale, there has been stagnation as a result of the unsettled plans for subways.

"Building has been slack and buyers have joined the waiting list. There has been an element of doubt, and when this obtrudes itself into the real estate business, there can be no healthful activity. The subway in the eastern part of the Bronx benefited that section, but the western half of the Bronx has been neglected and the entire territory served by Jerome Avenue has witnessed almost no development.

"I know of a large tract bordering Jerome Avenue, on which an estate has been paying carrying charges of nearly $500,000 for the last twenty years, and it is doubtful if the property could be sold for $75,000 if put up at auction to-day. A speedy decision whereby the public will know just what is going to be done and how soon will recult in a great business awakening throughout the city, and everybody will be the better for it."

No sections of the city have been so insistent for subways and new transit extensions as Brooklyn and Queens, and now that the dawn of these much-needed and long-deferred improvements is appearing, indications of renewed activity, or, as one man expressed it, a real estate revival, are becoming manifest in those boroughs.

"The real estate market to-day is a narrow one," said Lewis Preston, who is manager of many large estates. "It has been chiefly confined to apartment house investments on the west side and commercial deals in the new midtown loft zone, of which Fourth Avenue has been a most conspicuous example. Everybody has been waiting to see just where the new transit routes would be laid out. To induce investors to enter a new field you have got to show them its accessibility. When improved transit facilities make these new fields accessible, buildings will go up to meet the insistent demand for homes and the real estate operators will be among the leaders in such a movement."

Louis Bright, Vice President of the Lawyers' Title Insurance and Trust Company, said that undoubtedly the delay in arriving at an early decision on the transit question had held back building and buying operations, particularly outside of Manhattan. He thought property valuations, in the main, had remained stationary, but in spite of these conditions the assessment valuations had gone up enormously.

"The taxpayers and property owners believe that it is now time that they received some returns from the city for these additional assessments," said Mr. Bright, "and I am glad to see that there is now a tendency to get to work. Although every one may not be pleased, the fact that something definite will be known as to where the new lines will be and how and under what conditions they will be built will be of immense advantage, as it will give a permanent foundation upon which to base future realty dealings and building operations."

E. B. Boynton, President of the American Real Estate Company, which has operated to a large extent in the Hunt's Point district of the Bronx, admitted that while the east side of the Bronx had shown considerable activity, development in general throughout the city had been held up through the delay on the transit question.

"Nothing is gained by these delays," added Mr. Boynton. "Investment money is tied up. Investors have been waiting for an opportunity, and although there has been a steady volume of business in the Bronx it is not fair to continue these conditions much longer, and I am sanguine enough to believe that the period of long and patient waiting is over."

William H. Milner of Wood, Harmon & Co. spoke enthusiastically of the McAneny report.

"While all of the development companies with large land interests in the outskirts of Brooklyn did not get all that they had hoped for," said he, "there is, fortunately, a disposition to be satisfied, for the new lines will be of immense advantage in removing the lethargy which has long existed among the buying public. This delay of four years in transit affairs has been a serious one for Brooklyn.

"There is an enormous amount of territory within a few miles of the City Hall, Manhattan, which has been virtually useless because of its inaccessibility. Any greater delay will be fatal. Of course, it will take some time to complete these lines, but the fact that they are determined upon will stimulate speculative and investment buying, and building improvements will quickly follow.

"Brooklyn's property assessments were put up this year about $300,000,000, and I do not believe that land values throughout the borough have advanced 10 per cent.

"In many cases, especially in the Flatbush section, investors have held off from buying along a trolley line, preferring to wait to see where the better transit route would go. When this is settled there will be activity, not only along the proposed subway or elevated route, but also along the trolley line, for buyers will know just what to expect."

W. H. Goldey of the John R. Corbin Company, one of the largest building operators in the Flatbush section, said that the long delay in settling the transit question had greatly retarded the normal growth of Flatbush. Only a short time ago a prospective buyer declined to locate in Flatbush because he said he could reach Forest Hills, L. I., by the Pennsylvania system, which is almost as far from New York as Flatbush, in fourteen minutes, and others have stated that they could get to various towns in New Jersey much quicker than to that part of Brooklyn.

"If the proposition to extend the Brighton Beach line under Flatbush Avenue from Atlantic Avenue, going as far as Malbone Street, which the McAneny report stipulates is to be done by the B. R. T. at its own expense, is carried out," added Mr. Goldey, "it will give Flatbush as quick transit facilities as many of the neighboring towns of Long Island and New Jersey now enjoy by the Pennsylvania tubes.

"It will bring acres of undeveloped territory in the lower part of Brooklyn into the market for homes, and investors will find it a profitable field for their operations."

CLAIMS GIRL SUICIDE'S BODY.

Father Orders Elsie Oswald's Body Buried Here—Won't See the Millers.

The body of Elsie Oswald, the young woman who committed suicide on the lawn at the home of Charles P. Miller, Vice President of the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company, at 27 Cottage Place, Mount Vernon, was claimed yesterday at Boyle's Morgue on Mount Vernon Avenue by Erhard Oswald, her father, who is Superintendent of a stock yard in Roxborough, a suburb of Philadelphia.

Almost the first thing Oswald did when he entered the undertaking establishment where his daughter's body lay was to draw out a thick roll of greenbacks and place $100 on the table.

"I want my daughter to be buried here, as quickly and as quietly as possible," he told Undertaker Boyle. "She had been away from home for practically twelve years, visiting us only occasionally. She was 23 years old.

"I shall not attempt to see the Miller family while I am here, and I know nothing about her relations with young Miller except that she told another of my daughters, when she visited us last Easter, that she was engaged to be married to a young man of that name."

The girl's body will be buried this morning in Kensico Cemetery near White Plains.

DEMANDS REMOVAL OF DR. A. W. FERRIS

Mrs. Georgia C. Balch Accuses President of State Lunacy Commission of Illegally Accepting a Fee.

TESTIFIED SHE WAS INSANE

Then Put in a Bill for $200 After Her Release from Bloomingdale, She Tells Gov. Dix.

ALBANY, June 19.—Gov. Dix has been asked to remove Dr. Albert Warren Ferris, President of the State Commission in Lunacy, on charges which have been filed by Mrs. Georgia C. Balch of 37 East Fifty-third Street, New York, through her attorneys, Fowler & Lesser, of New York. Dr. Ferris is accused of illegally receiving a fee of $200. A copy of the charge has been served on Dr. Ferris, and he is required to answer on or before June 26.

Mrs. Balch was an inmate of the Bloomingdale Hospital for the Insane at White Plains for a short time prior to March, 1911. In the preceding December an application was made for the appointment of a committee of her person and property, and at the request of her special guardian Dr. Ferris came to Bloomingdale to examine her medical condition. He was also a witness before a jury, testifying that Mrs. Balch was insane and incompetent to manage her property. Mrs. Balch was released on the jury's verdict that she was competent to manage her own affairs. A short time later Dr. Ferris presented a bill for examining Mrs. Balch and testifying in court. The bill was paid under written protest.

In the papers filed with the Governor it is asserted that Dr. Ferris had no legal right to make the charge, as he is employed by the State to examine all persons committed to the hospital to determine the condition of their sanity. It is contended that Dr. Ferris received pay from the State and from Mrs. Balch for the same work.

Dr. Ferris was appointed President of the State Commission in Lunacy by Gov. Hughes in September, 1907, the term of office being indefinite. He receives an annual salary of $7,500 and $1,200 a year in lieu of expenses. On the order of Gov. Dix the department of the Lunacy Commission is being investigated by William Church Osborn and George E. Van Kennen as Commissioners.

OLYMPIC EXCEEDS PROMISE.

Made 542 Knots Sunday and Should Reach Ambrose Channel To-night.

The following wireless dispatch from Capt. Smith, commander of the White Star Line leviathan Olympic, was received at the offices of the company in this city yesterday:

On Board Olympic, via Cape Race, 8:30 A. M., June 19, 1911.

Up to this hour the Olympic has exceeded the speed promised by her builders, her average from noon Saturday to noon Sunday being 21.86 knots. Since passing Daunt's Rock at 4:22 P. M. Thursday she has done the following: To noon Friday, 405 knots; to noon Saturday, 524 knots; to noon Sunday, 542 knots. Weather fine. Present weather outlook less favorable. At this writing all going smoothly.

The Olympic will probably reach the Ambrose Channel late to-night and come to her pier Wednesday morning.

MacMahon Offers His Resignation.

J. Grafton MacMahon, whose appointment as Elections Commissioner by Mayor Gaynor was declared contrary to law by the Court of Appeals, offered his resignation yesterday. It was worded "to be accepted if the Mayor desired." The Mayor said he would not take action until he had carefully read the findings of the court.

DESKS

Charles E. Matthews

COMMERCIAL FURNITURE

278 Canal Street Just East of Broadway

PHONE 1299 SPRING

Along New England Shores

TEST the joys of summer on the New England Coast—you'll understand why the region is so popular. You'll be lavishly entertained at the famous great hotels—you'll find homelike comfort in the less expensive smaller houses or you can rent a finely situated cozy cottage. Here you always get the wonderful rest and brace of the grand old salt sea.

Summer Sports and Sociability

The bathing, sailing, golf and tennis on the New England Coast bring devotees from all over the country. For motoring, driving, tramping there are miles of charming off-lying country. Days of sport and evenings of gaiety—and always pleasant companionship.

Through Express Trains (Daily except Sunday)

Leave Grand Central Terminal, New York

8 P. M. (beginning June 19)

9:03 A. M. " " " 26)

Parlor, Sleeping and Dining Cars and Coaches

Beautifully Illustrated Literature

Full of the detailed information much needed when arranging your plans, quickly supplied on request, enclosing two cents postage. Prompt attention gives all correspondence. Address—

ADVERTISING BUREAU

Room 562, South Station, Boston

For Tickets, Parlor and Sleeping Car Space write or call

CITY TICKET OFFICE

171 Broadway New York City

THE NEW ENGLAND LINES

BOSTON & MAINE — MAINE CENTRAL

"All the music of all the world"

$150 Columbia Grafonolas "Mignon"

In All Woods

Reduced to $125

This instrument is famed for its EXCELLENT TONE, and has a 4-spring motor which is not contained in any other make, regardless of price. It also has a cabinet with albums for records. Surpasses any $200 instrument on the market. Complete line of Talking Machines and records. An inspection implies no obligation to purchase.

TERMS $5 CASH. $5 MONTHLY.

Wm. KNABE & Co.

5th Ave. and 39th St.

Established 1837

B. Altman & Co.

WOMEN'S DOMESTIC UNDERWEAR

FOR THIS DAY (TUESDAY).

UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES WILL PREVAIL ON A SPECIAL SELECTION OF WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR, COMPRISING NIGHT ROBES, PETTICOATS, DRAWERS AND COMBINATION GARMENTS.

THESE GARMENTS WILL BE OFFERED AT VARIOUS PRICES INCLUDING SOME . . AT $1.50 TO 3.25

CLOSING HOURS: 5 P. M.; 12 NOON ON SATURDAYS.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Wm Vogel & Son

MEN'S SILK SHIRTS FROM JAPAN. BOTH THE FABRICS AND SHIRTS ARE OF ORIENTAL ORIGIN, MADE WITH THE TRADITIONAL JAPANESE FIDELITY TO DETAIL. SO INFINITELY FINE IS THE STITCHING THAT A LENS IS NECESSARY TO DETECT IT. WHITE AND COLORED GROUNDS WITH VARICOLORED CERAMIC STRIPES. BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH THE MAKERS THESE SILK SHIRTS ARE CONFINED TO THIS HOUSE EXCLUSIVELY IN AMERICA..... $5.00

COLLARS TO MATCH 50c EXTRA

WM. VOGEL & SON

TIMES SQUARE

Broadway at 44th Street

Advertising in all branches

Cheltenham Advertising Service

150 Fifth Ave. at 20th St.

Ætna

Can It Happen to You?

On May 22d a New York banker was quietly riding with friends in his automobile along a highway near Paterson, N. J. To avoid a team the banker, turning his car aside, ran into a ditch. The car turned over. The banker was hurt so seriously that he died June 1st.

This Accident Cost the Ætna Life Insurance Co.

$58,607

On February 5, 1908, this banker bought a $25,000 Accumulative Accident Policy in the ÆTNA LIFE on which he paid four annual premiums of $125. Under the 10% accumulation feature the insurance increased to $32,500.

On October 22, 1910, he bought a second policy of the same kind, paying one premium of $125. Weekly indemnity and surgical operation fees added $1,107 more. The total amount paid, $58,607, cost him only $625 in premiums.

$58,607 for $250 Annual Premium

The banker to whom this accident happened was Mr. William Porter, of the firm of Erickson, Perkins & Co., of New York. He had been a successful business man and the fact that he carried accident insurance was one indication of his business judgment.

Are your business methods equally sound? If you do not carry accident insurance, do not let the day pass without calling up your broker or finding an agent of the

Ætna Life Insurance Co.

HARTFORD, CONN.

CHAS. H. PHELAN . . . . Manager, 100 William Street

FRANK F. EAGLES . . . . Manager, 277 Broadway

WALTER G. GABBEY . . . Manager, Fifth Avenue Building

NEW YORK

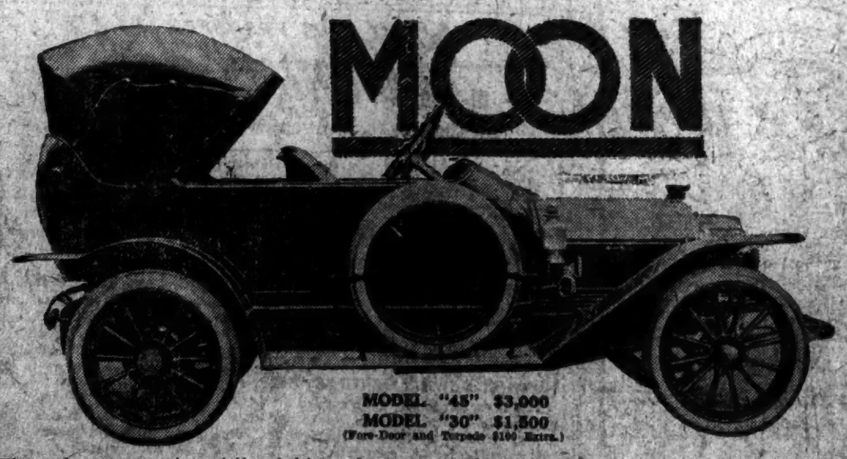
Any Automobile Manufacturer who says he has the best car—is dangerous.

There isn't any best car.

There are many good cars.

Some are better in this respect, some in that, some in others. The only way to get at the facts is to determine the essentials, the vital engineering and structural points—the things that make for steady service—and then judge of the appearance to suit your own fancy.

On this basis we are getting more than our share of the business; a good deal more. And our buyers are getting all they pay for. The Moon Motor Car is one car that lasts.



MODEL "45" $3,000

MODEL "30" $1,500

(Fore-Door and Torpedo $100 Extra.)

The only sure way to get the right car for your use is to compare the various good cars—and the *Moon* among them. Comparison is the secret of Moon sales.

Fore-Door, Torpedoes, Roadsters, Limousines and Landaus—the big Chart shows them all.

Moon Motor Car Company of N. Y., 237 WEST 58th STREET

FACTORY, ST. LOUIS, U.S.A.

WISCONSIN CREW'S HARD RUN OF MISHAPS

Varsity Eight Weakened by Illness and Other Causes—No Chance in Race.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 19.—With two more men put off the Wisconsin Varsity eight this morning, the run of bad luck which seems to have started with the loss of McMiller about a month ago is still following the Westerners, and what is now left of the eight is hard to recognize from the one that clipped twenty-five seconds off the lake record at Madison a short time ago.

According to Richardson, last year's coxswain of the Badger boat, the eight is now hopelessly shot to pieces, and each day seems to be making matters worse. Soon after the squad arrived, Samp, at No. 5, had to leave the boat on account of blood poisoning in his hand, and Capt. McLeod followed the freshman eight on account of sore hands. Then Saturday Pollack, at No. 6 in the first octet, had to withdraw temporarily on account of boils.

It was hoped that to-day would find conditions better, but Samp was the only one who could get back, while Roberts, at No. 5, was taken out because of a bad boil which it is now feared will keep him out permanently. With but one 'Varsity substitute now available, Perry, a freshman, has had to go in temporarily for Roberts, while Bowen, the only 'Varsity second string man, is filling Pollack's place for the two or three days that he will be out. Templeton is the only man in the eight who is not now troubled with boils. Corley, the coxswain of the veteran shell, had a slight sunstroke, and Richardson, who is with the squad this year as a newspaper correspondent, has had to go in and steer the boat until Corley gets back into condition.

Except at the Wisconsin camp the oarsmen all seem to be in good condition with the exception of a few boils among the Pennsylvania freshmen, but both of the men who were absent last week are back, and it is probable that they will soon get over the affliction.

A few minor ills were reported at the Cornell quarters, but they did not keep any of the men out of the boats. Courtney took his crews over the course this morning, but they were only rowing at a thirty-two stroke throughout, and no time was taken. The two crews went along in beautiful shape, however, and seemed to be only waiting the order from the coach to strike up racing speed.

In the afternoon Mrs. Harry Van Cleef of Poughkeepsie was the guest of Coach Courtney in his coaching launch, the Cornell, and he directed the crews to row down past Milton in an exhibition row. Mrs. Van Cleef has always been very much interested in the Ithaca oarsmen, and each year holds a reception to which other oarsmen are invited to meet the Cornell boys.

A driving time trial was held by Ellis Ward's Pennsylvania crews, and the Quakers started off rowing a thirty-six stroke. They dropped this to thirty-two for the greater part of the distance, and with the finishing quarter mile hit it up to thirty-seven. The eight rowed well and showed improvement and the Pennsy freshman octet was left far in the background. In the afternoon they took an easy paddle down to Milton and back, a distance of about eight miles in all.

The Columbia crews stuck mostly to the upper course, and Courtney said again today that he had not yet seen the light blue and white crews row. The eight is still rowing in the new shell, and the latest is that they will probably use this for the regatta. The morning row consisted of a long paddle up past the icehouse, located above Krum Elbow, and then down to the two-mile mark, and about the same row was held in the afternoon.

Although the Syracuse oarsmen were not put through any time trials, they nevertheless were sent over the course in the morning at a moderately fast clip. The only difference between this row and a time trial yas that they neither sprinted at the start nor the finish. In the afternoon Jim Ten Eyck joined the other crews down stream. The freshman eight is still rowing in wretched form and the boys showed up badly when they went over part of the course with the 'Varsity eight.

YALE'S FOUR-MILE ROW.

'Varsity Eight Pulls Downstream Over Course in 23:58.

GALE'S FERRY, Conn., June 19.—At a stroke started at 26 and raised to 28 with a 32 at the finish, the Yale 'Varsity eight went downstream over the four-mile course to-night in 23:58. Prior to the 'Varsity time row the freshman eight paddled over the course downstream and sprinted the last half mile, covering it in 2:48.

The fours were the first on the river to-night with Oldenburg, who rows No. 2 in the first four out of his boat on account of boils, Freyfogle, a freshman substitute taking his place.

Coach Kennedy left the fours to themselves and they rowed downstream to the navy yard and back.

The freshman eight was taken out by Mr. Kennedy, who followed them closely down over the course and started them on their sprint of half a mile. On the return to quarters of the freshmen, the 'Varsity went to the start and at a 28 stroke started down the course. About half way the stroke went up to 32, and for the last three-quarters was at 34. The tide was running out and there was an upstream wind which made the water a little rough. At the finish the eight boarded the launch and were taken to the boathouse.

Several visitors followed the eight over the course on the launch Elihu Yale.

RED TOP, Conn., June 19.—For the first time in several years all the Harvard crews rowed upstream together past the Yale quarters to-night. The two eights led, followed by the fours with the pair-oared and the launch last. The river was smooth and not much air was stirring. On reaching Allen's Point all of them paddled slowly. They turned about and on the return the two eights on reaching Kitemaug had a brush for half a mile, the stroke going up as high as 34. The 'Varsity finished about two lengths ahead.

The fours also had a half-mile brush at about the same point, which the first 'Varsity won by a length and a half. Trailing each other, the boats returned to quarters. If conditions are favorable a time row may be taken to-morrow afternoon.

AMERICAN YACHTS BEST.

Beaver First, Cima Second, and Bibelot Third for Emperor's Cup.

KIEL, Germany, June 19.—The American yachts made a clean sweep in the first of the international yacht races for sonder class boats here to-day, the Beaver, Cima, and the Bibelot, all Americans, finishing in the order named.

The visiting racers were only seconds apart at the goal. The German competitors, Tilly XIV., the Seehund III., and the Wannsee, in this order, were far behind. The Beaver, the winner, is owned and was sailed by J. C. Eustace, George C. Radney, and George Nichols of the Eastern Yacht Club.

The times were: Beaver, 2 hours 49 minutes and 15 seconds; Cima, 2 hours 49 minutes and 18 seconds; Bibelot, 2 hours 49 minutes and 30 seconds; Tilly XIV., 2 hours 52 minutes and 58 seconds; Seehund III., 2 hours 56 minutes and 16 seconds; Wannsee, 2 hours 56 minutes and 31 seconds.

The wind was brisk at the start, but later moderated, and a smooth sea favored the Americans.

The victory, which inaugurated "Kiel Week," was a brilliant one. After the first leg the race became a double contest, the Americans fighting nip and tuck for first honors and the German racers seesawing by themselves in a second group.

The race was over a triangular course, twice around, with the first leg a thrash to windward, the second a reach, followed by a spinnaker run.

The boats crossed the line well bunched, the Bibelot and Beaver having a few feet advantage, which was steadily increased. The Cima made a poor showing on the first leg, but after that joined the leaders. The Americans fought out the last run to the finish line, which they crossed almost aligned.

MARBLEHEAD, Mass., June 19.—The victory of the three American challengers, Beaver, Cima, and Bibelot, at Kiel in the initial race for the Emperor's Cup, was the source of considerable satisfaction at the Eastern Yacht Club, of which organization nearly all the yachtsmen manning the three sonder boats are members.

All three boats were selected last September at the conclusion of the trial races in Buzzards Bay.

The result of to-day's race was the first sweeping victory that challenging sonder yachts have scored in an international event, as the Americans were consistently beaten in their first visit to Kiel in 1907, while the German and Spanish boats were defeated at Marblehead in 1906, 1909, and 1910.

AMERICAN TRACK TEAM.

Harvard and Yale Pick Men to Compete Against Oxford and Cambridge.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 19.—The Harvard and Yale track team which will go to England to compete against Oxford and Cambridge at Jeltes in London on July 11 has been decided with the exception of the hammer throwers. To-day Capt. Foster of the Harvard team announced the American competitors as follows:

100-yard dash, Reilly and Thatcher of Yale; quarter-mile run, Keller of Harvard and Stewart of Yale; half-mile run, Jacques of Harvard and Preble of Harvard; mile run, Lawless of Harvard; two-mile run, Withington of Harvard and Ryan of Yale; 120-yard hurdles, Chisholm of Yale and Cummings of Harvard; running high jump, Barker of Harvard and Canfield of Yale; running broad jump, Kilpatrick of Yale and Holden of Yale.

The hammer throwers, Howard and Cable of Harvard and Childs of Yale, will meet in competition this week to decide which two shall take the trip abroad.

In a letter received from England today the Englishmen stated that they were unwilling to have a two-mile race instead of a three-mile event, and also that they did not want to have the shot put included in the list of events.

Capt. Foster believes that the American two-milers cannot get into shape to run three miles and to-day cabled to London that unless a two-mile race was agreed upon that the Americans would insist on having the shot put a part of the championship programme. Regarding having the American team take freshmen to compete the Englishmen have written that they are perfectly willing. It has been decided also that the hurdles not only will be run on the turf but that they will be fixed according to the English custom.

GREAT NECK POLO TEAM BEATS MAGPIES

Handicapped at 12 Goals Each, Winners Outclass Their Opponents at Meadow Brook.

The regular tournament of the Meadow Brook Club, as scheduled by the Polo Association, opened yesterday on the international field, and the first event of fifteen listed, involved J. S. Phipps, J. P. Grace, H. C. Phipps, and Howard Phipps, who played as the second quartet of the Great Neck Club, under the aggregate handicap of 12 goals. Their opponents were E. S. Reynal, Raymond Belmont, J. Cheever Cowdin, and C. Frick, known as the Meadow Brook Magpies, at the same official rating.

The teams, therefore, started even, and there was no allowance by reason of reputed playing strength, though the form shown by the winning organization from Great Neck, certainly made it appear as if the handicapper had either underrated the Phipps family or failed to reduce one or two of the losing brigade.

The Magpies were outclassed in two periods, the Phipps brothers evidently scoring at will. It was not until the fourth chukker opened that Mr. Reynal struck the initial goal for his side, and only this player made a second visit to the Great Neck stronghold. The attacking force of the Magpies seemed to be all expended during this period, or, at any rate, this exhausted the team's effectiveness, as it was unable to repeat, and it finished with a net score of 1¼ goals, as against 11¾ earned by the Great Necks.

All this, however, does not mean that the Magpies did not try hard. Ther certainly did make many strenuous efforts, and at intervals they kept their opponents busily engaged. For instance, in the opening period it took the Great Necks exactly six minutes and fifteen seconds before they got the ball lined out under J. P. Grace's mallet and sent it through the posts.

In the third round exchanges were continuous for nearly four minutes and a half, and in the sixth chukker the Great Necks had to race up and down the field, work the ball around the corners, and drive repeatedly toward the goal for no less than eight minutes and thirty seconds before J. P. Grace took his clear lead from a play-up by J. S. Phipps and scored in the overtime.

It was by no means the walkover that the score would indicate, and it must be said that on several occasions the crosfield work and goal-saving strokes of J. Cheever Cowdin and Raymond Belmont, together with some hard riding and ball driving on the part of Eugene S. Reynall, deserve to be recorded as quite up to, if not above, par. Mr. Frick was not wound up to anything like a keen edge until the combat was far advanced.

Mr. Frick's mallet was off-stroke frequently, and at times he appeared to be a passenger. On the other hand, some very neat play must be credited to him, and as the game neared its close he seemed to change positions with Cowdin and Reynall, and was then more effective.

By the time J. P. Grace and the brothers Phipps had, between them, accounted for five goals, the third period was reached, and then it was that the Magpies settled down to play old-fashioned polo.

Mr. Belmont was superbly mounted in the third round, and played just a shade over his three goal rating, but his strenuous efforts were in vain, as he did not appear to be able to do more than pass the ball to his colleagues, although one or two goal saving strokes from his mallet were wonderfully well delivered. Further, his bumping of opponents at speed toward the last of the game was extremely clever, and it is some consolation to know that had he been backed up better his under and over pony strokes would certainly have achieved all that they were intended to obtain.

Safety tipping back of their own line seemed to be all that obviated a whitewashing. In the third and fourth periods Frick resorted to this plan on two occasions, and Cowdin's direction was at fault once, with a similar result. On the other side H. C. Phipps was caught napping during the third round, and he found it necessary to take the least of two evils, and so suffered a fine of a quarter goal.

It was in the fourth period that J. S. Phipps got in some of the finest work of the day, and his goal in thirty-three seconds was actual star play and worthy of a better cause. The Great Necks were played north, and the ball was carried at remarkable speed to the goal from a glancing shot at a sharp angle.

After Howard Phipps registered a goal in twenty-five seconds to open the fifth period the teams settled down for quite a busy seance. It was at this time that the Blues from Great Neck were riding recklessly to the southward. Mr. Reynal brought the ball past the clubhouse at a thrilling clip, and in a flash high-class polo was on, H. C. Phipps meeting the sphere and returning it by a clever stroke under his pony. The Blues tried twice to force the goal down, and each time the Whites worked it away and took it clear up field.

Perhaps the best polo of the afternoon occurred during the sixth chukker. The Great Necks flashed it south, but young Cheever Cowdin soon changed that condition of things by a clever over-shoulder stroke, but his duplicate resulted in a blank. J. P. Grace got into the game with a vengeance at this point. A wonderful piece of play ensued between H. C. Phipps and J. P. Grace, the former placing for the latter, who took it south and scored in the most brilliant style. The Whites persistently kept it in the Blue territory by corner and end play, but there was too much trampling on the ball, and no one seemed to have the initiative to get it "out of coventry." Grace-stimulating got his chance to drive magnificently to the southward, but Cowdin neatly turned the ball and, in the mêlée Frick's pony put him to grass for a moment.

In the windup Raymond Belmont distinguished himself b ya side clip under his mount, and the ball was sent to its resting place, perhaps a little wide in direction, and so came the adjournment until to-day, when Great Neck First (E. Cowdin, Hamilton Hadden, and J. C. Milliru—also one not yet on the lists will oppose the New Haven Seconds, Rathbone, Holt, La Boutiller, and David Dows. The game will be the second for the Hempstead Cup, and on Wednesday the International Cup winners will meet the Magpies for the Meadow Brook Cup. Yesterday's line-up:

MAGPIES.	GREAT NECK II.
1—E. S. Reynal.	1—J. S. Phipps.
2—R. Belmont.	2—J. P. Grace.
3—J. C. Cowdin.	3—H. C. Phipps.
Back—C. Frick.	Back—Howard Phipps.

Goals—Great Neck: J. P. Grace, (3.) H. C. Phipps, (1.) J. S. Phipps, (3.) Howard Phipps, (1.); less ¼ for penalty. Total—11¾. Magpies: Reynal, (2.) less ¾. Total—1¼.

Bryn Mawr Beats Cooperstown Again.

PHILADELPHIA, June 19.—Bryn Mawr again defeated Cooperstown at polo to-day in a match for the Wootton Cup at Bryn Mawr, 11¾ goals to 5¼. The line-up and handicaps of the teams were:

BRYN MAWR.	H'CAP.	COOPERSTOWN.	H'CAP.
Alex. Brown	6	C. R. Bradleston	6
H. W. Harrison	4	C. C. Rumsey	4
R. E. Strawbridge	5	R. La Montagne	6
C. R. Snowden	4	F. S. Vanstade	4
Total	17	Total	17

Bryn Mawr earned 12 goals, of which Brown, Strawbridge, and Harrison scored 4 each and Snowden 1. They were penalized 1¼ goals for 2 fouls and a safety. Cooperstown earned 6 goals, 4 of which were scored by Rumsey and 1 each by Van Stade and Bradleston, and was penalized ¾ of a goal for a safety and a foul.

For Other Sports See Page 10.

The Man in the Tower

THE impress left by the English polo team is evident from the Style Tower.

Soft clothes, not built up.

Plainly cut, with an inherent smartness of line.

Weber & Heilbroner ready-to-wear clothes typify this fashionable conservatism.

These $20 Summer suits deserve most distinguished mention.

Others at $25, $30, $35 and $40—but look at these $20 ones.

* * *

ROXFORD underclothes point a moral and adorn thousands of well dressed men.

For style is a double veneer.

Your outer clothes can't fit better than your underclothes.

If there's a bunch underneath there'll be one on top.

ROXFORD garments—of fine gauge knitted balbriggan—lie soothingly on the skin.

Hold your woolen clothes just far enough away.

Modern athletic styles or conservative ankle-length and long sleeve shapes, 50 cents.

* * *

The Englishmen made us specially proud of our KNOTHE belts.

Nothing better made on the other side.

There's no middle line in these things—the best or you're hopelessly out of it.

Our KNOTHE belts include a good saddler strap at 55 cents—with a buckle that will not tarnish.

Or the higher priced leathers—pigskin, seal or elephant—up to $3.

Finish means everything—and they've got it.

Weber and Heilbroner

Nine Stores

Clothes at 3 Stores marked with Star

150 Nassau* 58 Nassau 27 New* 20 Cortlandt 146 Broadway 369 Broadway 757 Broadway 1185 Broadway 42nd and Fifth Avenue*

GIMBELS

Handsome Clothing for Boys

Now Priced Far Below Its Worth

Six groups of our most popular varieties of high-grade Clothing for Boys are offered today at very decisive reductions from former fair prices. These groups combine all the various styles suited to boys of different ages, for dress-up, play-time and general city and vacation wear. All are made up in the careful manner required in the production of all Gimbel clothing.

Boys' $13.50 to $16.50 Suits, Now $8.75

Norfolk Suits for 8 to 15 years; Double-breasted Suits for 9 to 18 years; Single-breasted Suits, 13 to 18 years—all now $8.75 a suit.

Boys' $7.50 All-wool Suits, Now $5

Norfolk Suits for 8 to 15 years; Double-breasted Suits, 9 to 18 years. Fine assortment of patterns; all now $5 a suit.

Boys' $5 to $7.50 Sailor Suits, Now $3.75

Of attractive homespuns, cassimeres, tweed and worsteds. Sizes for 5 to 10 years. All now $3.75 a suit.

Boys' $8.50 and $10 Reefers, Now $5

Handsome Reefers for little fellows of 2½ to 10 years; formerly $8.50 and $10, now $5.

Boys' $4 and $4.50 Raincoats, Now $2.50

Rubberized Coats for boys of 4 to 16 years; as smartly made as garments for men. Various shades of tan, with plain or plaid backs. Now $2.50 each.

Boys' $2.50 to $4 Wash Suits at $1.45

Several hundred suits, partly a maker's surplus, and partly our own stock, including Russian Suits for 2½ to 8 years, and Sailor Suits from 5 to 10 years. $2.50, $3, $3.50 and $4 Suits, now $1.45. Fourth floor.

Artistic Diamond Jewelry

Rich Gifts for the Bride, the Groom and the Wedding Attendants.

For those who love flashing jewels in artistic settings, a delightful pleasure is waiting in this Gimbel collection of Gold and Precious Stones.

Its originality and its diversity are apparent at a glance. Here are designs that you may find equaled but never surpassed in beauty, in the highest-priced specialty shops. Yet Gimbel prices are astonishingly lower.

The reason is that the most beautiful pieces in our collection are of our own design, and made in our own workshop, under the Gimbel roof, by men who love their work. Profits of manufacturer and wholesaler are eliminated to the considerable benefit of our customers. Pure, brilliant stones are used; the workmanship is the very best—and the jewelry shows it by its lustre and perfect finish. Besides the precious and semi-precious stones, we use reconstructed rubies and sapphires, with all the characteristics of the genuine stones, but, at vastly less cost.

There is a small but remarkable collection of American Baroque Pearls exhibiting exquisite tints, beautifully matched, that are rarely seen.

Prices are impossible to quote at length; but among the selections of La Vallieres, Brooches, Marquise and Dinner Rings, Necklaces, Scarfpins, Enameled and Jeweled Watches are many superb gift-possibilities for June weddings and graduations. Here are a few price-ranges:

For the Bride and Her Attendants:

Single-stone Diamond Rings, $4 to $500.
Dinner Rings, $75 to $280.
La Valliere Pendants, $12.50 to $180.
La Valliere Necklaces, $25 to $265.
Bar Pins, $25 to $95. Brooches, $175 to $350.
Solid Gold Wedding Rings, 14-k., 18-k. to 22-k., $3.25 to $10.
Bracelets, $8.75 to $70.

For the Groom and His Ushers:

Scarf Pins, $6.75 to $125.
Link Buttons, $7.50 to $75.
Tie Clasps, $7 to $12.50.

We shall welcome you to the Gimbel Jewelry Store and to a glimpse of the beautiful things it contains.

Main floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

Velvet

THE SMOOTHEST TOBACCO

is an experience—a revelation! Careless fellows often smoke anything that comes handy—but look over this Velvet proposition—the leaf has been aged over two years in the big warehouse—correct temperature all the time—a slow, drying-out process which takes the harshness—leaves the goodness—mellows the leaf to a delightful point—produces the flavor that tastes "fine!" Produces smoke that fills the room with rare fragrance. Velvet is the smoothest tobacco—try it—the chances are that you will become a regular Velveteer.

All Dealers

SPAULDING & MERRICK
CHICAGO

Also in handy 5 cent bags for cigarette smokers.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.
Address all communications

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....3 Rector Street
Harlem.....203 West 125th Street
Brooklyn.....343 Fulton Street
Jersey City.....415 Fuller Building
Newark.....794 Broad Street
WASHINGTON.....Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO.....123 South Michigan Boulevard
LONDON.....67 Fleet St., E. C.
PARIS.....34 rue du Sentier
BERLIN.....60 Friedrichstrasse

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere, Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates—by Mail, Postage Paid.

DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week	$0.17
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month	0.75
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year	8.50
DAILY, per Week	0.12
DAILY, per Month	0.50
DAILY, per Year	6.00
SUNDAY, with Pictorial Section and Review of Books, per Year	2.50
THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50)	1.00
TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50)	1.00

To Foreign Addresses—Daily and Sunday, $1.85 per month. Daily, $1.35 per month.
To Canadian Addresses—Daily only, 60c. per month. Daily and Sunday, 90c. per month.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 20, 1911.

Readers of The New York Times may have the Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to them in any part of the Country at the rate of 75c. per month, Daily Edition, 50c. per month. Orders may be sent through newsdealers or directly to the Publication Office.

THE GOVERNMENT'S CREDIT.

There is at the moment no reason why any man or institution should subscribe for the bonds of the United States except that they are wanted for investment reasons of general application. There is no discount, therefore, from the proposition that the credit of the United States is higher than that of other Governments by the difference in the yields on the investments, allowance being made for the difference in the money markets of the respective countries. It is a gratifying reflection, but it is tempered by the fact that it is merely a reflection of the money market, and therefore is not permanent. It may be doubted that the bonds would have been so well taken if the idle balances in bank were not so large just now, and it may be queried whether the premium will persist after the time when money is in better demand, and when perhaps these bonds will be pressed upon the market to procure funds. In other words, the high credit of the Nation is something to be safeguarded, and not treated with an excess of confidence. It certainly would not survive undamaged such tricks as were played with it under the patriotic fervor which enabled the country to carry a debt thrice larger than now, although the country's resources were smaller.

These were days of sacrifice, and the scars survived the generation which laid the country under the burden of billions. The floating of this loan marks the passing of the delusions which have given the country hitherto a fictitious credit. Only last year the Secretary of the Treasury himself prepared a bill which would have allowed these bonds to be used as the basis of bankrolls, and proposed to adjust the circulation tax upon them in such a manner as not to depreciate the $700,000,000 of 2 per cents. It was a confession that the premium upon the 2 per cents was fictitious, the creation of law, and a burden of incalculable weight upon the financial system of the country. Nobody now is heard to maintain that the Treasury is making a sacrifice when it borrows at 3 per cent. instead of 2 per cent., and nobody regrets that the banknote system is doomed if this method of borrowing is persisted in. It may be doubted that this would be so except for the experience of 1907 and the use made of it by the Aldrich commission.

The fact proves that the country's financial education has proceeded rapidly, and perhaps is even a little ahead of either the Aldrich commission or the Treasury itself. Even so, it may be doubted that the time is yet ripe for repaying the forced demand loan represented by the Treasury's promissory notes popularly called "greenbacks." In dollars and cents this currency, which some think is as cheap as printing, is enormously costly, made more so by the manner in which it complicates our currency system, and worst of all befuddles our popular ideas of finance. The fact that probably not all of us have advanced so far as to abandon the greenbacks to their eventual fate emphasizes the fact that nobody contends that our banknote currency ought to be inflated up to the total of the $290,000,000 of authorized Panama bonds. The growth of the financial intelligence of the country is as memorable as the premium upon the first bonds floated in this manner since the rebellion. For it is to be remarked that in the opinion of the most expert the bonds are selling as high as their investment worth entitles them to sell, as is evidenced by the overbidding of leading bankers by those who had reasons apart from those of the general money market.

THE SEARCH FOR CASTRO.

After all, CASTRO is only one insignificant man. He can do little or no harm, unaided. The excitement caused by the reports that he is now on some ship bound for Venezuela is quite unjustifiable without proof that another ship, or a small fleet, is waiting for him somewhere in Southern waters, carrying all the concomitants of a revolution, men, guns, provisions, and money, a sort of canned revolution, in fact, to shake the peace of the country which lately dispensed with CASTRO's services. It may be that the existence of such support for CASTRO is purely imaginary. There has been some sort of activity lately among the professional mischiefmakers, the soldiers of fortune, who infest some of our Southern cities when they are not trying to overturn foreign Governments. Thus far no trace of a Castro revolutionary party has been found.

Venezuela is getting ready to celebrate its centennial with much rejoicing. If CASTRO should happen in about that time with an armed force, the festival would be spoiled. But all efforts to locate CASTRO have failed, and his hirelings have not been discovered. The dangerous ports have all been quarantined against CASTRO. He may be resting quietly in some safe retreat, smoking cigarettes and enjoying the stir that is made about him. If he is really on shipboard he can scarcely escape detection now, and it is likely that if a Venezuela revolution (from without) was really planned for this Summer, it will be called off.

THE PARKS OF MANHATTAN.

Park Commissioner STOVER is reported in The World as saying "This has been a lazy Park Department for forty years." Mr. STOVER speaks with knowledge as to the laziness of the Park Department for about eighteen months. Its laziness and heedlessness in that time is shown in the condition of the smaller parks of Manhattan. The abundant rains of June have done much to freshen the larger parks. In some of the smaller parks, however, the grass has been destroyed, the walks are dilapidated. Vigorous work is needed in Bryant Park, which is one of the most useful and should be one of the most beautiful of our public breathing places. The parks of Tompkins and Stuyvesant Squares need complete renovation.

Mr. STOVER has his head full of plans for improvements in Central Park, near the upper end of the Mall. The Terrace certainly needs doing over, and a vitrified brick pavement to displace the asphalt around the big fountain near the lake front would be an improvement. But the idea of terracing the hill near the Casino so that more seats can be provided for the people at the open air concerts, needs careful consideration, as it involves a departure from the original plan of the park. The open air concerts, however, deserve commendation. It is estimated that fully 20,000 persons heard or tried to hear the music of the Volpe orchestra. The music is good, and the educational influence of such free entertainments is not to be questioned.

The people who are interested in the preservation of the city parks are disposed to encourage Mr. STOVER's efforts to improve the parks whenever his idea of improvement does not comprehend radical changes of design and the employment of parks which were laid out for the enjoyment of all for purposes for which they were never intended. If the Commissioner is really going to arouse his forces to work, and abolish laziness, heedlessness, and stupidity in the management of the parks in his control, his fellow citizens will be grateful.

THE FAMILIAR PLEA.

"Until the Tariff Board reports," says our neighbor The Tribune, "no schedule should be rewritten." That is to say, the Democrats having come into control of the House of Representatives, should politely await the good pleasure of a Tariff Board appointed by a Republican Administration before beginning the work of revision which the party pledged itself to undertake immediately. For a generation we have heard this plea, that the tariff must not be touched this year, revision must be postponed until next year, or until some scientific method of revision has been devised. The Ways and Means Committee and the Democratic majority of the House have not so understood their duty. The Democrats declared in their platform of 1908, "We favor immediate revision of the tariff by the reduction of import duties." The platform specified necessaries of life as a class upon which "material reductions" should be made. It is in fulfilment of this promise that the Free List bill and the bill reducing the duties on wool and woolens have been introduced. Mr. UNDERWOOD and his Democratic colleagues have not understood their platform pledge as the Republicans appear to have understood their pledge in 1908. In the report of the committee on the bill revising the wool schedule Mr. UNDERWOOD says that "the present Democratic House of Representatives has been intrusted by the people with the plain duty of tariff revision according to the Democratic platform of 1908; that is, immediate revision with gradual reductions of duties to a revenue basis."

But The Tribune insists that we must have the facts before we begin to revise. It would be time enough to begin the work of revision "when the facts upon which to base an intelligent judgment have been supplied." It seems to us that the Underwood report sets forth facts enough to constitute an all-sufficient basis for judgment. That report shows that the American people are taxed $100,000,000 per year on woolen wearing apparel alone by the duties laid in the Dingley act, which the Payne act left unchanged. That is a fact of which the Democrats were bound to take account if they had the slightest intention of keeping their promises made to the people. Facts similar in their nature are disclosed in respect to raw wool, yarns, knit fabrics, felts, blankets, and flannels, carpets, and all fabrics made of wool. After a Republican President has declared that the duties of Schedule K are "indefensible" it can hardly be successfully contended that the revision of so burdensome a part of the tariff should be postponed until the Tariff Board has presented its nice calculations of the difference between production cost at home and abroad.

To err is human. Possibly some rates may be fixed by the Democrats that would have been fixed otherwise after a study of the Tariff Board's conclusions. But Schedule K is piratical in its imposts, and men who have the power to deal with pirates do not commonly dawdle in the matter lest there should be some slight infraction of the customs of the sea. The plea that tariff changes should always be postponed for a time is in complete accordance with Republican doctrine. Mr. UNDERWOOD's committee has been guided not merely by Democratic doctrine, but by a sound understanding of the popular will and demand. It was impossible that the Democrats should repeat the Republican blunder of breaking faith with the people in respect to tariff revision.

THE VOGUE OF BERNHARDT.

SARAH BERNHARDT, after thirty-five weeks of hard travel and the toil of many "one-night stands," retains her vitality, her good humor, and her drawing powers. At the age of 68 she is assuredly the most wonderful woman of her time, and still an actor of extraordinary ability. It is true that she could not make $250,000 in nine months in any other country, or in any European tour alert managers might lay out for her. Americans are the most eager purchasers of well-advertised articles, and the excellent acting of Mme. BERNHARDT has had a half century of advertisement. In her prime she was, assuredly, the greatest living histrion. Tomes of hostile criticism prove nothing to the contrary. The criticism is forgotten. Much of the art of the actress remains. Whatever impairment of vocal quality and strength time has wrought, the young playgoer of this hour finds her impersonations as clear in outline, as understandable as they were thirty years ago.

People who are interested in theatrical annals have lately been reading a new life of SARAH BERNHARDT's most illustrious predecessor on the French stage, RACHEL FELIX. The brilliancy of RACHEL's career, the impetus she gave to dramatic art, are still remembered. But she succumbed early to the hardships and trials of the histrionic career, while BERNHARDT survives, and retains measurably her hold on popular favor, and late in life secures a new fortune in a professional tour of 25,000 miles. She has made a quarter of a million dollars in direct and eager competition with renowned acrobats, operetta stars, and dialect comedians. It may be said that the success of her tour does not indicate necessarily an appreciation of French drama and exalted histrionism among the people of the United States and Canada. But she is clearly entitled to credit for what she has done, and the manner in which she has done it, as well as to the resultant pecuniary reward.

THE SUMMER FOOL.

The Summer sun has hardly begun to scorch yet, but already lessons of exceptional worth have begun to be taught to the Summer fool. There is nothing very novel about the misbehavior of the half-grown hobbledehoys, who think it manliness to be ill-bred in the street cars, or who perhaps offend merely from exuberance of youth. The strong-arm men are gathering them in, and they are being shut up for some days, as well as being fined some dollars in other cases. This is well, but not half so soothing as the discipline of the man who rocks the boat when there are weaker persons aboard. When one of his type stepped ashore on Sunday a man half his weight "gave him his" on the point of his jaw and he went backward into the wet, whence he was extricated with a boat hook. He was rash enough to make a complaint against his teacher of manners and discretion, and the Justice who heard what his grievance was threatened to send him to jail. In the opinion of the Justice, "any man who will rock a boat with women on board, needs a lesson."

The case is timely, inasmuch as the annual drowning season has not fairly opened yet, and the case may do something to deter it or to make it less deadly. It is only the fool who does these things, never the man of experience. Any man can hire a rowboat, or even a sailboat, and those who go out with them rarely are as careful as they ought to be regarding the qualifications of those assuming to handle oars or sheets. Neither are those competent in these respects always careful about the nautical knowledge of those they take afloat. A man may be competent to tack a sailboat, and yet may be careless about making sure that his guests know the meaning of "ready about," or the necessity of promptness in responding to "hard a lee." It is not the boats which are trimmed by living ballast which are most dangerous under such conditions. The boat surest to sink is the one with the leaded keel, which is safest if handled rightly, but founders like a shot if once allowed to fill. As for canoes, when young gentlemen invite young ladies to go for a paddle they would do well to insist on getting aboard say half a mile inland, at least until such time as the sailorlike qualities of the paddler are demonstrated. It is really necessary that somebody should inspire caution at the beginning of the outing season.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Aviation and Its Martyrs.

So frequent have been accidents to aviators in France of late that it is no wonder the question has been seriously raised whether the Government is justified in lending its official countenance to the new art of aerial navigation. Inquiries on the subject presented in the Senate especially concerned the ordering of young army officers to take risks that have resulted fatally for so many of them, and it was suggested that no more should be detailed for this service until the aeroplane has been brought much nearer to being a trustworthy machine than it is now.

The Minister of War joined his interrogators in deeply regretting the loss of valuable lives, but he said that as a military measure it was necessary that there should be in the army men who can do with aeroplanes whatever civilians can do, and that the use of soldiers as guards on the flying fields was for the protection of the spectators, rather than for the assistance of the aviators. This was accepted as adequate, but in the course of the discussion one of the speakers made the curious charge that aviation developed a special form of savagery in the public, leading it often to insist on flights when the weather conditions were unfavorable, and that there had been instances of fierce attacks by disappointed crowds on aviators who had refused to go up in high winds.

That was hardly reasonable criticism, but it is a fact that the mortality among aviators has been appallingly high, considering how very small is the class from which all these victims have been drawn. They are, of course, men from whom caution is not to be expected, since without a certain degree of recklessness they would not be in a business that requires a constant tempting of death. For fame and money they deliberately take needless risks, and are not content with the simplest sort of flying, at moderate altitudes and over carefully chosen ground. With admittedly imperfect machines of a kind utterly unlike any which men have hitherto used they attempt feats that might better be deferred for a century or two—until, that is, some such familiarity with a three-dimensional vehicle has been acquired as humanity has gained by using those moving in a single plane for innumerable generations. The aeroplane makes demands upon mind and muscle that are entirely new, and it is inevitable that both will often fail. High as the cost of flight has been and is going to be, however, it will undoubtedly be paid, and to talk of stopping aviation is waste of time.

Must Take Men As They Are.

President PERRINE was much more successful in convicting of carelessness the chauffeur of the two men killed at the Westbury crossing than he was in explaining why the Long Island Railway Company has left the guarding of this well-known danger point to an aged pensioner of the road instead of erecting protective gates.

It is true, as he said, that only the exercise of ordinary intelligence is required to make anybody safe at any grade crossing. Whoever follows the familiar exhortation to stop, look, and listen before setting foot or wheel on the track need have no fear that a train will run over him. Long experience has demonstrated, however, that the number of people who will invariably do this is very small—that people neither insane nor reckless in any ordinary sense of those words will often neglect precautions which are usually unnecessary. Life is little else than a constant taking of small chances, and he who pays attention to them all will have little attention for anything else.

It is certain, therefore, that not everybody will do what President PERRINE, reasonably enough from his own point of view, says everybody ought to do, and as that is the case, his excuse fails. Railway operations must be adjusted to men as they are, not to men as they ought to be or might be if they were different, and for a long time to come they are going to walk and ride along public highways with the exercise of only the amount of caution that grew to be more or less instinctive before railways existed.

What President PERRINE says about the elimination of this particular grade crossing altogether, and about the difficulty his company has had in coming to an agreement with the neighboring property owners as to how the work should be done—that has no obvious relevancy to the gate question. For it is evident that gates could have been put up pending the settlement of the controversy, and taken down and put somewhere else after it was settled. That would have cost something, but the payment of damages is also expensive, and so is public animosity, as many a corporation has found to its profound sorrow when it had favors to ask of the public.

It is true, as President PERRINE says, that neither watchmen nor mechanical devices can make grade crossings entirely safe, and that the best thing to do with them is to do away with them. Till that is done, however, an approach to safety can be made, and gates so largely decrease the number of crossing accidents that their absence on much traveled roads is almost or quite unpardonable.

Accusation Should be Public.

If Dr. DOTY were a military dictator, with the power to cut off the heads of people who criticised him, or if he were a powerful politician, able to inflict loss of livelihood or profits on almost anybody who incurred his anger, one would be able to understand why it is that Gov. DIX's "investigator" deems it worth while to consider anonymous accusations against an official of widely acknowledged efficiency and fidelity.

Being only a man, the Health Officer presumably shares in the imperfections of humanity; being in a position that compels him to inflict annoyance, discomfort, and loss on thousands of travelers and merchants almost every day in the year, there are doubtless many whose impatience or resentment he has excited. There is no apparent reason, however, why anybody who thinks Dr. DOTY has made mistakes or misused authority should not say so aloud and present his evidence for public examination and judgment.

Of course, anonymous accusation cannot be and should not be altogether ignored, simply because it is anonymous, but it is always open to the grevest suspicion, never justifies decision, and at best is only a poor basis for further inquiry. To Dr. DOTY there should be given at the earliest possible moment a chance to hear the charges against him and to confront the makers of them. His record provides him with more than the ordinary presumption of innocence until some sort of guilt is proved, and he can fairly demand that the time of secret whispers against him be made very short.

MR. STOVER'S PECULIARITIES.

Speaks Reminiscently of Experiences with the Park Commissioner.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I note that THE TIMES regrets the fact that it should be necessary to issue a mandamus to compel a public servant to do his duty, the same being directions from the Appellate Division to Park Commissioner Stover to remove certain street encroachments. Don't be too hard on Mr. Stover; he didn't know he wasn't doing his duty; he forgot all about it. I'll bet the proper notices were pigeonholed in his desk long ago, and he was busy dreaming park visions of the future. That has been the experience of the majority of people who have had any business relations with the Commissioner, and he is so childishly innocent of neglect that nobody has the heart to kick. He handles small matters of the parks just as he does the big ones, and when urgency becomes necessary the Commissioner gets all peeved up and digs into the piles of papers on his desk in the hurtest kind of way. Really it is a shame for the Appellate Division to have become so rude to him.

Did THE TIMES ever hear the story of Jacob Schiff's contribution to Mr. Stover's east side fountain and the ensuing delay? Not? Well, details are not necessary, but once on a time, when Mr. Stover was doing his playground stunts, he dreamed that a fountain on the east side was an immediate and urgent necessity to prevent the poor children from famishing right on their feet, so he went to Mr. Schiff and Mr. Schiff handed over a sum sufficient to erect the necessary waterworks. Months and months afterward, when Mr. Stover had a dinner given to him celebrating his elevation to Park Commissioner, Mr. Schiff told about the fountain, and with a sly smile hoped Mr. Stover would have better luck with the parks, because, as far as he had been able to find out up to that moment, the water hadn't been turned on in the fountain. Maybe Mr. Stover was waiting for a mandamus. What?

Anyway, he's doing the best he knows how with the parks, and the Mayor thinks he is the right man in the right place, and what the dickens and Epictetus right has THE TIMES got to regret that Mr. Stover has to be mandamused or any other kind of damused—say?

New York, June 17, 1911. W. J. L.

Does the Croton Watershed Leak?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Pardon this whimper from a humble worm that seldom turns. Recently, in the hope and belief that the general inundation was not only timely but necessary, we have gone about our daily pursuits, cheerfully wading, swimming, and practicing the other aquatic arts. But our sublime patience in a soaken condition has been rewarded by reading each morning in your esteemed journal that the dear old Croton watershed was catching almost no water at all. This depressing information we have received patiently, meanwhile regarding with amazement the minus number of gallons the watershed was collecting each rainy day. Many times we have been on the point of writing you that we believed that the plaguey old thing leaked, and urging the immediate building of a new shed. However, thinking that we might be in error, we have refrained. But the last week, the color and taste of the water convinces us that our surmise was correct. The darned old shed must not only leak badly and lose most of the water, but it must be partially rotten as well. WILLIAM WRAY.

New York City, June 18, 1911.

The Doctor's Fee.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I take up another point on a correspondent's letter in your issue of the 16th inst. on "The Doctor's Charges"?

As an illustration only, and not for general application: Two men have an identical operation or treatment by the same doctor, one has a capital of $10,000, the other of $100; the first the doctor charges $100, the second, because of his poverty, a nominal $1, and the Good Lord taketh heed. But if the first know of the other charge he cries loudly that he has been used outrageously. Yet the "loss" to each is identical in relation to his means, 1 per cent. of all he has, and even at that the poorer a man is the more he feels his share.

The surgeon or doctor had many years of hard work and a large outlay in money before he began to earn a living and was able to render this service even for $100 or for anything, and a fair-minded man should take no exception to even material discrimination.

LIVE AND LET LIVE.

New York, June 19, 1911.

Read the Barometer.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial article on "Weather Forecasts" on the 16th inst. is once more in season, but your correspondent cannot be your "Constant Reader" or he would have been fully informed time and again. Your closing paragraph as to people wanting regrets to "forecast the weather exactly for very limited areas" is the gist of the case, and is probably the trouble with 90 per cent. of complainants.

I would suggest to those to whom errors are material that they purchase a barometer, a good one not being costly, that they set it night and morning, and take its reading in conjunction with the weather report, especially in regard to trend of wind, also noting the appearance of the local sky.

J. H. POSTLETHWAITE.

Stamford, Conn., June 19, 1911.

"Propaganda."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You speak of "propaganda" as a Latin plural similar to "dicta" and "data." I hardly think you are correct in so doing.

In my opinion "propaganda" has always, and properly, been used in the singular. It originated as a brief designation for the "Congregatio de Propaganda Fide," a congregation famous for centuries in the Roman Catholic Church. Possibly in the beginning the words "congregatio" or "fidei," both feminine in Latin, were sub-understood. Propaganda in the title quoted above is in the ablative, feminine. The word, as now in general use, does not mean "things to be propagated," but stands for "propagation" itself. The word is used as a feminine singular in both German and French. JOHN B.

New York, June 18, 1911.

A Heavy Customs Assessment.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My friend, Prof. Otto Prutscher, the well-known architect and designer of Vienna, was good enough the other day, as a reminder of pleasant hours together in his town, to send me his photograph. The New York customs authorities were evidently misled by the unusually artistic manner and mounting of this specimen of modern Viennese photography into taking it for an old master, since they enforced the payment of a duty of 25 per cent. on a value assessed by their acting art connoisseur for that day. Or is it a fact that personal photographs entering the United States are dutiable, and in that case what is the rate on picture postcards? PERCIVAL POLLARD.

Milford, Conn., June 18, 1911.

Starved Cats in Wealthy Districts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Do you not think there is a field for a small philanthropy in giving some of the starving cats a bite to eat every day? I refer to those cats which because of the Summer closing of houses have been left without food, drink, or shelter, and any one of humane feeling must be oppressed by the gaunt figures scurrying around in the higher class residential streets. THOMAS RICHARD HENRY.

New York, June 19, 1911.

The Wolter Case.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You remark in your editorial column this morning that Judge Foster has sentenced Albert Mooney to prison for committing murder. A year ago Judge Foster sentenced Albert Wolter to death for an atrocious murder. The sentence has not yet been carried out. A. W.

New York, June 18, 1911.

The Liberty Bell's Crack.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to take exception to your statement that the crack in the Liberty Bell was made by "over vigorous ringing on the occasion of the Proclamation of Independence." It was caused by tolling for my kinsman, John Marshall, Chief Justice of the United States, on July 6, 1835.

E. HOWARD MARTIN.

New York, June 19, 1911.

MAY SIDETRACK NEW CODE.

Investigation, it is Believed, Will Show Favoritism.

Mayor Gaynor's determination to have a thorough investigation by impartial engineers of the merits of the proposed Building Code, now before the Aldermen, if it should reach him, may result in the code being permanently sidetracked. The fusion Aldermen, almost to a man, are against the measure as it now stands.

While the Mayor has refused to discuss the matter for publication, it is known that he has said he intends to sift to the bottom the charge that the code was drawn to favor hollow tile manufacturers against the cement men.

Albert Oliver of the Executive Committee of the Allied Concrete Interests, whose offer to make at their own expense a series of tests of both kinds of material was ignored by the Building Committee of the Aldermen, said yesterday:

"In offering to make these tests we are simply proposing to do what Mayor McClellan requested the Aldermen to do when he vetoed the code two years ago. The relative merits of concrete and hollow tile would have been brought out then had not the Aldermen refused to appropriate money for tests. They did not want these tests because the result would have left the advocates of the code without a leg to stand on.

"The concrete interests are not seeking any favors. We are satisfied with present conditions. Pass the Building Code as it stands, and the most wonderful building material the world has ever seen, material used in the Pennsylvania Station and thousands of other magnificent buildings throughout the country, will be barred in New York City. The Building Code, which ought to prevent more Washington Place disasters, would simply be providing for a repetition of them."

VERDICT AGAINST OIL TRUST.

Jury Assesses $3,500 for a Child's Death by Auto, but Clears the Driver.

A jury before Supreme Court Justice Brady returned yesterday a verdict of $3,500 against the Standard Oil Company in favor of Isidore Franconi, whose four-year-old daughter Amelia was killed by a Standard Oil automobile on July 7, 1909. The car was driven by William Beekman Louderbach, an employe of the company, and though he was named as a co-defendant the jury returned no verdict against him.

This fact aroused the attorneys of the Standard Oil Company, who asked Justice Brady to set aside the verdict on the ground that it was inspired by passion and prejudice, and argued that if Louderbach was not guilty of negligence surely the company could not be charged with it. The foreman of the jury rose and declared that the jury had acted in accordance with Justice Brady's charge that it might find against either of the defendants.

Justice Brady denied this, and declared that he had instructed the jury that they might hold Louderbach, but find the company not responsible, but not vice versa. The foreman responded that the jury had found that Louderbach was acting on the company's business when he ran over the girl. Justice Brady said he would allow the attorneys to submit briefs on the question of whether the verdict should stand.

Louderbach's lawyer insisted that the complaint, so far as it stood against his client, should be dismissed on the jury's verdict, and that he could not be held on a new trial.

SHIP'S PASSENGERS PROTEST

Join in Signing a Complaint Against Captain and Crew of the Monterey.

Sixty of the first-class passengers arriving yesterday on the Ward liner Monterey from Vera Cruz, Mexico, complained of the treatment they had received on board during the voyage from the Captain, officers, and crew of the ship. The foreign passengers who were unable to speak English were especially aggrieved. It was stated that a steward when asked to bring the shoes belonging to Richard Leoni, who is at the Hotel Astor, threw them at him, and struck Mr. Leoni in the chest. He complained to the chief steward, who replied that it was no use to take any notice as the man was drunk. The passenger then made his complaint to Capt. Smith, who said that he would inquire into it, but could not take the offender away from the cabins as the chief steward could not spare him.

Another incident, which is also named in a protest signed by the passengers, occurred just as the ship was arriving in Havana. The passengers had been aroused to see the doctor at 5 A. M. Mimi Aguglia, the Italian actress, who was on her way to Buenos Aires, was a little late, and to her surprise the Captain, who was seated on deck, shouted out as she passed him:

"Go down at once and see the doctor. You keep the whole boat waiting."

It was also stated that neither the Captain, officers, or scarcely any of the stewards spoke Spanish or any language but English. Some of those who signed the protest were Manuel Ortiz, H. Belling Hausen, H. Schneider, Richard Leoni, Bonifacio Menandez, José Peres, Antonio Perez, William F. Dorn, Ferrari Vicente, who signed on behalf of his dramatic company of thirty Italian actors and actresses; C. Roderiguez, Manuel Sanchez, and others.

RECEIVERS FOR WIRELESS.

Court Finds United's Property in This State and Names Two.

Supreme Court Justice Cohalan decided yesterday to appoint receivers for the United Wireless Telegraph Company, most of whose officials are under sentence for violating the postal laws. He based his decision on finding that most of the company's property is located in this State. He appointed Sidney Harris and Robert E. Dowling receivers. Receivers had already been appointed in Maine.

From testimony filed in the Supreme Court it was learned that United States District Attorney Wise believes himself to be in possession of information as to money secreted by Christopher Columbus Wilson, the company's convicted President, and other officers. Mr. Wise believes that the Government will have little difficulty in collecting the $50,000 costs assessed against the convicted men. He refused to divulge this information to counsel for creditors and declined to enter into a compact with counsel whereby the Government should get its money first in the event of a discovery of hidden funds, saying he had no power to make any such contract.

Drivers Who Insult Women.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Somebody the other day in THE TIMES had a timely word to say about the jeering and insulting remarks that drivers of various vehicles in New York make to women on the sidewalks or crossings—women who are helpless to protect themselves from such coarse attacks—and I would like to ask if the police have ever arrested a driver for such an offense, and, if not, why not? DECENCY.

New York, June 17, 1911.

SUMMER DREAMS.

We sat beside the lazy stream,
Embowered by elder, sage, and grape;
The spot was made that two might dream
O'er Time's escape.

No couple e'er more quietly sat,
Eyes found the text, but tongues ne'er spoke:
Life held more joys than simple chat—
And that's no joke.

No couple e'er remained so still,
Nor to sit stiller e'er could wish—
But suddenly Jack said, "Say, Bill,
I've caught a fish!"

A. WARREN UTTING.

WICKERSHAM AT YALE TALKS OF ARIZONA

Attorney General Says Referendum Was Put Before Voters Without Time for Debate.

MINORITY MIGHT FIX LAWS

Other Features Were Reunion of "13" Club, Exercises of Seniors and Sheffield Scientific School.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 19.—The cares of life were forgotten by Yale graduates, young and old, to-night as they gave themselves up to enjoyment of social events, receptions, and commencement reunions. For the men who will receive their diplomas on Wednesday there were the Glee Club concert and Garman in Woolsey Hall and the receptions given by President and Mrs. Hadley and of Director and Mrs. Chittenden of the Sheffield Scientific School, together with numerous fraternity gatherings.

The literary exercises of the day were concluded in the late afternoon with the address of Attorney General G. W. Wickersham of President Taft's Cabinet, at the Law School, following the announcement of honors.

Mr. Wickersham discussed the proposed Constitutions of Arizona and New Mexico. Congress, he said, was not bound to approve a Constitution and admit a State to the Union even though the Constitution conformed with the conditions specified in the Enabling act. Congress could, he declared, for any reason it deemed sufficient or without any reason, reject a Constitution or require it to be modified in a given particular as the condition of a State's admission.

Mr. Wickersham declared that less than 27 per cent. of the voters and 4 per cent. of the total population of the Territory had voted for the Arizona Constitution.

"Under a scheme of Government such as proposed in the Arizona Constitution, a small minority of the qualified electors organized to accomplish any particular purpose can mold the laws, or even the Constitution, to accomplish their purposes before the great majority of the electors are aware of what is going on.

"The propositions submitted to the electors under the scheme of initiative and referendum are fixed and put before the voters without the advantage of the examination, discussion and debate which has been throughout the whole history of the English-speaking peoples the crucible in which legislative projects have been tried out before enactment into law."

The exercises of the academic seniors included the singing of "Here's to Good Old Yale," the class poem, by Thomas Beer, of Yonkers, N. Y.; the class history, by Erastus H. Hewitt of Williamstown, Mass., and the oration by Carroll C. Hincks of Andover, Mass.

At the Sheffield Scientific School exercises the class history was read by Washington Platt of Baltimore, the prophecy by Chandler W. Bleistein of New York City, and the oration was by John A. Carson of Denver, Col.

The Stone Trust Association, known as Book and Snake Society and as the Cloister, to-day gave to the trustees of the Sheffield Scientific School $7,500, the income of which is to be used for three scholarships for juniors in the school.

Among the interesting reunions was that of the "13" Club of the class of 1886, with every member back for the twenty-fifth anniversary. George R. Meale of Luddington, N. J., taking a trip to Paris to induce the Rev. Chauncey W. Goodrich, who lives there, to come to the reunion. The "13" superstition is not believed by the club, for it not only held together for three years in college, but it has its original membership yet.

BIG PLANS FOR THE FOURTH.

Committee Will Meet Thursday to Complete the Details.

The committee having charge of the "safe and sane" Fourth of July observance will hold a meeting Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock in the Aldermanic Chamber of the City Hall to arrange the final details of the borough celebrations.

The celebration in Manhattan will be the most pretentious. A band of sixty pieces will provide the music in front of the City Hall, and the Police Band will lead the Parade of Nations and escort patriotic societies from Fraunces's Tavern to the scene of the exercises. A German singing society of 400 voices will give patriotic airs during the exercises, and a chorus of 200 from the Labor Temple will sing a new National anthem, Victor Herbert is expected to lead this chorus.

The committee in charge of the east side celebration issued this statement yesterday:

"Everywhere the response of the people is most enthusiastic. The pride of the Jews on the east side has been aroused. They are eager to demonstrate their enthusiasm for American institutions, and this feeling is shared by every person in the neighborhood, from the aged to the little children. One of the most interesting features of the celebration will be a parade in which the various organizations of the neighborhood will be represented.

"There will be open-air meetings in Seward and Hamilton Fish Parks, and these will be addressed by prominent speakers, as well as by representatives of the various unions. The Declaration of Independence will be read, and music will be furnished by the most prominent singing societies in the neighborhood. Orchestral concerts and entertainments will be rendered by the boys and girls of the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society of New York.

"Another important feature of the celebration will be tableaus illustrating some important incidents in American history. This will furnish an opportunity for the children of the neighborhood and of the orphan asylums to participate. The Jews of the east side realize the importance of making their first officially recognized celebration of the American Independence Day a signal occasion, and, judging from appearances, it will be one of the most interesting celebrations of the kind that ever took place in the city."

WOULD DEBATE TAX QUESTION

B. C. Marsh Takes Issue with Allan Robinson on Need for More Tenements.

Allan Robinson, President of the Allied Real Estate Interests, has been challenged by Benjamin C. Marsh to a public debate on the merits of the congestion commission's tax rate bills. Mr. Marsh takes issue with Mr. Robinson's statement that there are too many tenements in the city, and adds:

> Your editorial in City Life last week regarding the bills to halve the tax rate on buildings contained so many inconsistencies, misapprehensions, and contradictions that I think a debate on the subject would be a help, and I should like very much to debate this topic with you. Unique among your misconceptions is the idea that we have too many tenements in New York City. If you had had time to attend more of the meetings of the Mayor's Congestion Commission, of which you were a member, in addition to your onerous duties as President of the Allied Real Estate Interests, or if you had had time even to read the report of your commission, you would appreciate that the present tenement house law allows nine people to live in three small rooms, at least half as many again as should live in three rooms, and that thousands of rooms have four and five occupants on the average in the apartment. We should need very many more tenements than we now have if rents were reasonably low, and with sufficient increase in the number of tenements they would be reasonably low.
>
> Will you not debate this entire subject with me in some church one Sunday night? Please let me know immediately so that I can make the necessary arrangements.

Mr. Marsh has challenged Henry Morgenthau also to a joint discussion of the same subject, and has suggested the Free Synagogue, Rabbi Stephen S. Wise's church, as the place for the debate.

BERNHARDT WINS ANOTHER TRIUMPH

Gives Exquisite, Vigorous Portrayal of Sister Beatrice in Maeterlinck's Miracle Play.

ALSO ACTS IN "JEAN MARIE"

But Puts Herself in Shadow in Little Play for Sake of Leading Man, M. Lou Tellengen.

SISTER BEATRICE, a miracle play, in three acts, by Maurice Maeterlinck. Globe Theatre.
Sister Beatrice ..... Mme. Sarah Bernhardt
The Abbess ..... Mme. Boulanger
Sister Eglantine ..... Mlle. Seylor
Sister Clemency ..... Mlle. Thomas
Sister Felicity ..... Mlle. Duc
Sister Balbine ..... Mme. MacLean
Sister Regina ..... Mme. Desroches
Sister Gisela ..... Mlle. Remani
The Priest ..... M. Laurent
Prince Bellidor ..... M. Lou Tellegen
Petite Allette ..... Mme. Laurent
JEAN MARIE, a drama, in one act, by Andre Theuriet.
Jean Marie ..... M. Lou Tellegen
Joel ..... M. Piron
Therese, his wife ..... Mme. Sarah Bernhardt

Sarah Bernhardt, returning from a tour that must have tested the endurance of even the strongest of her companions, showed to the audience at the Globe Theatre last night a woman apparently younger and stronger and filled with more energy than the Bernhardt who was welcomed at the same theatre last Winter. Last night there was nothing of feebleness about her, not even her old trick of taking advantage of the support afforded by chairs and tables was noticeable. She has been called wonderful so often that one felt the need of a superlative beyond.

Both of her plays last night, "Jean Marie," and "Sister Beatrice," had never been acted here by her before, and the interest of the audience was therefore doubled. The two pieces, the first a one-act drama, in verse, and the other a three-act miracle play, are, in their construction, almost antithetical, but the Therese of the one and the central character of the other have self-sacrifice as their motive, human in one, divine in the other.

The excellent production made at The New Theatre of the Maeterlinck miracle play has not been forgotten. Bernhardt's production, scenically, was simpler, and, from a spectacular side, less interesting. However, it is probable that the acting last night, with the less elaborate scenery, showed more distinctly the nature of Maeterlinck's characters and the beauties of his verse in the original.

In Bernhardt's staging the central doors of the convent, that open into the world, are directly in the centre of the stage. The chapel where occurs the miracle of the flowers is on the right of the audience, and the doors to the cloisters on the left. When Prince Bellidor comes the doors fling wide open and he and Sister Beatrice stand, at the finish of the act, in the glow of early dawn, silhouetted against the background.

In the second act the miracle of the flowers lacks the accompaniment of the brilliant lights that were used at The New Theatre, and the shower of blossoms from the ceiling is not so effective. The scenes of the last act, however, are impressively managed, so that none of the almost devotional atmosphere is lost.

As to Bernhardt's acting, it was done in the exquisite crescendo that one usually finds in her. The figure of a boy, in the first act the Sister Beatrice, already torn with doubts about her worldy love for Prince Bellidor, stands at the foot of the Virgin's statue making her plea for a sign from the image. Here the actress's voice was soft, modulated to the tones of a young girl speaking, half afraid of being heard. When the Prince comes, and by his passionate pleadings persuades Sister Beatrice to wait no longer for the sign she has wished, Bernhardt's voice began to vibrate with stronger tones, her speech came more rapidly, until the climax of the scene.

In the second act, when the statue of the Virgin comes down and assumes the place of Sister Beatrice, Bernhardt gave to her voice, to her face, to her whole manner, a suggestion of humility, of gentleness, that is impossible of description. In this act, where there are so few words and so much to be done, Bernhardt's power to characterize without speech was shown as it seldom has been.

And in the last act, the return of the erring sister after twenty-five years of misery in the world, came her greatest triumph. The long speeches of self-condemnation, the wandering of the mind worn out by sorrow, the fainting at the foot of the statue, now back in its place, but prepared for the scenes to come. When the nuns have found her, and believe that a second miracle has been wrought, the anguish of the woman trying to make them believe the story she has to tell, gets over into the feelings of the audience.

In a voice half whisper Sister Beatrice tells of her sin, of her sacrilege, and pleads that the kneeling sisters remember it. Then, with the idea that they have not recognized her, and that she must make them understand, her voice rises, hardened, shrill. "I am Sister Beatrice. Twenty-five years ago I went away with Prince Bellidor." She repeats it, harshly, insistently, shudderingly, ashamed, but they will not understand. And when the Abbess makes her realize that the convent believes her a saint, and persuades her that she has never left her duties, her voice returns to the half whisper, to rise again in the final speech to a tone of ecstacy as she realizes that she is about to die.

But not in her voice alone did Bernhardt idealize the character. All of her acting, from the girlish fearfulness of the first act to the terror and shame of the worn-out woman of the last, seemed to anybody what Maeterlinck seems to have written.

As before, the players in her company were of the best. M. Lou Tellengen as the Prince, Mme. Boulangier as the Abbess, Mlle. Seylor as Sister Eglantine, M. Laurent as the Priest, and Mme. Laurent as Petite Allette gave most able support.

"Jean Marie," the one-act piece that preceded "Sister Beatrice" on the programme, is a clean-cut little drama, well drawn as to its characters and interesting as to story. It was first acted by Bernhardt in Paris about forty years ago—before many of the people in the audience were born.

Therese, a simple Breton woman, has a sailor sweetheart, Jean Marie, who went to sea years before, and who has been reported dead. Because of the kindness of a farmer, Joel, to her and to her mother, she marries him, but she cannot forget Jean Marie. Joel, knowing the reason of her grief, suggests that they leave the coast and take a farm away from the sea. She agrees. But Jean Marie, who has been wrecked and a wanderer, returns.

He has come to marry Therese. When he learns that she is already the wife of Joel his grief overcomes him for the moment, but, noticing something in her face that gives him courage, he begins to plead with her to go away with him. Therese resists, and shows him how her duty is to the good man who has cared for her. Jean Marie goes away again, and Joel is never told that he is not dead.

In this piece it would seem that Bernhardt had been willing to put herself into the shadow for the sake of M. Lou Tellengen, who played the sailor, Jean Marie. The big scenes are his, and last night the young leading man gave an exhibition of splendid acting. Bernhardt herself was exquisite in the rôle of the wife, and the part of Joel was excellently played by M. Piron.

To-night Bernhardt will play "L'Aiglon," to-morrow afternoon "Madame X.," and to-morrow night she will say farewell in "Camille."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Announcement was made last night that a new play called "Baxter's Partner," would reopen the Bijou Theatre next Monday night. The play is a comedy in three acts, and is by Thomas J. Bailey, a St. Louis lawyer. The principal role will be played by Robert Ober.

Olga Petrova, a European mimic, will arrive in the Kronprinzessin Cecilie to fulfill an engagement at the Folies Bergere. She gives imitations of the prominent European stars, and sings and plays the piano also.

"Fun in Tulipe," a French operetta in three acts, was presented for the first time by the Italian Comic Opera Company at the Irving Place Theatre last night. It will be repeated to-morrow and Friday nights.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Dr. and Mrs. Edward Livingston Hunt of 34 West Fiftieth Street have taken a house for the Summer at Lawrence Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Hall of 40 West Fifty-seventh Street are sailing to-day on the Neordam for France.

Mrs. Frederic Neilson has returned to town from Newport and will be at the Plaza for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Mallet-Prevost and Miss Pauline Mallet-Prevost, who are sailing to-day on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, will remain abroad all Summer.

Mrs. Albert H. Gallatin and her daughter, Miss Cornelia Gallatin, are also sailing to-day for Europe, to remain until Fall.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Sackett and Miss Sackett, who came to town last week to attend the wedding of their son, Austen T. Sackett, to Miss Good, have returned to their country place, at New London, Conn.

Mrs. John de Koven Bowen, who came to New York to be an attendant at the wedding of her cousin, Miss Alexandra Stevens, to Steward Slosson, has returned to Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Davis Johnson will spend most of the Summer in town, as Mr. Johnson's health is such that they do not wish to leave their city home.

Mr. and Mrs. George A. Huhn have taken Nirvana, the Brokaw estate at Great Neck, for the Summer. Mrs. Huhn has sent out invitations to a lecture on woman suffrage by Mrs. Ida Husted Harper to-morrow at 4 o'clock. New York guests will take the train leaving town at 2:15, and carriages will convey them from the station to Nirvana. The train returns at 5:51.

SENATOR WARREN TO WED.

Wyoming Representative, Aged 67, to Marry Miss Clara Morgan, 35.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Senator Francis E. Warren of Wyoming, surprised his fellow-Senators to-day when he announced that he was to marry soon Miss Clara Le Baron Morgan of New York and Washington.

Miss Morgan is the daughter of the late John L. Morgan of Groton, Conn., and is about 35 years of age. In recent years she has spent her Winters in Washington with her uncle, former Associate Justice Brown of the Supreme Court, and is well known in Washington society.

Senator Warren is 67 years old and has been a widower nine years. He has a son, Fred E. Warren of Cheyenne, Wyo., and a daughter, the wife of Brig. Gen. John J. Pershing, now in the Philippines.

MISS BUELAH SLADDEN WEDS.

Married to Ward Charles Meagher—Reception at The Oaks.

The wedding of Miss Buelah Mildred Sladden, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Sladden, and Ward Charles Meagher, son of Mr. and Mrs. Mark Charles Meagher, formerly of Brookline, Mass., and now of East Williston, L. I., took place yesterday at the home of the bride's parents, 445 Riverside Drive. The Rev. Dr. Thomas Sliker officiated.

The bride wore a gown of ivory satin, veiled with embroidered chiffon, her tulle veil being draped with orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and orchids.

The bridesmaids were the Misses Evelyn Crosby and Margaret Hooker, who wore pink satin, veiled with chiffon, and carried Killarney roses. Henry Earl Bradford, cousin of the bridegroom, acted as best man.

The ushers were Ralph Durell and James Hitchcock of Boston, and Lawrence Cremin and Charles F. Cummings of New York.

After the ceremony a reception was given at The Oaks, the country home of the bride's parents at East Williston, L. I. After a wedding tour in the Adirondacks Mr. and Mrs. Meagher will reside at East Williston.

Miss Sackett's Wedding Plans.

The wedding of Miss Audrey Townsend Sackett, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Sackett of Park Avenue, and Stewart Waller will take place on Thursday, July 20, at 1:30 P. M., at Miramar, the Sackett country estate at New London, Conn.

Miss Sackett will have Mrs. Huntington Jackson of Washington, D. C., as matron of honor, and the bridesmaids will be Miss Kitty Lawrence of Newport and Miss Fanny Sinnickson of Philadelphia. The two flower girls are to be Phyllis Thompson and Dolly Hagar.

Mr. Waller will have William Godfrey of Philadelphia as his best man, and the ushers selected are Charles Bradley, J. Couper Lord, Julian Peabody, Malcolm Sloane, and Wistar Kendall.

To-day's Weddings.

Miss Janet Douglas Fuller, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Williamson W. Fuller, and Winfield Fuller, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Fuller of this city, will be married at 5:30 this afternoon at the home of the bride's parents, 1,072 Fifth Avenue. Miss Margaret Fuller will be her sister's only attendant, and Wentworth Tucker will act as best man. The families are not related, though of the same name.

The wedding of Miss Florence Wyman of Port Chester, N. Y., and Roswell C. Tripp will take place to-day in Rye, N. Y. Countess Ethel Lerchenfeld-Koefering, wife of the Mayor of Berchtesgaden, Bavaria, is here to attend her sister's wedding.

Chipman-Taylor Wedding on July 8.

The wedding of Miss Marion C. Taylor, daughter of Mrs. Cornelius E. Taylor of 606 West 140th Street, and Frank Sherman Chipman of Washington, D. C., will take place at 4 o'clock on July 8, in Grace Church.

Mrs. Harold G. Heffe will be the bride's only attendant. Announcement as to the other attendants and reception will be made later.

Mr. Chipman is a relative of the Colfax family on his father's side, and of the Bowles on his mother's side, of Baltimore, Md.

Camp for Mothers and Babies.

On the grounds of the Rockefeller Institute, Sixty-fourth Street and the East River, the Junior Sea Breeze opened yesterday, and it will not close until Sept. 1. Mothers and babies will be cared for by physicians and trained nurses during the Summer months. The Junior Sea Breeze is under the auspices of the Association for the Improvement of the Condition of the Poor. Mothers and babies will be taken care of under tents.

$450 Monthly Alimony for Mrs. Dale.

Supreme Court Justice Platzek signed an order yesterday awarding $450 monthly alimony to Mrs. Lillian P. Dale, who is suing Francis Colgate Dale for a separation. The order directs Dale to pay $1,800 back alimony dating from Feb. 2 within ten days, and to pay Mrs. Dale's lawyer $1,000 counsel fees. Justice Platzek found that Mrs. Dale was without means and that her husband has an income of $27,000 a year.

TO REAL ESTATE OWNERS
NOW is a good time to borrow on real estate. We have plenty of money to lend in any Borough of Greater New York. Call upon us or write us at any of our offices.
TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO
Capital $4,375,000
Surplus (all earned) 10,625,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., Bklyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

BEYER INDICTED FOR PLAY PIRACY

20 Counts Found Against Head of Chicago Manuscript Co. for Selling Copyrighted Plays.

HIS OFFICE WAS RAIDED

Possible Penalty for 20 Violations of the Copyright Law is $20,000 and 20 Years in Prison.

Lignon Johnson, attorney for the National Association of Theatrical Producing Managers, received word yesterday that the Grand Jury in the United States court in Chicago had found indictments in twenty counts against Alexander Beyer of the Chicago Manuscript Company, charged with violation of the copyright law. It is alleged that Beyer, who is said to be the Chicago Manuscript Company himself, has illegally caused to be copied and sold copyrighted plays without the consent of the authors or the owners of the plays. In the indictments nine plays are named, with from two to three counts on each.

Beyer, according to the theatrical managers, has for about twenty years been conducting a business of providing the manuscripts of copyrighted plays to irresponsible managers for a small sum. Up to the passage of the present copyright law, which went into effect on July 1, 1909, his alleged share in the piracy of plays could not be reached, and the managers were obliged to take action against only the theatrical managers and actors using such plays. In the new law a clause was inserted making the publication and sale of copyrighted plays illegal without the consent of the owner of the copyright. The penalty is a fine of $1,000, or imprisonment for one year, or both, for each offense.

In a hearing on the bill before a Congressional committee, it was pointed out that dramatic authors did not, as a general thing, have their plays published in the accepted sense of the term, and therefore did not receive royalties from the sale of printed copies. Their only income was from royalties from the production of the plays. Unauthorized publication, it was pointed out, worked much hardship to the author.

Attorney Johnson of the Producing Managers Association said yesterday that the sale of unauthorized play manuscripts and the unauthorized productions of plays obtained in this way had caused losses of millions of dollars to managers and producers. Plays that would not be allowed in stock companies for less than $1,500 or $2,500 a week royalties could be bought in manuscript form for $5 from the Chicago man.

The plays named in the indictments against Beyer include properties of well-known managers. The specific cases are "The Builder of Bridges," owned by Charles Frohman, three counts; "The Country Boy," Henry B. Harris, two counts; "Baby Mine," William A. Brady, two counts; "The Deep Purple," Liebler & Co., two counts; "The Nigger," The New Theatre Company, two counts; "Alias Jimmy Valentine," Liebler & Co., two counts; "The Climax," Joseph M. Weber, two counts; "The Melting Pot," Liebler & Co., two counts; "In the Palace of the King," Liebler & Co., three counts. This makes twenty counts in all, with a total possible penalty of $20,000 and twenty years in prison.

Efforts have been made for years by producing managers to reach Beyer and the Chicago Manuscript Company by law, but he has hitherto escaped indictment. Last March, however, the Managers' Association caused his arrest on a charge of illegally publishing a certain play, and caused his office to be raided. In the office were found manuscript copies of many plays, including those named. This evidence was turned over to the Federal authorities, and action resulting in yesterday's indictments was taken.

To obtain copies of plays, the Chicago Manuscript Company sent stenographers to early performances of the pieces and had the dialogue and stage business taken down. The full manuscript was prepared from these notes and offered for sale. At the time the offices were raided, it is said, there were about twenty girls at work copying manuscripts. It is told that a prominent theatrical manager, being the only copy he had of a successful play, was able to buy a complete copy from the Chicago concern for $5, and thereby save himself the trouble of having his own stenographers take down the dialogue at a special performance.

"Robin Hood" at Palisades Park.

The Aborn Comic Opera Company for its second week at Palisades Amusement Park is offering "Robin Hood" as its attraction. John R. Phillips is appearing as Robin, Phil Branson as the Sheriff of Nottingham, Forrest Huff as Little John, Blanche Morrison as Maid Marian, Fritzie von Busing as Alan-a-Dale, and George B. Frothingham as Friar Tuck, the role he played with the Bostonians. The offering next week will be "Little Johnny Jones."

James K. Hackett Free of His Debts.

Judge Learned Hand in the United States Court yesterday granted a discharge in bankruptcy to James K. Hackett, the actor-manager, who filed a voluntary petition on May 8, 1909, in which he gave his liabilities as $126,457 and his assets as $524. Mr. Hackett's discharge was held up for some time because some of his creditors were dissatisfied with his schedules, but eventually permission was given to file amended schedules, and the matter was disposed of.

"Pinafore's" Run to be Extended.

The management of the revival of "Pinafore" at the Casino Theatre announced yesterday that it had decided to keep this comic opera on for two weeks beyond the allotted time, which was to have been up next Saturday night. The management feels that two weeks more will scarcely satisfy the demand for seats. Immediately after the end of the run of "Pinafore" a revival of Gilbert and Sullivan's "Patience" will be given, it is announced.

WEEK'S BILLS AT THE THEATRES

A dramatization of "St. Elmo," the novel by Miss Augusta Evans, was given by the stock company at the Academy of Music yesterday.

"Theodore Kremer's melodrama, "For Her Children's Sake," is the offering of Corse Payton's stock company at the Grand Opera House this week.

For the last week of his season at the West End Theatre Robert T. Haines and his stock company are appearing in "Ingomar," with Mr. Haines in the title role and Marie Nordstrom as Parthenie.

Truly Shattuck, recently star in "Alma, Where Do You Live?" was on the programme as the headline feature at the Fifth Avenue Theatre yesterday. Another feature of the bill was the appearance of Mr. and Mrs. Erwin Connelly in "Sweethearts," a romantic episode by the late Sir W. S. Gilbert. Others listed were Emmet Devoy and company in "The Saintly Mr. Billings," the Avon Comedy Four, the Mabelle Fonda Troupe, Ferry and White, and Belle Onra.

The programme at Hammerstein's Roof Garden was headed by Consul the Great, a trained monkey, and others on the bill were Bella Blanche, the Bell Family, Howard and Howard, Eugenie Fougere, Bedini and Arthur, Roehm's Athletic Girls, Winsor McCay, Martinetti and Sylvester, Alexander and Scott, Grouch and Walsh, the Samson Trio, Alvin and Kenny, Claire and West, the Gardner Trio, and Lewis and Morton.

For its opening programme the Brighton Beach Music Hall had Eva Tanguay as the headline attraction, and Will H. Mack and company in "High Life in Jail," the Great Howard, Rickey's Circus, McKay and Cantwell, Sam Curtis and company, Rym-Brandt and Dale and Boyle. The special concert orchestra was under the direction of Louis Reinhard.

The third anniversary of the opening of the New Brighton Theatre, Brighton Beach, is being observed this week with a programme consisting of Nat Wills, Valerie Bergere, and company in "Judgment," La Titcomb, Kate Elinore, Sam Williams, Bert Coote and company, Max Hart's "Six Steppers," Pierce Barnes and Crawford, the boxing kangaroo, and the Doriens.

Percy G. Williams moved his "Old Timers Festival," to the Orpheum, Brooklyn, yesterday for a week's engagement. The bill consisted of McIntyre and Heath, Mrs. Annie Yeamans, James Thornton, Bonnie Thornton, Gus Williams, Lotta Gilbert, Weed and Curran, Fox and Ward, Will H. Fox, and John Le Clair.

NEW JERSEY COAST TRAINS.

Pennsylvania and New Jersey Central Announce Summer Schedules.

New railroad schedules, affecting mainly the Summer traffic to New Jersey shore resorts, will go into effect next Sunday. The Pennsylvania Railroad will add two Sunday and two weekday trains to Long Branch and Asbury Park, the Sunday trains leaving the Pennsylvania Station at 8:38 A. M. and 1:30 P. M. and arriving from the shore at 6:57 and 11:15 P. M.

The new weekday trains will leave this city at 7:04 A. M. and 4:02 P. M., returning at 2:24 and 11:15 P. M. Another new weekday train leaves here at 2:24 P. M. The new Long Island Railroad schedule, as announced in THE TIMES last Saturday, also will go into effect on June 25.

A third Sandy Hook boat will be added to the schedules of the Central Railroad of New Jersey on June 25. This boat will make three trips a day. The total number of trips by the fleet of boats will be increased from five to nine, and thirty-two new trains will run to the shore resorts from Atlantic Highlands.

Radical changes are announced in the time of leaving the resorts, both by the boat and by the all-rail route. The last Sunday boat will leave Atlantic Highlands at 8:45 P. M., and on holidays there will be a boat at 9:55 P. M. A new train, running Saturdays only, will leave Point Pleasant at 10 P. M. and Asbury Park at 10:30 P. M., arriving here at 12:05 A. M. Heretofore the last Saturday train left Point Pleasant at 8:38 P. M. The last train on Sundays, which heretofore left Point Pleasant at 8:10 P. M., will leave twenty-five minutes later by the new schedule.

To the all-rail route from Asbury Park there will be added a new train on Saturdays only. It will leave this city at 1:30 P. M., and on weekdays a fast express will leave at 4:35 P. M., and make its first stop at North Asbury. This will be the fastest train ever run on the Asbury Division, making the forty-nine miles in sixty-four minutes.

The Jersey Central announced yesterday that the running time of one hour and ten minutes to the Atlantic Highlands would be maintained for the Summer season. It was said that the trip could easily be made in less than an hour, but that the navigation laws required a slowing up whenever a scow was passed and that much time was lost in this way. The boats from any of the fast boats of the Sandy Hook line when under full steam, it was said, would upset any scow or small craft.

WM. GILLETTE NOT DIRECTOR.

New Theatre Founders, Have Not Chosen Successor to Winthrop Ames.

Another guess at the name of the coming Director of the new New Theatre was made yesterday morning, and William Gillette was chosen for the position. As was stated a few weeks ago in THE TIMES, no one has been, or will be for some time to come, selected for the office to succeed Winthrop Ames. Most of the Directors and Founders of The New Theatre are abroad, scattered about the Continent, and no one of them has authority to offer the position to any one.

Practically every man prominent as a theatrical producer has been approached on the matter of a Director for the theatre, and the opinions of all of them have been considered. Some of those talked to about the matter have been salaried stage directors, and many of them have been producing managers. But no one has been selected positively for the Directorship, and there is no likelihood of any selection being made before next Winter, if then, according to those who are acquainted with the plans of the Founders.

Work on the razing of the buildings that now occupy the site of the new playhouse is well under way, and the land should be ready for construction to begin by the end of July. It is not expected that the theatre will be ready for opening until the Fall of 1912.

LEE SHUBERT SAILS TO-DAY.

Going to Europe to Seek Plays and Actors for His Theatres.

Lee Shubert, head of the firms of Sam S. & Lee Shubert, Inc., and the Shubert Theatrical Company, will sail for Europe on the Lusitania to-morrow, to be gone for four or five weeks. This will be the first European trip Mr. Shubert has made in seven years, and he will devote a large part of his time on the Continent in hunting European players and plays for use in his theatres here.

He expects to visit most of the important Continental cities, and to attend the plays that are being produced Abroad. He also wishes to meet the authors of the plays that his firms have produced, and to arrange for future contracts with them. During his absence the work of the Shubert enterprises will be conducted by his younger brother, J. J. Shubert.

Peary's Arctic Daughter Graduates.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—In the graduating class at the Western High School in Georgetown this afternoon was Ahmighito, or "Snowbird," known in the roster of the class as Marie A. Peary. Miss Peary is the daughter of the noted arctic explorer, born to Mrs. Peary in the land of the midnight sun, while the wife of Admiral Peary was with him in 1894, in his second quest for the north pole.

Obituary Notes.

JAMES REILLY, a wealthy Connecticut contractor, died at his home in New Haven on Saturday night at the age of 72. He was an uncle of Charles Comiskey, the Chicago baseball manager. He is survived by one daughter, Mrs. J. Edward Geary.

Mrs. SARAH A. TALCOTT, widow of Dr. Selden Talcott, for many years Medical Superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane at Middletown, N. Y., died on Saturday at 200 West Ninety-fourth Street. She was 69 years old. She was the daughter of Dr. Erastus A. Munger, one of the pioneer homeopathic physicians of Central New York.

Mrs. MARIE SCHULER, a sister and reputed heir of the late William Marsh Rice, the New York millionaire for whose murder Albert T. Patrick, the former's lawyer, is in Sing Sing, died in Des Moines, Ia., on Saturday. She was 56 years old.

SYLVESTER T. SMITH, formerly general manager of the Union Pacific and the Denver & Rio Grande Railroads, died in Chicago on Saturday at the age of 72 years. He had been for many years an invalid. His body will be cremated and the ashes taken to his old home in Buffalo.

SAMUEL LOTHROP THORNDIKE, a prominent Boston attorney, died at his home in Weston, Mass., yesterday after a brief illness. He was Vice President of the Suffolk Savings Bank, President of the Roxbury Carpet Mills, Vice President of the New England Conservatory of Music, and Treasurer of the Perkins Institute for the Blind. Mr. Thorndike was 81 years old and was a graduate of Harvard of the class of 1852.

J. ALFRED SEAVER, member of the firm of Ellis & Seaver, stock brokers, and a member of the Consolidated Exchange, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. E. Paul Staunton, 120 Park Street, East Orange, N. J., last Friday, and was buried on Sunday in Rosedale Cemetery, Orange. He was 77 years old. He was twice married and leaves a widow and five children of the first marriage.

ABNER LEWIS TAFT, a cousin of President Taft, died at his home at New Amsterdam, Wis., yesterday, aged 65 years.

FRANK V. HAWLEY, well known in theatrical circles as Director of the tours of the late Mme. Janauschek, and last manager of the Gaiety Theatre, St. Louis, died Sunday afternoon at the Post-Graduate Hospital, of cancer. Mr. Hawley was 50 years old. The funeral will take place this morning from his residence at 104 West Sixty-fourth Street.

F. STANLEY ISAACS, a real estate broker, at 7 Pine Street, died yesterday at his home, 66 East Seventy-seventh Street. He was the son of the late Rev. Samuel M. Isaacs.

CYRUS W. CABELE, for many years connected with the William Cabble Excelsior Wire Manufacturing Company, is dead from pneumonia at his home, 115 Ainslie Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 73 years.

HENRY MANDER, who was engaged in the stationery business in Nassau Street for many years, died suddenly at his home, 231 Penn Street, Brooklyn, yesterday, from heart disease. Mr. Mander was 66 years old.

Dr. JOHN JEREMIAH VAN RENSSELAER, died at his home, Swartswood, N. J., on Sunday at the age of 78. He was the eldest son of the late Cornelius Glen and Catherine Westerlo Bleecker Van Rensselaer, and was graduated from Rutgers College in 1850.

Swift & Company's sales of Fresh Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, June 17, averaged 8.76 cents per pound.—Adv.

COL. C. W. LARNED DEAD.

Dean of United States Military Academy Dies in Sanitarium.

WEST POINT, N. Y., June 19.—Col. Charles W. Larned, Dean of the United States Military Academy and professor in the department of drawing, is dead in the Dansville Sanitarium.

Col. Larned was born in New York March 9, 1850. He was graduated from West Point in 1870. In July, 1871, he was appointed a professor at the Military Academy. He attained the rank of Colonel July 25, 1898.

Rear Admiral Cipriano Andrade.

Rear Admiral Cipriano Andrade, U. S. N., retired, died yesterday at Dr. Wadsworth's sanitarium, South Norwalk, Conn., and the body was sent to Washington for burial in the National Cemetery at Arlington. Rear Admiral Andrade is survived by his widow and two sons, who recently made New York their home. Rear Admiral Andrade was born in Tampico, Mexico, in 1840, and entered the United States Naval Service as a Third Assistant Engineer on July 1, 1861. He was assigned to the sloop Lancaster, then engaged in protecting the Isthmus of Panama, and subsequently served on the Tuscarora, Saugus, Bentcia, Trenton, Yantic, Swatara, Yorktown, Columbia, and New York. In 1862 he became Second Assistant Engineer and served on the gunboat Pontiac of the North Atlantic blockading division. Throughout the war he saw active service, rising to First Assistant Engineer in 1865. He became Chief Engineer in 1881, and received the rank of Captain in February, 1898. In that year he served in Cuba and Porto Rico. He was placed on the retired list on his own application on July 1, 1901, just forty years from the date of enlistment, and received the rank of Rear Admiral.

Ex-Senator George W. McBride.

PORTLAND, Ore., June 19.—George Wyckliffe McBride, former United States Senator from Oregon, died here yesterday as the result of a stroke of paralysis. He was 57 years old.

George Wyckliffe McBride was a United States Senator from Oregon from 1895 to 1901. He was born in Yamhill County, Ore., in March, 1854, and was educated at Willamette University and Christian College, later being admitted to the bar. Mr. McBride was Speaker of the Oregon Legislature in 1882 and Secretary of State from 1887 to 1895. For the greater part of his life he was an invalid. In 1901 Mr. McBride was appointed a United States Commissioner from Oregon to the St. Louis Exposition.

Capt. James W. Hinkley.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 19.—Capt. James William Hinkley, President of the Poughkeepsie and Wappinger's Falls Railway Company, died here to-day at Eden Hill, the home of his mother, Mrs. Mary L. Hinkley. He had been ill for some time. Capt. Hinkley was 40 years old. He was a son of the late Major James W. Hinkley, for several years Chairman of the Democratic State Committee. Capt. Hinkley was graduated at West Point in 1896 and was for two years an Instructor of Mathematics at the Military Academy. During the Spanish-American war he was in charge of the artillery test at the Sandy Hook proving grounds. He retired from the army in 1898. Capt. Hinkley's textbook on artillery tactics was adopted by the United States War Department.

Harry B. Gilbert Dies in France.

Harry Bramhall Gilbert of Great Neck, L. I., died yesterday at Aix-les-Bains, France, at the age of 49. He suffered a nervous breakdown last April, and went abroad seeking health with his wife, who was Miss Lilla Brokaw, the daughter of W. V. Brokaw. He was the son of Henry L. Gilbert of this city, and was born in Rahway. Mr. Gilbert was partner and American representative of the spinning firm of Joseph Benn of Bradford, England.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

SOPHIE KUPPENHEIMER, died May 24, 1911; left $3,000 realty and $2,000 personalty; $3,000 to her son, Jacob Weil; $100 to Minnie Goldberg, $250 to Benjamin Kuppenheimer, $75 to her grandson, Nathan Weil, and $375 to her granddaughter, Estelle Weil.

ADAM BOECHER, died June 7, 1911; left $24,000 realty and $2,000 personalty to his wife, Gertrude Boecher, for life, then to his surviving brothers, George and Wilhelm Boecher; his sister, Katherine Ebel; his nephews, Richard, Adolf, and Ferdinand Le Walter, and his niece, Emma Le Walter.

THEODORE STERNS, died June 8, 1911; left $1,000 personalty to his wife, Maria Louisa Sterns.

MARY W. ROGERS, died June 13, 1911; left more than $10,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty, property at 35 West Forty-ninth Street to her husband, Henry P. Rogers; one-third of her residuary estate to her son, John P., and her husband, Henry P. Rogers, and one-third of her residuary estate and $5,000 to her daughter, Emily Rogers.

JOHN WASHINGTON, died May 27, 1911; left $4,000 realty and $5,000 personalty to his mother, Winifred Washington of Staatsburg, N. Y.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

CONOVER.—June 18, Roseland, N. J., to Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Conover, a daughter.

Married.

BRANDON—SMITH.—On Wednesday, June 14, at Upper Montclair, N. J., Agnes Washbourne, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Albro Smith, to John Robert Brandon.

ROSE—NORTON.—On June 17, at Edgartown, Mass., Grace H. Norton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elliot H. Norton, to Jack Manley Rose of Summit, N. J.

LUEDER—WICKHAM.—June 17, Florence P. Wickham to Eberhard L. Lueder.

Brooklyn.

DOWNS—BENNETT.—June 14, Florence A. Bennett to Ray N. Downs.

GOODWIN—BUERMEYER.—June 17, Emma R. Buermeyer to John A. Goodwin.

SEYFARTH—VON EITZEN.—June 18, Helen A. von Eitzen to Oscar C. Seyfarth.

New Jersey.

AUSTIN—WALSH.—June 14, Newark, Margaret Walsh to Harry C. Austen.

CARLOUGH—BEATTIE.—June 18, Paterson, Jeannie Beattie to Ernest Carlough.

HARDIN—BAREFORD.—June 15, Elizabeth, Grace I. Bareford to Herbert A. Hardin.

HOPPER—PATRICK.—June 14, Paterson, Anna M. Patrick to Raymond S. Hopper.

JOHNSTON—MARKLE.—June 14, Elizabeth, Pearl Markle to Walter Johnston.

WIEBE—APPLEGATE.—June 14, Elizabeth, Charity Applegate to William F. Wiebe.

WILCOX—FISHER.—June 16, Trenton, Blair Fisher to Edward J. Wilcox.

WOLFF—METZGER.—June 17, Newark, Ida Metzger to Leo W. Wolff.

Died.

BERLINER.—Whereas, It has pleased Divine Providence to call from his earthly labors unto heavenly rest our esteemed friend and highly respected employee,

HENRY BERLINER,

whose honesty, integrity, amiability, and sterling qualities had won for him not only the esteem and respect, but also the love and affection, of all who enjoyed the honor of his friendship or the privilege of his acquaintance, now, therefore, be it

Resolved, by the employees of Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, That we extend to his widow and the other members of his family our heartfelt sorrow and sympathy in this sad hour of their bereavement. Be it further

Resolved, That a fitting floral tribute be placed upon his grave on every anniversary of his death, so long as any of his present employees may live.

His death—and irreparable and inconsolable loss to his immediate family—is a distinct loss as well to the community in general, to whose charities he contributed with a generous and lavish hand, and to the commercial world, in which he was so potent and important a factor.

His death will be felt by a large number of those in humble walks of life whom he encouraged and supported by word and deed. His absence creates an aching void which can never be filled, and his passing will cause many a grief-stricken and sorrowful heart in the bosoms of those who basked in the sunlight of his smiles, and were uplifted by the warmth of a rare and never-failing friendship.

He was a thorough American, a noble citizen, a loyal son, a loving husband, a devoted father, a faithful friend—a kind, considerate, and ideal employer.

No better man was ever created—none nobler ever lived! God bless his soul!

LOUIS LEVY, Chairman.

Died.

CLAMPETT.—Suddenly, on June 19, 1911, Robert L., son of the late James and Elizabeth Clampett, nee Fitzpatrick, and brother of James, Gertrude, and Harold Clampett, at his late residence, 1,195 Boston Road, Bronx, New York City. Funeral on Wednesday, June 21, at 10 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at St. Augustine's Church. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

CLARK.—At Crystal Lake, N. J., on Monday, June 19, 1911, Elspeth Johnston, wife of Herbert H. Clark. Funeral private, from the residence of Mr. Henry I. Clark, 238 Broadway, Paterson, N. J., on Thursday, June 22.

COATES.—On June 18, 1911, Mary Cranston Coates. Funeral services from the residence of Frank Blauvelt, 77 1st Av., Nyack, N. Y., Wednesday, the 21st inst., at 2 P. M.

COMSTOCK.—In Providence, R. I., June 18, Maria S. Comstock, widow of the late Capt. Joseph J. Comstock of this city, in her 86th year.

GILBERT.—Harry Bramhall, at Great Neck, L. I., died 8 o'clock, June 19, 1911, at Aix Les Bains, France. Funeral notice later.

GINNEL.—At Garden City, N. Y., June 17, William S. Ginnel, son of the late Henry Ginnel. Funeral services from his late residence, Garden City, Tuesday, June 20, at 3 P. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery at convenience of family.

HALLIGAN.—On Monday, June 19, 1911, Eliza Cooper Halligan, widow of William Halligan. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 561 West 150th St., on Thursday morning, June 22, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock.

HAWLEY.—On Sunday, June 18, 1911, Frank V. Hawley. Funeral services at his late residence, 104 West 94th St., this Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock. Interment private. St. Louis, Mo., papers please copy.

ISAACS.—On June 19, 1911, at 66 East 77th St., after a short illness, J. Stanley Isaacs, son of the late Rev. Samuel M. and Jane Isaacs. Funeral private.

JENKINS.—At her residence, Maple Hill, Newburg, N. Y., June 19, 1911, Ca

SPORTING NEWS

Continued from Page 7.

YANKEES' WINNING STREAK SHATTERED

Boston Red Sox, with Long Hitting and Fine Pitching, Defeat New York, 6 to 3.

THE SCORE.

Boston	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	1—6
New York	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0—3

BOSTON.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Hooper, rf	3	1	1	1	0	2	0	0
L. Gardner, 2b	3	1	0	0	0	2	0	1
Speaker, cf	3	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
Lewis, lf	3	0	0	1	1	2	0	0
Yerkes, 3b	3	1	0	1	0	1	2	0
Wagner, ss	3	1	1	1	0	2	2	0
Baker, 1b	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0
Engle, 1b	3	0	1	0	1	8	0	0
Nunemaker, c	4	1	2	0	0	3	3	0
Wood, p	3	1	1	0	1	0	2	0
Total	28	6	7	5	3	27	15	1

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, cf	4	1	1	0	0	4	1	0
Wolter, rf	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Hartzell, 3b	3	0	1	1	0	0	2	0
Cree, lf	4	0	1	0	1	2	0	0
Knight, ss	4	0	1	0	0	2	2	1
Chase, 1b	4	0	1	0	1	0	2	0
Gardner, 2b	3	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
Sweeney, c	3	1	1	0	0	4	3	0
Caldwell, p	1*	1	0	0	0	0	2	0
Quinn, p	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	0
Total	31	3	8	1	4	26	17	1

*Wagner out, hit by batted ball in second inning.

Two-base hits—Wood, Daniels. Three-base hits—Wagner, Nunemaker. Home run—Hooper. Sacrifice hits—Baker, L. Gardner. Sacrifice fly—Wolter. Stolen bases—L. Gardner, Chase. First base on errors—Boston, 1. Left on bases—Boston, 2; New York, 8. Double plays—L. Gardner and Engle. Struck out—By Wood, 4; by Quinn, 3. Bases on balls—Off Wood, 1; off Caldwell, 4; off Quinn, 1. Hits—Off Caldwell, 5 in 4 innings, no one out in fifth inning, (at bat, 15;) off Quinn, 2 in 5 innings, (at bat, 13.) Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Connelly. Time of game—Two hours.

The Boston Red Sox perily put a stop to the Yankees' winning streak on the Hilltop yesterday, taking the game by a score of 6 to 3. It was the second game the Yankees have lost in the last dozen. Joe Wood and Ray Caldwell were the opposing pitchers and, as in the other tilts between the two, Wood came out ahead. But it wasn't Wood's speedy ball that beat the Yanks yesterday, as much as it was the long, whistling drives which the Red Sox batsmen bounded against the stockade which surrounds the ball park. A home run, a three-base smash and a double added to the Bostonese jollity before Caldwell was sent to the refrigerator to cool off in the fifth inning. He had just commenced to scatter bases on balls like a sailor spending his money when Chase rushed out a stretcher to take him off the hillock. Jack Quinn succeeded him, and Boston couldn't even flirt with him, much less get acquainted.

It was the most sultry afternoon of the season. Also, quite a collection of folk for wash day. They peeled off their coats and hats, rolled up their sleeves and sweltered with satisfaction. Among those who took the outing were the smartest lads in the junior Sunday school class of Grace Methodist Church. Some time back during the Sunday school season, the Rev. C. F. Reisner promised that he would take the boys with highest average in their Sunday school lessons to see a ball game. They studied hard and have waited long for the reward to come, and it came yesterday. The youngsters were chaperoned by their baseball fan pastor, and they didn't muff a play.

Enjoy it? Well, just ask 'em. And when it comes to knowledge, the Bible isn't the only subject they can take high marks in.

Also at the outing was Umpire Bobby Hart of the Eastern League, who came around to see how Silk O'Loughlin and Tommy Connelly behave when the conversation runs rampant. Also, John Ganzel's Rochester Club viewed the ball game from the stands.

The Red Sox were spunky from the start. After Hooper had grounded out, Knight to Chase, Larry Gardner hit a grounder to Knight, who threw wild to first. Larry then stole second and scored on Speaker's single. Speaker was caught stealing; Lewis ambled, and Yerkes ended the round by lifting one to Daniels.

Between the first and second innings, Caldwell was fanned with a towel and cold water was applied to his warm brow, but it didn't do him a bit of good. He walked Wagner for a starter, and Baker sacrificed. Nunemaker hit a hot grounder through short, which struck Wagner and he was out. Wood drove the ball to the right field fence for two bases, scoring Nunemaker. Then Hopper shot the ball high over Wolter's head in right, the fielder jumping up and just tagging it as it sailed by. He made the circuit and sent Wood in ahead of him. In the third inning, Caldwell steadied and three flies to the outfield settled Boston in that chapter.

New York went at Wood hammer and tongs in the third inning. Earl Gardner flied to short, and Sweeney dropped a Texas leaguer in left field. Caldwell sent a stinging single to right. Daniels doubled to left, scoring Sweeney, and Caldwell went home on Wolter's sacrifice fly. Hartzell pushed a grounder to Larry Gardner and beat it out, Gardner making a wild throw past first, while Roy went to second. Yerkes tossed Cree out at first and ended the Yankees' rally.

Wagner laced the ball over Wolter's head in the fourth inning and halted at third. Engle, who succeeded Baker at first base for Boston, flied to Chase. Then Boston caught Caldwell napping and with Nunemaker at the bat, Wagner tried the squeeze play and scored easily. In the fifth inning, Hooper walked, Larry Gardner sacrificed and Speaker walked. This was the end of Caldwell, and Quinn rushed to the rescue. Lewis flied out to Wolter and then Hooper and Speaker tried a double steal. The Yankees were wise to the scheme, and after chasing Hooper up and down between third base and home, he was finally tagged out by Quinn.

The Yankees had a good chance to take the game in the sixth inning, but were not quite up to the job. With one out, Hartzell got the only pass which Wood issued, and went to second on Cree's single. Hartzell tried to steal third, and was nabbed in the effort. Knight hit the ball in front of the plate and bumped into Nunamaker while starting for first. The catcher threw him out, and Knight protested to Umpire Silk that he had been rudely interfered with. "Not-atall," said Mr. O'Loughlin.

Nunamaker opened the seventh inning with a three-bagger to centre. It was a short hit, Daniels romping in to pick it off his shoe tops. He didn't connect and the ball rolled almost to the fence. Quinn fanned Wood and Hooper grounded to Hartzell, who threw Nunamaker out at the plate. Hooper died stealing. Boston got another run in the ninth, when Yerkes walked, went down on Wagner's out and scored on Engle's single.

Tigers Take Early Lead and Hold It.

DETROIT, Mich., June 19.—Detroit took the lead in the second inning to-day, never relinquished it, and defeated Chicago 8 to 5. Bush's spectacular fielding and Block's homer into the left field stand featured. The score:

DETROIT.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	CHICAGO.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
[illegible]	4	2	1	2	0	M'Intre, rf	5	1	2	1	0
[illegible]	5	0	0	6	0	Lord, 3b	4	0	1	1	2
[illegible]	4	2	1	2	6	Callahan, lf	[illegible]				
[illegible]	4	1	2	1	0	cf	5	2	3	3	1
[illegible]	4	0	2	1	0	Bodie, cf-2b	3	0	0	2	1
[illegible]	2	2	1	3	0	Collins, 1b	5	0	0	1	0
[illegible]	4	1	2	0	1	T'nehill, ss	5	0	2	2	5
O'Leary, 2b	4	1	0	4	7	Ch'nard, 2b	2	0	0	1	0
Stanage, c	4	0	0	4	1	D'gh'ty, rf	1	1	1	1	0
Willett, p	4	1	2	0	2	Block, c	4	1	2	6	0
						Young, p	1	0	0	0	2
						Lange, p	1	0	0	0	0
						*Payne	0	0	0	0	0
						Baker, p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	38	8	10	27	17	Total	37	5	12	24	12

*Batted for Lange in the seventh inning.

Errors—McIntyre, Chouinard, Lange.

Detroit	0	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	0		5
Chicago	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	1		5

Left on bases—Chicago, 8; Detroit, 5. Two-base hits—Delehanty, Lord. Three-base hits—Delehanty, Bodie. Home run—Block. Hits—Off Young, 7 in two and a third innings; off Lange, 2 in three and two-third innings; off Baker, 1 in two innings. Stolen bases—Cobb, O'Leary. Double play—Bodie, Tannehill, and Collins. Struck out—By Young, 2; by Lange, 2; by Baker, 1; by Willett, 3. Passed ball—Block. Bases on balls—Off Young, 1; off Lange, 2; off Baker, 1; off Willett, 4. Wild pitches—Lange, 1; Willett, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Willett, (Payne.) Time of game—One hour and fifty-four minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Perrine.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston, 6; New York, 3.
Philadelphia, 6; Washington, 2.
Detroit, 8; Chicago, 5.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburg, 3; Brooklyn, 0.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Jersey City, 3; Toronto, 2.
(Eleven innings.)
Baltimore, 7; Buffalo, 4.
Providence, 12; Montreal, 11.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	39	18	.683	Chicago	25	24	.511
Philadelphia	34	18	.654	Cleveland	24	24	.414
New York	28	28	.500	Washington	20	34	.370
Boston	29	25	.537	St. Louis	16	39	.291

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	35	19	.648	St. Louis	29	25	.537
New York	34	21	.618	Cincinnati	25	30	.455
Pittsburg	31	23	.574	Brooklyn	20	35	.364
Philadelphia	32	24	.571	Boston	13	42	.236

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	35	17	.673	Montreal	24	23	.489
Baltimore	31	22	.585	Jersey City	22	23	.479
Toronto	29	25	.537	Providence	21	33	.355
Buffalo	24	23	.511	Newark	17	33	.340

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston at New York—4 P. M.
Washington at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at Detroit.
Chicago at St. Louis.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Boston.
Philadelphia at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Cincinnati.
Pittsburg at Chicago.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Toronto at Jersey City.
Rochester at Newark.
Montreal at Providence.
Buffalo at Baltimore.

Champions Win on Senators' Errors.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn, June 19.—Washington was defeated here this afternoon, 6 to 2, largely through the wretched support given Johnson by his team mates. The home team scored three runs in the third inning on four errors without making a hit or getting the ball out of the infield. Bender was benched in the ninth inning for kicking on a decision. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, lf	2	1	0	2	0	Milan, cf	3	0	0	3	0
Strunk, cf	3	1	0	3	0	Schw'er, lb	3	0	1	12	0
Collins, 2b	4	2	0	3	2	Walker, lf	3	0	0	1	1
Baker, 3b	4	1	2	1	4	Elb'r'd, 2b	3	0	0	1	2
M'Innes, 1b	4	0	0	11	1	Gessler, rf	4	0	0	1	0
Murphy, rf	3	0	0	[illegible]	0	M'H'de, ss	3	1	1	1	4
Barry, ss	4	0	1	0	3	Conroy, 3b	4	0	2	0	4
Thomas, c	3	0	0	4	2	Street, c	3	0	0	5	1
Bender, p	3	1	1	2	2	J'nson, p	3	1	1	0	0
Krause, p	0	0	0	0	0	*Lelivelt	0	0	0	0	0
						†Ainsmith	1	0	1	0	0
Total	30	6	5	27	14	Total	30	2	6	24	16

*Batted for Street in the ninth inning.

†Batted for Johnson in the ninth inning.

Errors—Elberfeld, (2,) McBride, Conroy, Street, (2,) Johnson.

Washington	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1		2
Philadelphia	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	1	0		6

Sacrifice hits—Milan, Lord, Strunk. Sacrifice fly—Walker. Stolen bases—Conroy, Lord, Strunk, Collins, Baker. Struck out—By Johnson, 4; by Bender, 1. Double play—Johnson, Elberfeld, and Schaefer. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 6. Left on bases—Washington, 6; Philadelphia, 4. First base on balls—Off Johnson, 1; off Bender, 5. Hit by pitcher—By Johnson, (Murphy.) Wild pitches—Johnson, Bender. Pitchers' record—Off Bender, 6 hits and 29 times at bat in 8 2-3 innings; off Krause, no hits and 1 time at bat in one-third inning. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Sheridan. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Jersey City Plucks Victory from Toronto in Eleventh Inning.

The Jersey City Skeeters at home yesterday again vanquished the Torontos. The battle went two extra innings before the home team won, 3 to 2. A double by Deininger and errors of Vaughn and Bradley enabled the runner to complete the circuit. The game was a capital battle of pitchers. Kissinger fanned eleven of the Canadians. Abstein, who was hit on the head on Saturday by a pitched ball, was in the game. The score:

JERSEY CITY.	AB	R	H	PO	A	TORONTO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
D'n'ger, lf	5	1	1	3	0	Deleh'ty, rf	5	0	1	1	0
Dolan, 3b	5	0	0	1	3	O'Hara, lf	5	1	1	1	1
Abstein, 1b	4	0	0	9	0	Shaw, cf	5	0	0	0	0
G'tman, cf	5	2	2	2	0	Jordan, 1b	5	0	2	13	1
Wh'ler, rf	3	0	1	4	1	B'dley, 3b	4	0	1	1	7
Wells, c	3	0	0	10	0	Phelps, c	3	0	0	6	0
Butler, c	0	0	0	1	0	Mullin, 2b	4	0	0	2	1
Breen, 2b	4	0	1	2	3	Vaughn, ss	2	1	0	0	1
Roach, ss	3	0	1	1	3	Lush, p	4	0	1	1	0
Kis'ger, p	4	0	0	0	2						
†Tonneman	1	0	0	0	0	Total	37	2	5*	31	11
Total	37	3	6	33	11						

*None out when winning run was scored.

†Batted for Wells in the tenth inning.

Errors—Jordan, Bradley, Vaughn.

Jersey City	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1—3	
Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1—2	

First base on balls—Off Lush, 2; off Kissinger, 3. First base on errors—Jersey City, 2. Left on bases—Toronto, 5; Jersey City, 5. Struck out—By Lush, 2; by Kissinger, 11. Three-base hits—O'Hara, Wheeler. Two-base hit—Deininger. Sacrifice hit—Wheeler. Stolen bases—Jordan, 3; Bradley, Vaughn, Dolan, Breen. Umpires—Messrs. Pender and Wright. Time of game—Two hours and twenty minutes.

At Baltimore.

										R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	5		7	12	2
Buffalo	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1—4	7	3	

Batteries—Atkins, Vickers, and Egan; Corridon and Khliffer. Umpires—Messrs. Murray and Rudderham.

At Providence.

											R.	H.	E.
Providence	0	1	1	0	2	4	2	2		12	13	5	
Montreal	2	0	0	0	1	0	4	4	0—11	9	3		

Batteries—Doyle, Busick, Sline, and Rondeau; Burke, Carroll, and Roth. Umpires—Messrs. Kelly and Kerin.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

American Association.

At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 6; Toledo, 3.
At Milwaukee—Columbus, 9; Milwaukee, 4.
At St. Paul—Indianapolis, 7; St. Paul, 1.

Tri-State League.

At Jamestown—Jamestown, 6; Harrisburg, 1.
At Altoona—York, 5; Altoona, 3.
At Wilmington—Reading, 6; Wilmington, 1.
At Trenton—Lancaster, 1; Trenton, 0. (13 innings.)

New England League.

At Haverhill—Haverhill, 4; Lawrence, 3.
At Lynn—Brockton, 5; Lynn, 3.
At Fall River—Fall River, 4; Boston Nationals, 0.
At New Bedford—Worcester, 9; New Bedford, 7.

New York State League.

At Troy—Troy, 7; Syracuse, 6.
At Wilkesbarre—Wilkesbarre, 7; Binghamton, 0.
Utica-Albany game postponed to allow Albany team to attend funeral of First Baseman Brown.
At Scranton—Scranton, 5; Elmira, 1.

South Atlantic League.

At Savannah—Savannah, 3; Charleston, 0.
At Columbus—Columbus, 3; Jacksonville, 1.
At Albany—Albany, 8; Macon, 2.
Columbia at Augusta—Rain.

Connecticut League.

At Holyoke—Springfield, 6; Holyoke, 5.

PIRATES BUNCH HITS; BEAT BROOKLYN, 3 TO 0

The Superbas Support Pitcher Schardt Poorly When Pirates Are Hitting the Ball.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, June 19.—The Brooklyns ended their Western expedition to-day by losing to Pittsburg 3 to 0. Dahlen's men could neither hit Leifield nor field behind Schardt, who really pitched high-class ball and deserved to win. Errors were largely responsible for the scoring in the seventh inning, when Pittsburg tallied the only three runs of the game.

Four hits were made by Brooklyn off Leifield, and of these Coulson got two, one a double. The Pirate defense was strong and brilliant, but Schardt's fine work through the first six innings was treated with ragged fielding behind him. The youngster himself juggled a bunt that paved the way for the first run.

Only two clean hits were made off Schardt in the first six innings, but the Pirates bunched three after two men were out in the seventh inning. Errors by Hummel and Bergen, however, helped the enemy at this point.

Hummel started the trouble with a bad throw to Daubert in his haste to make a double play and retire the side. Then followed a bunching of hits that netted the enemy three runs.

Miller opened the seventh inning for Pittsburg with a single to left. Schardt fumbled Flynn's bunt, and both runners were safe. Gibson hit a weak tap to Zimmerman, and the latter threw to Hummel, forcing Flynn. Hummel hurriedly threw to Daubert to catch Gibson, who was loafing on the line, but the throw went to the grand stand and Miller scored. Leifield singled to left, the hit being a scratchy one that should have been fielded. Carey singled to centre and Gibson scored. Clarke singled to right, and Leifield tallied when Bergen dropped Coulson's throw in to the plate. Byrne ended the inning with a line drive to Davidson. Two errors and three hits had netted the enemy the only three runs of the game. The score:

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey, cf	4	0	1	5	0	Dav'son, cf	4	0	0	4	0
Clarke, lf	3	0	1	2	0	Daubert, 1b	4	0	1	7	0
Byrne, 3b	4	0	0	1	2	Wheat, lf	4	0	0	2	0
Wagner, ss	4	0	1	2	3	Hummel, 2b	4	0	1	1	0
Miller, 2b	4	1	2	0	1	Stark, ss	3	0	0	2	1
Flynn, 1b	3	1	1	11	1	Coulson, rf	3	0	2	1	0
Gibson, rf	3	0	0	4	0	Zim'rm'n, 3b	2	0	0	2	3
Gibson, c	3	1	0	1	0	Bergen, c	3	0	0	4	2
Leifield, p	2	1	2	1	0	Schardt, p	3	0	0	0	2
Total	31	3	9	27	12	Total	30	0	3	24	9

Earned runs—Miller, Hummel, Bergen, Schardt.

Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	—3
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—Miller, Coulson. Sacrifice hits—Clarke, Flynn, Zimmerman. Stolen bases—Wagner, Double plays—Leifield, Wagner, and Flynn; Bergen and Stark. First base on balls—Off Schardt, 1. Struck out—By Leifield, 2; by Schardt, 3. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 7; Brooklyn, 4. First base on errors—Pittsburg, 1; Brooklyn, 1. Time of game—One hour and thirty-three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and O'Day.

Cornell Loses to Pennsylvania.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 19.—In a loosely played contest Pennsylvania won its first game from Cornell this year, 6 to 6. The Cornell pitchers were effective, but were poorly supported. The Cornell battery had the better of it in the batting line. Hightower let three men walk and all scored. The visitors appeared the better on bases. A commencement week crowd attended. The score:

									R.	H.	E.
Cornell	0	0	5	0	0	1	1	1	0—6	12	6
Pennsylvania	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0—6	8	4

Batteries—Hightower, Nisbet, and McCormick; Clarke, Imlay, and Hawks.

Wesleyan Weak Against Williams.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., June 19.—Williams outplayed Wesleyan this afternoon and won by the overwhelming score of 17 to 1. The Williams batters hit the ball wherever they pleased and stole sixteen bases. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Williams	0	1	3	1	7	3	0	2	—17	17	0	
Wesleyan	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1	4	3	

Batteries—Ayers, Davis, and Lewis; Andrews, Jones, and McCarthy. Umpire—Mr. Jones. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes.

Cobb Passes 100-Hit Mark.

CHICAGO, June 19.—Tyrus Cobb of the Detroit American League Club is the first major league player to drive out 100 hits in the 1911 season. His century hit came in the eighth inning of Sunday's game with Chicago in Detroit. Not satisfied with gaining this distinction for the day, he added his total to 101 with another safe one in the ninth. Batting is not the only division where Cobb leads. His twenty doubles, twenty triples, and eight home runs make him the chief of the sluggers; his thirty steals put him at the head among the base stealers, and his record of fifty-nine runs in fifty-five games has his opponents beaten by a wide margin. The following table shows Cobb's work this season, including Sunday's game: Games, 55; A.B., 228; R., 59; B.H., 101; 2B., 20; 3B., 20; H.R., 8; S.B., 30; S.H., 5; T.B., 161. Average, .443.

"Buge" Raymond Seeks New Job.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., June 19.—"Buge" Raymond, suspended by the New York Nationals, telephoned to Manager "Teddy" Cassamat of the Winsted team last night, expressing a desire to join the Winsted team. Raymond played with the Litchfield team last season when Cassamat was manager. The latter was willing to give Raymond a trial, providing he agreed not to fall off the water wagon when a game is scheduled, and this "Buge" promised over the telephone wire. Raymond is expected to pitch his first game for Winsted on Saturday against Torrington.

12,000 to See Yale-Harvard Game.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 19.—Capt. Pop Corey of the Yale nine said to-night that his team would face Harvard to-morrow exactly as it trimmed Cornell on Saturday, except that the pitcher is not selected. Most Yale men believe that Scott will open the game and that Hartwell will succeed him in the sixth inning. Buck Freeman is, of course, a possibility. Yale expects to work McKay or Sexton in the box. Capt. McLaughlin saving himself for the Yale game in Cambridge on Thursday. McKee will play at second for Yale, Bennett being shelved for the season by injuries. More than 12,000 people will see the game. An addition seating 3,000 persons has been built to the grandstand.

New Orleans Gets Manush Back.

NEW ORLEANS, June 19.—As a result of a recent decision of the National Baseball Commission relating to the draft rule, New Orleans is to get absolute possession of Frank Manush, the star third baseman, recently returned to New Orleans by the New York Nationals. Manager Frank of the local team received a telegram to-day to send $500 to the New York Nationals to close the Manush transaction.

L. I. Tennis Championship.

Invitations are out for the fifth annual open tournament of the Kings County Tennis Club for the championship of Long Island, to be held on the courts of the club, from June 26 to July 1. The events will consist of gentlemen's singles, gentlemen's doubles, and consolation singles. All matches will be best two out of three advantage sets, except the finals in all events and the cup matche, which will be the best three out of five sets. All contestants defeated in the first match actually played will be eligible to enter the consolation singles. Play will be governed by the United States Lawn Tennis Association rules. First prizes and runner-up prizes will be offered in gentlemen's singles and gentlemen's doubles. A consolation prize for the winner of the consolation singles will be offered. The winner of the tournament has the privilege of playing the present holder of the Long Island championship, William B. Cragin, Jr., for the challenge cup presented by The Brooklyn Daily Eagle. This cup becomes the property of the player winning it three times, not necessarily in succession.

Lukowicz Makes Long Flight.

Special to The New York Times.

NASSAU BOULEVARD, L. I., June 19.—In a Bleriot type monoplane, with a 60-horse power engine, Lapis Lukowicz made a big circle over this section of Long Island to-night. Some persons who saw him pass over Mineola and then lost sight of him thought that the aviator must have made a landing somewhere in the east, and had not gotten back before dark. It turned out, however, that Lukowicz left the flying ground here and, passing over Hyde Park, Mineola, and Westbury, went to Hicksville and came back by way of circling to the westward. He was gone 48 minutes.

An effort will be made to have an exceptionally attractive programme at Nassau Boulevard next Saturday. It is hoped that Sopwith, the English aviator, will do some passenger carrying work and that Earle Ovington and A. L. Welch, the latter of the Wright school, will make flights.

HYLAND BEATS KEYES.

Continual Attack of Body Blows Enables Fighting Dick to Win.

Fighting Dick Hyland, by continually landing on the left kidney with hard right-hand smashes, won an easy victory over Bert Keyes last night at the Olympic A. C. in a ten-round bout. At the start the bout did not look very promising, as neither boxer did enough work to arouse the spectators in the first three sessions. In the third round Keyes began to show some form, and after some good work opened Hyland's left eye, which bled freely throughout the round.

In the fourth round both boys stood up and exchanged on even terms, but their work was not very fast, and this round ended about even. Neither boxer displayed much cleverness, but both staked their strength on a knockout and played accordingly. Keyes was not as fast as Hyland at infighting, and when they came together the latter would rip his right over the kidneys with all his might and then cross his left in a like manner to the stomach. At the end of the fifth this work began to tell on Keyes, and his work lagged and he missed his blows. His body about the left kidney was scarlet and showed the result of the hard pounding. Hyland realized that his efforts were telling on Keyes, and after the sixth round he played constantly for that part of the body.

In the eighth round Keyes was very slow and the crowd began to notice his work and urged Dick on, but despite the fact that he landed hard and often he could not dispose of Keyes. Keyes showed great gameness, and at the close of the round he managed to open the other eye of Hyland with a straight jab, but the cut was only trifling. The ninth and tenth was one slam bang affair, with Keyes on the receiving end all the way, and when the final bell rounded he was tired and will in all probability nurse some sore ribs and kidneys for some time to come.

In the semi-final of six rounds Kid Ghetto and Joe Farmer put up a fast slugging exhibition, but the east sider was entitled to the honors.

Boxing Club Gave Rain Checks.

A disappointed crowd received rain checks at the Brighton Beach Athletic Club at Coney Island last night because one of the boxers for the main bout, Joe Hyland, refused to take part in the fistic encounter with Tom Ginty, of Scranton, because the crowd on hand to witness the mix-up was too small. Ginty was there willing and anxious, but Hyland refused to put on a glove. The rain checks will be recognized at the club's stag next Monday night, when Paddy Sullivan will fight ten rounds with Kid Burns.

Before the announcer mentioned the gloomy tidings about the main bout of the show there were many lively preliminary fights. Frankie Williams made a hero of himself by knocking out two men in as many minutes. First Williams went at Battling Shakins of Bridgeport. Few stiff punches put Shakins down for the count, and then Williams took on Knockout Smith. Smith got his name because he went to dreamland after a few punches. Bobby Tollins outpointed Young Hallen in four rounds. Cy Dazie outpointed Young Cope in four more, and the bout between Coke Williams and Johnny Green was stopped in the first round because Coke was too big for his opponent. The error between Johnny Regan and Fighting Kennedy was stopped in the first round because they didn't know how to fight.

K. O. Brown Knocks Out Dorsey.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 19.—"Knockout" Brown of New York knocked out Bant Dorsey of Albany in the third round of a scheduled ten-round bout here to-night. The knockout came after Brown had worn Dorsey down with hard body punches. Dorsey landed about three clean punches. Brown weighed 133 pounds, while Dorsey was a few pounds lighter.

Joe Coster Beaten by Mandot.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., June 19.—Joe Mandot of New Orleans got the decision over Joe Coster of Brooklyn at the end of the eighth round of their bout to-night.

McFarland and Murphy Matched.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 19.—"Packey" McFarland of Chicago and "Harlem" Tommy Murphy of New York were to-day matched to box ten rounds before the Berger Athletic Club of Milwaukee June 30. Articles of agreement call for weights of 135 pounds at 3 o'clock on the day of the contest.

QUANDARY JUMPS WELL.

Lieut. Graham's Cavalry Mount Makes Fine Showing in London Show.

LONDON, June 19.—At the fourth jumping competition at the International Horse Show at Olympia to-day Lieut. E. M. Graham, Tenth Cavalry, U. S. A., on Quandary, made by far the best showing of any American thus far. He covered the course with a single fault.

In the class for pairs exceeding 16 hands Judge Moore won first place, with Robin Hood and Wallenstein.

The Loudwater Gold Cup for four-in-hands, driven by a woman, was won by Judge Moore's bays, driven by Mrs. Russell.

Priscillian Equals World's Record.

HAMILTON, Ont., June 19.—August Belmont's Priscillian and Waterwale ran one, two in the Wentworth plate, the feature event on the card at Hamilton to-day. Sempronius finished third. There were only four starters. Priscillian was an added starter and was coupled in the betting with Waterwale at the prohibitive odds of 1 to 8. Priscillian had the speed of the wind and negotiated the six furlongs in 1:11 flat, equalling the world's record.

Tambour Major II. Wins at St. Cloud.

PARIS, June 19.—The Prix des Gerantums, which was run at Saint Cloud to-day, was won by Nash Turner's Tambour Major II.

ON THE TENNIS COURTS.

There were two notable reversals of form in the continuation of the Metropolitan tennis championships yesterday on the grass courts of the West Side Tennis Club, at Review Place and 238th Street. Gustave F. Touchard, who was the finalist, with William A. Larned for last year's title, was defeated by Carleton R. Gardner, and Karl H. Behr was put out by G. C. Shafer, the Columbia University player. The Gardner-Touchard tussle furnished the star match of the day, and easily the best grass court match seen in the locality this season. A glance at the score in Gardner's favor, will give a fair idea of the closeness of the play, the figures being 7—5, 2—6, 8—6. To leave aside the brilliant array of shots of all sorts, Gardner was a trifle steadier at every stage. The summary:

Metropolitan Championship Men's Singles.—First Round—O. C. A. Child defeated Calhoun Cragin, by default; C. S. Smith defeated Miles S. Charlock, by default; Neal Stevens defeated Merle

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS MAKING MORE MONEY

International Mercantile Marine Report Shows Large Gains from Passenger Traffic.

FREIGHT BUSINESS NO BETTER

Gross Earnings Went Up from $33,461,485 in 1909 to $36,848,284—Good Outlook for the Year Ahead.

The annual report of the International Mercantile Marine Company for the year ended Dec. 31, issued yesterday, shows a surplus of $4,849,580 after meeting all fixed charges and maintenance, which is a gain of $3,067,245 over the previous year and compares with a deficit of $1,729,982 in 1908. The better showing was attributable to an increase in gross voyage earnings from $33,461,485 in 1909 to $36,848,284 in the year just closed and in miscellaneous earnings from $491,[illegible] to $1,225,812.

Operating and general expenses remained practically stationary. The latter item was $29,775,390 in 1910, against $29,257,754 in 1909 and $29,653,891 in 1908.

In 1908 gross voyage earnings were only $29,081,044 and miscellaneous earnings $576,023. The balance after the payment of expenses was $8,298,206, against $4,695,454 in 1909. Fixed charges increased from $3,870,580 in 1909 to $4,021,633. The insurance account, which was $1,062,344 in 1908 and $357,461 in 1909, was $578,008 last year.

After deducting from the balance of earnings $1,297,355 as the debit of the profit and loss account on Dec. 31 in the previous year and a charge of $3,503,641 for depreciation of steamships there remained a balance for the year of $48,585.

Commenting on the increase in passenger business and the outlook for this season, the report says:

"The transatlantic passenger traffic, in which your company is so largely interested, showed a material increase in the first and second class movement, both east and westbound, with the result that your earnings from this branch of the traffic were substantially improved. The outlook for the present year is not quite so satisfactory as regards either first or second class business, and on account of the curtailment in large development and construction work in the United States, immigration is not as large as last year, but, as under similar circumstances in past years, emigration may to some extent offset the reduction in earnings from the decreased westbound movement so that on the whole it is hoped that the earnings from passenger business may be fairly well maintained, as the result of the recent improvement in your tonnage."

Freight earnings, the report says, were far from satisfactory, though improvement in the last half of the year brought the returns beyond those of previous years. The better showing in the last half of 1910 continues, the report states, so that "the prospects are more encouraging."

The report describes the advantages of the Olympic, now on her maiden voyage to this country, "the largest steamer in the world," and says: "It is confidently expected by your Directors that she will prove to be a most attractive steamer to the traveling public. The Titanic, the Olympic's sister ship, is expected to be placed in service early next year."

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—The market showed great excitement and strength, Minneapolis advancing 4 cents for the day, and other American markets advanced from 1½ to 2¼c. The advance was due to a very pronounced change in the tenor of the crop news from the Northwest. The reports hitherto have indicated most promising condition of the Spring wheat, excepting in some portions of South Dakota and Southern Minnesota. Last week there were quite general rains in the sections complaining, but right after the opening Monday, crop news came in of most serious character, according to the dispatches. The market took an extremely bullish view of the reports. The apparent demoralization of the shorts in the Northwest, and the excited advance in the market there, started demand everywhere. Conservative people were inclined to believe the reports exaggerated, but believed the situation was one that must be watched. The Winter wheat views was generally favorable. There were some complaints of disappointing yields, but few of serious character. Lyle reports from Kansas that the yields there are likely to be less than expected.

Statistics were bullish; the American visible decreased 320,000 bushels, the Canadian visible decreased 180,000 bushels. World's exports of wheat were 10,360,000 bushels, against 12,512,000 bushels the previous week, and there was a decrease afloat for Europe of 5,960,000 bushels. The advance was so rapid that no export business was reported. Cash wheat was quoted at 96½c for No. 2 red Winter, free on board; 91.04½ for No. 1 Northern, and 91.05½ for No. 1 Manitoba.

CORN.—Trading was active and prices strong, closing at the best of the day. There were some damage reports, but in the main the crop reports continue satisfactory. Sentiment, however, is rather bullish, and the pronounced strength in wheat, and further advance in oats had bullish influence. Snow was out with a rather bullish crop report. The visible supply increased 883,000 bushels for the week. Western receipts, while somewhat less than last week, were decidedly more than last year. World's exports were 4,405,000 bushels, against 5,544,000 bushels the previous week. The amount afloat for Europe decreased 196,000 bushels. Exporters reported four loads of corn at outports. No. 2 corn was firm at 61¼c, free on board.

OATS were active and strong, with new high levels reached. Buying was very aggressive, on continued reports of damage in the Ohio Valley west of the Mississippi, and with the crop reports in the Northwest came advices of damage to oats. An advance of 4 cents a bushel in flaxseed in the Northwest had considerable influence, as it was considered confirmation of the unfavorable conditions for crop growth. The visible supply increased 740,000 bushels for the week. Cash oats were firm, with standards quoted at 44½c; No. 2 white, 45c; No. 3 white, 44c.

PROVISIONS.—The market was inactive and about steady. Live hog receipts were smaller West, and live hog prices higher.

NEW YORK MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
July	96¼	93½	96	94¼
September	95¼	93¼	95¼	93⅝
December	..	..	97⅝	95¾
Corn—				
July	..	..	61¼	61⅛
December	..	..	..	62½
Lard—				
Spot			8.10@8.35	8.20
July			8.20@8.30	8.20
September			8.35@8.45	8.30
November			8.17@8.25	8.20
December			8.03@8.15	8.05
January			7.90@8.10	7.95

CHICAGO FUTURES MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
July	88⅝	86¼	88⅝	86⅝
September	88⅝	86¼	88⅝	86⅝
December	91⅝	89⅝	91	89⅛
Corn—				
July	55½	54⅝	55⅝	54⅝
September	57	55⅝	56⅞	56⅞
December	55⅝	54⅝	55⅝	54½
Oats—				
July	39	38	38⅞	38
September	40	39	39⅞	39⅛
December	41⅝	40½	41⅝	40⅝
Lard—				
July	8.17½	8.10	8.12½	8.15
September	8.32½	8.25	8.27½	8.27½
December	8.02	8.00	8.00	8.00
Ribs—				
July	8.32½	8.25	8.30	8.27½
September	8.27½	8.22½	8.25	8.25
January	7.60	7.55	7.60	7.55
Pork—				
July	15.30	15.17½	15.25	15.22½
September	15.22½	15.10	15.20	15.15

COTTON.

Cotton was a weather market again, and the weather was favorable. Over Sunday there were rains in every State, with precipitation heavy at many points east of the Mississippi and in the South Atlantic district. Detailed reports showed rain at a good many points in Texas. While the rain was not as general as in other States, the showers there for the past few days have relieved the situation considerably. Elsewhere, in Oklahoma, Arkansas, and east of the river, the rains, particularly in the East, have been good. Although there are a great many sections still unrelieved, the precipitation was over such a wide area that it seems reasonably certain that fully three-quarters of the belt has had rain, and probably more than half of the belt has had sufficient to practically break the drought. The private reports during the day were numerous as to the extent of the rainfall, and there were dispatches claiming rains at a number of points in Texas not reported officially. Southern spot markets were lower, feeling the influence of the improvement in the crop situation, and weakened by the decline in futures, although at a decided disparity with the local market. Trading in futures was active, with prices declining sharply at the opening, rallying somewhat in the afternoon, but on each advance there seemed to be plenty of cotton for sale. Prices were somewhat irregular in the afternoon trading, awaiting further advices regarding the extent of the rains. The prediction was for generally fair weather in Texas, but a report in the late afternoon of rain at Galveston started a renewed selling movement. The South was a rather heavy seller, which tended to unsettle the traders here, who were disposed to buy on the decline. There seems to be a decided difference of opinion as to what the next Government report will show, in view of the Giles report last week showing an improvement in condition compared with the end of May, and in view of the weather conditions which have recently prevailed, bringing rain to such a wide section of the belt. In portions where the drought has not been relieved, the situation is reported one where the crop is deteriorating through urgent need of moisture. The weekly weather bulletin issued by the Government, and due to-day, is expected to be more bearish than in several weeks. New York spot cotton was quiet, with prices twenty points lower; middling uplands, 15.80c. Future prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	14.67	14.67	14.53@14.55	14.78
July	14.80	14.60	14.61@14.63	14.85
August	14.65	14.41	14.48@14.40	14.59
September	13.51	13.30	13.42@13.44	13.52
October	13.26	13.13	13.19@13.17	13.27
November	..	..	13.14@13.15	13.27
December	13.27	13.14	13.16@13.17	13.30
January	13.25	13.13	13.14@13.15	13.28
March	13.30	13.20	13.21@13.22	13.35
May	..	..	13.25@13.27	13.39

Market steady, at 10 to 24 points decline.

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market continues under the influence of July liquidation, with the selling accelerated by a change for the better in the conditions affecting the cotton plant. Switching operations also continue unabated, with shorts buying July and selling later deliveries, while conspicuous in the dealings is the buying on balance of July, thought to be for refining interests, and the absence of support from those concerns which are supposed to control the available supplies. Demand for actual is expected to show a slight improvement, as a speculator undertone is manifest, but in the meanwhile is in limited volume. Future prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot			6.20@6.25	6.25
June			6.22@6.25	6.25
July	6.26	6.25	6.25@6.26	6.32
August	6.36	6.33	6.33@6.34	6.40
September	6.37	6.35	6.35@6.36	6.41
October	6.12	6.12	6.11@6.12	6.14
November	5.80	5.80	5.78@5.87	5.86
December	5.79	5.77	5.78@5.79	5.77
January			5.78@5.83	5.77

COFFEE.

Coffee business was light, consisting of 5,000 bags. Prices were steady, with very small changes, closing net unchanged to 1 point lower. Havre closed net unchanged, while Hamburg was unchanged to ½ pfennig higher. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were somewhat irregular, but generally steady. Warehouse deliveries last week amounted to 117,359 bags, against 100,296 the previous week and 66,617 last year. The visible supply of Brazilian coffee in and afloat for the United States was 2,374,796 bags, against 2,530,675 last year and 2,353,861 two years ago.

Spot coffee unchanged, 12⅝c for Rio No. 7. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June			10.89@10.91	10.89
July	10.94	10.95	10.94@10.95	10.94
August	..	..	10.83@10.85	10.83
September	10.69	10.69	10.68@10.70	10.69
October	10.55	10.55	10.52@10.55	10.54
November	..	..	10.51@10.52	10.51
December	10.49	10.48	10.48@10.49	10.49
January	..	..	10.49@10.50	10.49
February	..	..	10.49@10.50	10.50
March	10.51	10.51	10.49@10.50	10.50
April	..	..	10.50@10.51	10.51
May	..	..	10.51@10.52	10.51

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

CANADIAN NORTHERN—	1911.	1910.	Increase.
2d week June	$813,200	$590,400	$22,800
July 1-June 14	14,366,000	12,149,200	2,218,800
CANADIAN PACIFIC—			
2d week June	2,057,000	1,902,000	155,000
July 1-June 14	97,604,130	88,939,790	8,756,340
CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—			
2d week June	121,500	121,649	*149
July 1-June 14	5,894,777	5,728,515	166,262
DENVER & RIO GRANDE—			
2d week June	438,500	444,700	*6,200
July 1-June 14	22,018,600	21,935,800	82,800
DETROIT UNITED—			
4th week May	277,784	250,533	27,231
Jan. 1-May 31	3,368,121	2,967,747	295,374
GRAND TRUNK—			
2d week June	952,264	891,252	61,012
INTERNATIONAL & GREAT NORTHERN—			
2d week June	140,000	146,000	*6,000
July 1-June 14	8,520,000	8,183,000	337,000
MISSOURI PACIFIC—			
2d week June	1,000,000	1,000,000	0,000
July 1-June 14	59,625,132	50,609,085	*73,883
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS—			
2d week June	448,037	447,233	804
July 1-June 14	27,742,757	25,456,561	2,286,197
NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE & CHICAGO—			
2d week June	20,758	21,020	*262
July 1-June 10	1,711,306	1,576,385	131,961
SOUTHERN RAILWAY—			
2d week June	1,036,463	1,059,735	*23,272
July 1-June 14	57,778,102	54,926,374	2,851,728
TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN—			
2d week June	23,758	22,292	1,463
July 1-June 14	1,221,531	1,116,509	105,022
TWIN CITY LINES—			
1st week June	155,060	141,946	13,114
Jan. 1-June 7	3,215,215	3,043,592	171,623
WABASH—			
2d week June	604,379	574,579	29,800
July 1-June 14	28,569,221	27,561,770	1,007,451

*Decrease.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN for the quarter ended March 31—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Total op. rev.	8,163,474	8,128,236	7,798,853
Total op. exp.	4,996,988	4,511,483	4,349,481
Net op. rev.	3,166,485	3,616,753	3,449,372
Net rev. from other op.	47,229	22,494	86,376
Total net rev. from op.	3,213,715	3,639,246	3,535,748
Taxes accrued	414,084	355,950	295,200
Op. income	2,799,631	3,283,296	3,240,548
Non-op. income	1,143,674	1,211,396	1,761,928
Gross income	3,943,305	4,494,594	5,002,476
Tot. deduc. from gross income	1,954,230	1,780,077	....
Net corp. inc.	1,988,574	2,714,516	....

MONTREAL STREET RAILWAY CO. for May—

Gross	431,689	370,234	329,330
Expenses	216,730	190,617	181,147
Net	214,959	179,617	148,192
Chg. & taxes	60,546	45,977	45,891
Surplus	154,413	121,640	102,301
8 mos. gross	3,006,913	2,707,235	2,437,056
Expenses	1,767,922	1,607,443	1,501,288
8 mos. net	1,218,991	1,099,792	935,778
Chg. & taxes	339,889	306,147	284,557
8 mos. surplus	879,102	793,645	651,216

PERE MARQUETTE for May—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Av. mileage	2,884	2,328	....
Gross	1,281,120	1,322,130	*41,004
Expenses	1,085,058	922,065	163,588
Net	195,472	400,065	*204,592
Other inc. (deb.)	37,297	6,739	30,528
Total income	158,206	393,326	*235,120
Chgs., tax., &c.	383,746	384,998	*1,252
Deficit	225,540	*8,328	*233,868
11 mos. gross	14,644,094	14,696,030	*51,936
Expenses	11,862,159	10,205,439	1,656,720
11 mos. net	2,781,935	4,490,591	1,708,657
Other inc. (deb.)	483,808	83,428	400,384
Total income	2,298,132	4,407,163	*2,109,031
Charges	4,074,826	3,967,123	107,702
11 mos. deficit	1,776,694	*440,040	*2,216,735

*Surplus.

WESTERN MARYLAND report, as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for April—

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
Mileage	543	543	....
Total op. rev.	589,789	656,085	66,296
Total op. exp.	545,061	549,267	4,206
Net op. rev.	243,828	306,817	62,989
Int. op. (debit)	159	....	*159
Total net rev.	243,668	306,817	63,149
Taxes	21,000	18,500	*2,500
Op. income	222,668	288,317	65,649

July 1 to April 30—Total operating revenue, $5,980,636; net operating revenue, $2,314,155; outside operations, (debit,) $2,972; total net revenue, $2,311,183; taxes, $198,000; operating income, $2,113,183

*Increase.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY annual report for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gr. voyage earn.	36,848,284	33,461,485	29,081,044
Misc. earnings	1,225,812	491,723	576,023
Total earnings	38,074,096	33,953,208	30,657,067
†Op. & gen. exp.	29,775,390	29,257,754	29,653,891
Net earnings	8,298,206	4,695,454	903,176
Chgs. and taxes	4,021,633	3,870,579	3,903,606
Surplus	4,276,573	824,874	*2,792,837
Trans. from ins. account	573,007	357,461	1,062,344
Surplus	4,849,580	1,182,335	*1,729,983

*Deficit. †Includes all charges for repairs, maintenance, and overhauls.

KINGS COUNTY ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY for May—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	377,124	340,101	297,677
Expenses	201,108	169,380	146,528
Net	176,015	170,721	151,148
Chgs. and dep.	109,059	100,173	88,567
Surplus	66,956	69,548	62,581
Gross, 5 mos.	1,865,207	1,754,154	1,538,768
Expenses	907,402	824,400	725,743
Net, 5 mos.	908,518	929,754	811,026
Chgs. and dep.	558,892	507,025	438,261
Surplus, 5 mos.	409,626	422,729	372,765

HOME TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Further information regarding the following home trade opportunities may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

242. NAVY DEPARTMENT SUPPLIES.—Proposals will be received at the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., until 10 o'clock A. M., June 27, and then publicly opened immediately thereafter, for furnishing the following supplies: (Applications for proposals should designate the schedules desired by number, and correspondence should be addressed direct to the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts as above indicated.) (1) At the Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H., Schedule 3,634, for draft blowers; Schedule 3,689, Japan drier. (2) At Navy Yard, Boston, Schedule 3,679, vault doors; Schedule 3,689, granular sodium carbonate; Schedule 3,690, cork ring life buoys; Schedule 3,691, worm geared and differential blocks, phosphor-bronze wire, hardware; Schedule 3,692, magnesia pipe covering, &c., sheet rubber packing, lubricating grease. (3) At the Naval Torpedo Station, Newport, R. I., Schedule 3,683, renewing oak piles; Schedule 3,689, guncotton, hydraulic pressure gauges, brass oil feeders, beam scales, hammers, brazing torches, electricians' levels, electric soldering irons. (4) At Navy Yard, Brooklyn, Schedule 3,632, Turkish bath towels; Schedule 3,682, steel forgings; Schedule 3,687, library books; Schedule 3,690, bar steel, calcium; Schedule 3,692, magnesia pipe covering, castor oil, ferromanganese; Schedule 3,693, tinned bacon, green coffee, sugar, salt, pickles, extracts; Schedule 3,694, metallic caskets; Schedule 3,696, evaporated apples. (5) At Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Penn., Schedule 3,680, electric trolley car; Schedule 3,685, yellow and North Carolina pine piles, yellow pine, North Carolina pine, spruce splines; Schedule 3,686, steel rails, splice plates, &c.; galvanized and sheet steel, wrought iron pipe, machine bitts, &c., manganese bronze anchor bolts. (6) At Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., Schedule 3,687, a quantity of mine type telephones, lead-covered cable, enameled conduit, &c. (7) At Navy Yard, Washington, D. C., Schedule 3,688, furnishing and installing indicating and recording equipment; Schedule 3,698, oak ties. (8) At Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va., Schedule 3,656, machine tools, electric motor; Schedule 3,689, liquid metal polish, white zinc; Schedule 3,691, hardware and tools; Schedule 3,693, copper tubing. (9) At Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C., Schedule 3,661, cutting machine; Schedule 3,686, armature coils. (10) Schedule 3,695, for furnishing and installing door and window screens.

243. DREDGING.—Sealed proposals for dredging deep water harbor at Harbor Island, Aransas Pass, Texas, will be received at the United States Engineer Office, Galveston, Texas, until July 8, and then publicly opened. Information on application to G. F. Howell, Major Engineers.

244. DREDGING.—Sealed proposals for dredging harbors at New Bedford and Fair Haven, Mass., will be received at the United States Engineer Office, Newport, R. I., until July 11, 1911, and then publicly opened. Information on application to Frederic V. Abbott, Colonel, Engineers.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of items referred to:

6,899. MUNICIPAL SLAUGHTER HOUSE. Consul George Helmrod of Berne, Switzerland, reports that plans for a new municipal slaughter house, to cost several hundred thousand dollars, are being prepared by Architect Max Muench of Berne, who has been allowed a period of six months by the city for the completion of his preparatory work. American firms desiring to make offers for installation, &c., should address the Berne Municipal Building Department, (Stadtsche Bau-Direktion, Berne,) but letters, and, if possible, descriptions, should be in German or French.

6,900. AMERICAN WOOD.—A resident of the United States writes the Bureau of Manufactures that one of his correspondents in Italy is interested in the import of all kinds of American wood, and wishes to make arrangements with some reliable and active export houses in this line. He has an established agency in Naples, with representative continually traveling throughout Italy.

Some relative or friend in the country would appreciate your thoughtfulness were you to send the Daily and Sunday editions of The New York Times while away from the city. 17c. per week, 75c. per month.—Adv.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS. | TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

BY SEA TO BOSTON

EXPRESS SERVICE
DIRECT FROM CITY TO CITY
ALL-THE-WAY-BY-WATER ROUTE
LUXURIOUS NEW STEEL PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS
MASSACHUSETTS and BUNKER HILL
In Place of "Yale" and "Harvard"
Service commencing Saturday, June 24th. DAILY, including SUNDAYS, at 4 P. M. from Pier 15, North River, foot Barclay St. Due to arrive at Boston the following day at about 8:30 A. M. FARE in either direction $4.00; STATEROOMS $1 to $8.
Through Tickets and Baggage Checked to all the Popular Eastern Summer Resorts
Express Service for Freight, Automobiles, and Horses.
Information, Illustrated Folder, etc., at MAINE S. S. CO., 290 Broadway, N. Y.

Crisp colors, music, uniforms and the martial tableau of war—every one whose blood tingles at such a sight should see the Cadets at West Point.

After the visit is over you may return to your Day Line steamer and during the two hours run to New York can enjoy a good dinner in the great comfortable glass-enclosed dining rooms.

The Highlands of the Hudson are now in the full glory of Spring—Plan to go *now*.

DAY LINE STEAMERS, DAILY, except Sunday, leave Desbrosses St., 9:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M., landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. All through rail tickets between N. Y. and Albany accepted.

Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses Street Pier, N. Y.

Steamer Mary Powell
Afternoon boat for Roodout and way landings leaves Desbrosses St. daily except Sunday at 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by boat or rail. 15

BY SEA TO MAINE
The Most Charming Short Sea Trip on the Atlantic Coast.
STEAMSHIPS
NORTH LAND & NORTH STAR
TO
PORTLAND, MAINE
Sailings Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday 6 P. M. from Pier 40, East River, N. Y. For full information and booklet apply to MAINE S. S. CO., 290 B'way, N. Y.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
COLONIAL LINE

BOSTON	Via Boat and Rail	$2.90
PROVIDENCE, Boat Direct		2:00
FALL RIVER, via Boat and Rail		2.25
WORCESTER, via Boat and Rail		2.90

Week days and Sundays at 5:00 P. M. from Pier 32, N. R., foot of W. Houston St.
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS—FINEST SERVICE.
'Phones, Spring 8491 and 9492.

JOY LINE $2.40 BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL
BOSTON, via Boat and Trolley, $2.25. Providence Direct, $1.50. Worcester, $2.40. Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M. From Pier 18, East River.
New Management. Improved Service. City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE
For Newburgh, Poughkeepsie & Kingston, Week Days, 4:00 P. M., from ft. Franklin St. For Highland Falls, Newburgh, and intermediate landings, week days, 5:00 P. M.; Sundays, 8:00 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:30 A. M. Tel. 405 Franklin.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE TO ALBANY
ROUND TRIP, $1.50. GOOD 10 DAYS. Steamers lvt. ft. W. Houston St. 5:30 P. M.; ft. W. 129th St., 5 P. M. Daily and Sunday. Stop at Columbia St., Albany, (adjoining Union Station.) Special stop south bound, ft. W. 125th St., N. Y. Tel. 8194 Harlem.

The Ideal Hudson River Route to Saratoga, Lake George, Lake Champlain, Adirondack Mts., Montreal, Thousand Islands, Niagara Falls, Sharon Springs, Cooperstown, and all Northern and Eastern Resorts.
PEOPLES LINE
New York and Albany
Str. C. W. Morse (even dates June), Adirondack (alternating), Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M., W. 129th St., 6:45 P. M. daily (Sunday included).
Observation and Palm Room a new feature.
CITIZENS LINE
New York, Albany and Troy
New Str. Trojan (even dates, June), Rensselaer (alternating), Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M. daily (Saturday included). Yonkers 7 P. M.; stops at Albany in both directions.
Magnificent Steamers; Splendid Accommodations; Cuisine and Service Unexcelled. Fine Orchestra on Each Steamer.
Tickets at pier and principal ticket offices. For further information and Journal, a guide for tourists, write HUDSON NAVIGATION CO., Pier 32, N. R. 'Phone 9400 Spring.

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)
A vacation suggestion—Fall River, Mass., celebrates the 100th anniversary of the building of her first cotton mill June 19-24
Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5:30 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like.
Fare to Boston.....$4
City Ticket Office-171 B'way-Phone 5121 Cort.

Catskill Evening Lines
Magnificent steel steamers CLEREMONT (new) & ONTEORA leave Pier 43, N. R., Daily except Sunday, ft. Christopher St., 6:30 P. M., and West 129 St. at 7 P. M. for Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie and Intermediate Landings.
Tickets for sale at all agencies and at Pier. 'Phone 1093 Spring. Send 2 cents in stamps for booklet of Summer Hotels and Boarding Houses.

CAPITAL CITY LINE TO ALBANY
50 CENTS
Fast and Elegant Steamers FRANK JONES and KEATERSKILL. Leave Pier 40, N. R., Foot West 10th St., 5:30 P. M. West 129th St., 6 P. M. Daily, Sundays Included. 'Phone 482-483 Spring.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 32, East River, foot of Pike St., daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River Landings. Write for illustrated folder.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

MIDLAND BEACH
STATEN ISLAND
Refined Amusement Amid Refined Surroundings
Reached via Staten Island Ferry, foot of Whitehall St., terminus of Subway, elevated roads and surface lines; 20 minutes' invigorating sail through the lower bay and a short trolley ride through the most picturesque part of Staten Island. Cleanest and safest bathing on the Atlantic Coast.

Delightful Afternoon Excursion to West Point, Steamer Mary Powell.
Leaving Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Return to New York by boat or rail, $1.10. Orchestra. See Parade, Public Buildings, etc.

EUROPE
21-DAY TOUR, $187.90
Including France, England, Scotland. Passage Tickets only At Lowest Rates.
Frank Tourist Co., 396 Broadway, New York

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Halgren and Observation, around New York Harbor and Manhattan Island. Daily from Battery Pier, near South Ferry, 10:30 and 2:30. See the Ocean, Sandy Hook Lighthouse and Fort. Trips daily, 1:15 P.M., returning 6.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS. | TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
NEARBY SAILINGS: ENGLAND, IRELAND, THE CONTINENT
THE LARGEST, FINEST & NEWEST STEAMERS IN THE WORLD.

Olympic (45,324 TONS)	Sails June 28.	Titanic (45,324 TONS)	Launched May 31.
Oceanic,	June 21, 3:00 P.M.	Vaderland,	June 24, 10:00 A.M.
Cretic,	June 24, 12:00 Noon	Cedric,	June 24, 11:00 A.M.
Minnehaha,	June 24, 8:30 A.M.	Olympic,	June 28, 3:00 P.M.

American — Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
St. Paul.....July 1 St. Louis.....July 15
Philadelphia.....July 8 New York.....July 22

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnehaha...June 24, 3:30 AM Minneapolis July 8
Minnewaska..July 1, 10:30 AM Minnetonka..July 15

Red Star — Pier 61, N. R., 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Vaderland.....June 24 Lapland (new).....July 12
Finland.....July 1 Vaderland.....July 22
Our Travelers' Checks Good Everywhere.

White Star — Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Oceanic.....June 24 Adriatic.....July 13
*OLYMPIC (new).June 28, 3 PM Oceanic.....July 18
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Cedric.....June 24, 11 AM Celtic.....July 8
Baltic.....July 1, 11 AM Arabic.....July 15

Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool
Largest Steamers St. Lawrence Route.
New York & Boston
To the MEDITERRANEAN
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
Cretic.....June 24, noon Romanic.....July 15
Canopic...July 1, 2:30 PM Cretic.....Aug. 5

PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY, (TEL. 2180 RECTOR,) AND PIER 62, N. R., (WEST 23D ST.,) N. Y.

—FOR YOUR VACATION TAKE—
A Real Ocean Trip
FIRST CLASS THROUGHOUT
25 DAYS — COST $95
Leave New York Saturdays by Superb "PRINZ" Steamers (5,000 tons); call Portland Island Wednesday; arrive Santiago, Cuba, Thursday (stay 1 day); arrive Kingston, Jamaica, Friday (stay 1½ days); arrive Colon, Panama, Monday (stay 2 days). Visit Panama Canal, guides furnished by Government free of charge. Arrive Port Limon, Costa Rica, Thursday (stay 4 days). A trip to San Jose (altitude 5,000 feet) may be made. Return to New York via above ports. Steamer may be used as hotel while in port without additional charge.
SUMMER ROUND TRIP RATES
To SANTIAGO, CUBA, and KINGSTON, JAMAICA $65 | To PANAMA CANAL $112.50
TRIPS FROM 11 TO 25 DAYS, $70 TO $125
Write for particulars to
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

EARLY VACATIONS
AFFORDING PLEASURE AND REST
DELIGHTFUL SHORT SEA TRIPS TO
OLD POINT COMFORT, NORFOLK,
RICHMOND, WASHINGTON, D. C., OR BALTIMORE
Via OLD DOMINION LINE
THE ONLY DIRECT LINE to OLD POINT COMFORT and NORFOLK WITHOUT CHANGE
Steamers are all equipped with the United Wireless Telegraph System.
Hot or Cold Sea Water Baths can be procured on steamer without charge.
Round Trip Tickets, including meals and stateroom berth on Old Dominion Steamer, Old Point Comfort or Norfolk, Richmond, Washington or Baltimore.
$14 STEAMERS SAIL EVERY WEEK DAY AT 3 P. M. $15
Tickets and stateroom reservations, Pier 25, N. R., ft. of North Moore St., N. Y.
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED PAMPHLET.
W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager. J. J. BROWN, General Passenger Agent.
General Offices, Pier 25, N. R., N. Y.

London - Paris - Bremen
EXPRESS STEAMERS SAIL
TUESDAYS, 10 A. M.

Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse	JUNE 20
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm	JUNE 22
Kronprinzessin Cecilie	JUNE 27
Kronprinz Wilhelm	JULY 4

North German Lloyd
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.

BERLIN	JUNE 24
PRINZESS IRENE	JULY 1
FRIEDRICH DER GROSSE	JULY 22

Baltimore-Bremen Direct Wednesdays.
OELRICHS & CO., Gen'l Agts., 5 B'way, N. Y.

HAMBUR

Alfred Mestre & Co
BANKERS

Members of the New York Stock Exchange. Dealers in Municipal, Railroad and Equipment Bonds. Interest allowed on Deposits subject to Draft.

37 Wall Street, New York

STATE OF North Carolina 4% BONDS

Price and Particulars Upon Application
A.B.Leach & Co.
149 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Harris, Forbes & Co
Successors to
N. W. Harris & Co
New York
Pine Street, Cor. William
NEW YORK

Government | Municipal | Railroad and Public Utility — **Bonds for Investment**

Well secured, marketable, First Mortgage Public Utility 5% Bonds in large eastern cities, at or below par, are seldom obtainable.

We offer, and recommend for investment, a limited number of bonds answering above description, at a substantial discount from par.

Circular on Request.

N. W. Halsey & Co
49 Wall St. BANKERS New York
Philadelphia Chicago San Francisco

Bertron, Griscom and Jenks
40 Wall St. New York — Land Title Bldg. Philadelphia
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
We make a specialty of organizing, operating, financing and selling the securities of public service corporations
Members New York Stock Exchange

MUNICIPAL BONDS
RAILROAD BONDS
CORPORATION BONDS
Yielding 4 to 6%
Special Circulars on request.
O'CONNOR & KAHLER
40 Wall Street, New York. — The Rookery Chicago.

For Sale
75 Du Pont Powder Pr.
50 Kings Co. Elec. Lgt. & Pwr.
50 Nat. Light, Heat & Pwr. Com.
60 Nichols Copper.
Wanted
10 Nat. Light, Heat & Pwr. Pr.
100 General Chemical Pr.
Hallowell & Henry
Tel. Br. 4925. 52 Beaver St., N. Y.

WANTED
1,000 American Thread Pfd.
50 Buffalo & Susq. R. R. Pfd.
100 Great Northern Paper Com.
100 Helena Light & R'y Pfd.
200 Standard Gas & Elec. Pfd.
50 Tacoma Gas Pfd.
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
New York — Boston
62 Broad St. — 89 Congress St.
Private telephones between New York and Boston.

Julius Kayser & Co.
1st Preferred and Common
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
SICHEL & FRANK
Members New York Stock Exchange.
20 Wall St., New York. Tel. 835-6-7 Rector

E. & C. RANDOLPH
Members New York Stock Exchange,
211 Broadway, New York.
OPEN MARKET SECURITIES DEPARTMENT
Horace Match, Mgr. T. V. Sillcox, Bonds. Dealers in Investment and Other Securities of the United States, Canada, and Mexico.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Dull and Generally Firm —Crop News Affects Grain and Cotton Prices.

FAVORABLE RAINS IN SOUTH

Damage Reports from Northwest—These Confined to One State in Spring Wheat Belt.

News of rain in the cotton belt, including some precipitation in the Southwestern States and further damage reports from one of the Spring wheat States, were factors in shaping the prices of grain and cotton yesterday while the stock market was dull with a generally firm tone. A further break in cotton options carried July between $5 and $6 a bale under the quotation of a week ago, while the new crop months were quoted about $3 a bale less than on Monday last. The day's declines, which followed a general selling movement last week, amounted to from 10 to 24 points, the latter occurring in the July option, which was under the greatest pressure. The news of rain which came over the end of the week had been awaited from day to day, as the prolonged hot weather led to fears of substantial impairment of the cotton crop outlook. So far as the reports of damage to the Spring wheat crop are concerned they again had reference only to South Dakota. This State is one of the most important of the Spring wheat States, its yield last year, when the crop suffered heavily, having been 47,000,000 bushels, compared with 94,000,000 bushels raised in Minnesota, the premier of the Spring wheat States. While the grain markets rose sharply yesterday partly in response to these damage reports, it would appear in view of the very excellent conditions surrounding the whole Spring wheat crop up to a recent date that not too much importance should be laid on these damage reports so long, at least, as they are confined to a section of one of the Spring wheat States. The advices from the Winter wheat belt continued to lay stress on the bad effect of the recent hot, dry weather.

Although the average price realized for the $50,000,000 of Panama 3 per cent. bonds did not come up to the highest of the expectations formed in some quarters regarding the outcome of the public bidding on Saturday last, the success of the offering is so marked that it may well be regarded as a noteworthy event in the finances of this Government. In voicing their satisfaction yesterday bankers expressed the view that the Treasury is to be congratulated upon the success of an issue placed on an investment basis without the artificial support of the circulation privilege which has attached to previous issues of Government bonds. This is particularly noteworthy in view of the hopes which are entertained for the success of the currency reform plan which will lead eventually to the discontinuance of the use of Government bonds as security for circulation. The price for the new Panama 3s was maintained yesterday at a figure well above the estimated average premium paid for the issue at the public sale. Some attention was paid to reports current during the day that much of the advance selling of these bonds had been done by prospective bidders, who now stand very little chance of being awarded any of the bonds because of the relatively low figure at which their bids were made.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Beet Sugar Co. for dividend on preferred.
American Iron and Steel Manufacturing Co. for dividend on common and preferred.
Baltimore Consolidated Gas, Electric Light, and Power Co. for dividend on common.
Bangor Railway and Electric Co. for dividend.
Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co. for dividend on preferred.
Butte Electric Light and Power Co. for dividend on common.
Columbus (Ga.) Electric Co. for dividend on preferred.
Crucible Steel Co. for dividend on preferred.
Dayton Breweries for dividend.
Du Pont International Powder Co. for dividend on preferred.
Duluth Edison Electric Co. for dividend on preferred.
Eastern Light and Fuel Co. for dividend.
Empire Steel and Iron Co. for dividend on preferred.
Hestonville, Montreal, Fairmount Park Railway for dividend on common and preferred.
Homestake Mining Co. for dividend.
Intercontinental Rubber Co. for dividend on preferred.
International Smokeless Powder and Chemical Co. for dividend on common.
Inter-State Railways for dividend on preferred.
Kanawha & Michigan Railroad for dividend.
Mahoning Coal Railroad for dividend on preferred.
McCrum-Howell Co. for dividend on common.
May Department Stores for dividend on preferred.
National Sugar Refining Co. for dividend on preferred.
National Surety Co. for dividend.
New York Central Railroad for dividend.
Old Dominion Cos. of Maine and New Jersey for dividend.
Old Dominion Steamship Co. for dividend.
Railway Cos. General for dividend.
Reading Traction Co. for dividend.
Rector Gas Lighting Co. for dividend on preferred.
Rio Plata Mining Co. for dividend.
Standard Gas Light Co. for dividend on common and preferred.
Torrington Co. for dividend.
Underwood Typewriter Co. for dividend on common and preferred.
Union Utilities Co. for dividend.
United New Jersey Railroad and Canal for dividend.
United States Finishing Co. for dividend on common and preferred.
United States Printing Co. of Ohio for dividend on preferred.
United Power and Transportation Co. for dividend.
Valley Railroad for dividend.
Western Union Telegraph Co. for dividend.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

American Chicle Co. on common.
Ashland Coal and Iron Co.
Delaware & Hudson Railroad.
Greene Railroad.
Niles-Bement-Pond Co. on common.
Railway Steel Springs Co. on preferred.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Yale & Towne Manufacturing Company has declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. and an extra dividend of 1 per cent., payable July 1 to stock of record June 27.

Theodore B. Tack, Jr., and Norman B. Cester have formed a partnership under the firm name of Cester & Tack at 52 Broadway, to deal in investment securities.

Eastman, Dillon & Co. have issued a booklet on Chesapeake & Ohio containing a financial and physical analysis of the road and its progress during the last ten years.

Maclay & Mullally Brothers have moved from 25 Broad Street to the Knickerbocker Trust Company Building at 60 Broadway.

Clark, Dodge & Co. and White, Weld & Co., subject to the court's approval, have arranged with the General Protective Committee for the payment on July 1 of $6,500,000 Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Railroad Company, Georgia Terminal Company, and Alabama Terminal Railroad Company receivers' certificates.

Goldman, Sachs & Co. are about to establish a private banking house in Paris in conjunction with Lehman Brothers, Kleinwort Sons & Co. of London, and Henri Hoschstaedter of Paris. The firm will begin business on Aug. 1 with a capital of 5,000,000f. under the name of Henri Hoschstaedter & Cie.

"See the Rockies first; climb American rather than European mountains," is the text of a descriptive narrative, "The Peaks of the Rockies," by Edwin L. Sabin, just published by the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad Company. Appended to the story is printed a list of mountain ranges and peaks. There is also a mountain map showing clearly the location of the best-known peaks in Colorado, Utah, and New Mexico.

Stockholders of the Northwestern Elevated Railroad Company of Chicago will hold a special meeting on Aug. 21 in Chicago to pass upon the authorization of an issue of bonds not exceeding $25,000,000.

NEW YORK STOCK EXHCANGE—Monday.

Total sales June 19, 1911 270,024
From Jan. 1, 1911 50,279,196
Same period last year 32,064,815

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
9	9½	100	Allis-Chalmers	9	9	9	9	...
71⅛	71⅜	13,300	Amalgamated Copper	71⅛	71⅝	71⅛	71¼	+⅛
57	58⅜	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	57	57	57	57	-⅛
53⅜	53⅝	2,200	Am. Beet Sugar	53⅜	54	53⅜	53⅝	+⅛
124	125	12	Am. Brake S. & F. pf.	124½	124½	124½	124½	...
11⅛	11¼	200	Am. Can	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	-⅛
85⅝	86⅛	300	Am. Can pf.	85⅝	86	85⅝	86	+⅛
56⅝	57⅛	300	Am. Car & Foundry	56⅝	56⅝	56⅝	56⅝	-⅛
52	52⅝	100	Am. Cotton Oil	51½	51½	51½	51½	...
23⅝	24	3,800	Am. Ice Securities	22½	24	22½	23⅝	+⅝
42	43	200	Am. Locomotive	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	+⅛
47⅛	47½	950	Am. Malt pf.	35⅝	37⅝	35⅝	37⅝	+1⅝
82½	82½	6,500	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	82⅝	82⅝	82½	82⅝	+⅛
88⅝	88⅝	100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B.	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	+⅝
118	119⅝	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	119⅝	119⅝	119⅝	119⅝	+⅝
151½	151⅞	8,500	Am. Tel. & Tel.	151⅜	151⅞	151½	151⅞	+⅜
96	96⅞	200	Am. Tobacco pf.	96	96	96	96	+⅞
40⅝	41⅞	200	Anaconda Copper Co.	41	41	41	41	-⅞
114½	114⅝	9,200	Atch., Top. & S. F.	114⅛	114⅝	114	114⅝	+⅝
105½	105⅝	10	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	...
131⅝	132⅞	600	Atlantic Coast Line	131	132	131	131⅝	+⅝
108⅛	108⅞	1,750	Baltimore & Ohio	108⅛	108⅞	108⅛	108⅞	+⅞
80	80½	33	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	80½	80½	80½	80½	...
...	...	50	Bank of Commerce	215½	215½	215½	215½	...
34	34½	2,800	Bethlehem Steel	33⅞	34½	33⅞	34½	+⅛
63⅝	64	1,200	Bethlehem Steel pf.	63⅝	64⅛	63⅝	64	+⅛
80	80⅝	400	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	80½	80⅝	80½	80⅝	+⅛
240⅝	241	2,000	Canadian Pacific	240⅝	241⅞	240⅝	241	+1
81⅞	81⅞	650	Central Leather Co.	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞	+⅛
100½	101	100	Cent. Leather Co. pf.	101	101	101	101	+⅛
84½	84¾	2,600	Chesapeake & Ohio	83⅝	84⅝	83½	84½	+⅝
127⅝	127⅞	8,200	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	128	128½	127⅝	127⅞	+⅝
2½	3	200	Chi. Un. Tr. t. r. sta.	2½	2½	2½	2½	-⅛
5½	6⅝	100	Chi. Un. Tr. pf. t.r.sta.	5½	5½	5½	5½	...
24½	24⅞	650	Chino Copper	24½	24⅞	24½	24⅞	...
24⅞	25	200	Colorado Fuel & Iron	24⅞	25	24⅞	25	+⅛
...	...	1,000	Comstock Tunnel	27	28	27	28	+1
146	146½	300	Consolidated Gas	146½	146⅝	146½	146½	+⅛
15½	15⅝	900	Corn Products Ref.	15⅜	15⅝	15½	15½	+⅝
20⅝	20	200	Denver & Rio Grande	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	-⅛
58	58½	3,092	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	59	59	57½	58	-1
36⅝	36⅞	8,060	Erie	35⅝	36½	35⅝	36⅞	+1
56½	57	1,850	Erie 1st pf.	56	57½	56	57½	+1⅜
46	46⅝	400	Erie 2d pf.	46	46⅝	46	46⅝	+1⅝
65	65⅝	100	Federal M. & S. pf.	65½	65⅝	65½	65⅝	-⅝
164½	164½	2,400	General Electric	162⅝	165⅛	161⅞	164½	+2
6	6½	1,000	Goldfield Consol.	6	6	6	6	-⅛
126⅝	127½	5,000	Great Northern pf.	127¼	127⅞	126⅝	126⅞	-⅛
63	63½	100	G. N. certs. ore prop.	63	63	63	63	+⅛
...	96½	200	Havana Electric	96½	96½	96½	96½	+⅛
18½	18⅝	100	Interborough-Met.	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	+⅛
51⅝	52⅝	400	Interborough-Met. pf.	51⅝	52⅝	51⅝	51⅝	-⅛
121½	122	1,000	Int. Harvester	122⅛	122½	121⅞	122	-⅛
10½	11¼	200	Int. Paper	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	-⅛
41⅝	42⅛	100	Int. Steam Pump	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝	+⅝
86½	90⅝	5	Int. Steam Pump pf.	90	90	90	90	...
36½	36⅞	200	Iowa Central pf.	36½	36½	36½	36½	...
35⅝	36⅞	300	Kansas City South	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	36⅞	+⅝
109⅛	109½	2,100	Laclede Gas	109⅛	109½	109⅛	109½	+⅛
178⅝	178⅝	5,000	Lehigh Valley	177⅞	178⅝	177⅞	178⅝	+1
152	152½	1,400	Louisville & Nash	152⅛	152½	151½	152	+⅛
73⅞	75	200	Mackay Cos. pf.	74⅛	74⅛	74⅛	74⅛	+⅝
5	5¼	400	Mercantile Marine	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+⅛
18½	18⅞	4,700	Mercantile Marine pf.	19	19½	18⅝	18⅝	+⅛
22⅝	22⅝	2,400	Miami Copper	22½	22⅝	22⅛	22⅝	+⅛
30	30½	100	Minn. & St. Louis	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	+⅛
137⅝	138	500	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	138	138⅛	137⅞	137⅞	+⅝
37	37⅛	750	Mo., Kansas & Texas	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	+⅛
50⅝	50⅝	1,100	Missouri Pacific	50⅝	50⅞	50⅛	50⅝	+⅛
127⅞	129⅛	200	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf.	129	129	129	129	+⅝
...	...	105	Nat. City Bank	423	423	423	423	...
15½	17⅛	100	Nat. Enam. & Stamp.	17	17	17	17	...
56⅝	57	500	Nat. Lead Co.	56⅝	56⅝	56⅝	56⅝	...
31⅞	32⅛	200	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼	+⅝
20⅛	20⅝	1,250	Nev. Consol. Copper	20⅛	20⅝	20⅛	20⅝	+⅝
75	75½	900	New York Air Brake	74	75½	74	75½	+1
111	111½	1,178	New York Central	111⅛	111½	111⅛	111½	+⅛
143	143½	100	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	143½	143½	143½	143½	-1
45	46⅝	200	N. Y., Ont. & West.	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	+⅝
107	108	200	Norfolk & Western	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	+⅛
73⅝	74⅛	100	North American	74⅛	74⅛	74⅛	74⅛	+⅛
134½	134⅝	5,200	Northern Pacific	134⅛	135	134⅛	134⅝	+⅛
49½	50⅝	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	50	50	50	50	-1⅛
...	...	7	Park Nat. Bank	373	373	373	373	...
124½	124⅝	1,100	Pennsylvania R. R.	124⅛	124⅝	124⅛	124½	+⅛
106	106½	800	People's Gas, Chi.	106⅛	106½	106⅛	106½	...
94⅝	96	400	P., C., C. & St. Louis	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛	...
21⅛	22⅝	200	Pittsburg Coal	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	-⅛
36⅝	37	200	Pressed Steel Car	37	37	36⅝	36⅝	-⅛
161	162	125	Pullman Company	162	162	162	162	+⅛
38¼	38⅝	200	R'way Steel Spring	38⅛	38⅝	38⅛	38⅝	+⅛
18	18⅝	400	Ray Consol. Copper	18	18	18	18	+⅛
159⅝	160	89,800	Reading	159⅛	160⅛	159⅛	159⅞	+⅝
90	91	100	Reading 1st pf.	90	90	90	90	...
96	98	200	Reading 2d pf.	97	97	97	97	-1
30½	31	500	Rep. Iron & Steel	30½	30½	30½	30½	+⅛
93⅝	94⅛	100	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	94	94	94	94	+⅛
33⅝	33⅞	4,000	Rock Island Co.	34	34⅛	33⅝	33⅝	-1⅛
67⅝	67⅞	1,200	Rock Island Co. pf.	67	67	67	67	+⅛
46⅛	46⅝	100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	+⅛
33	33⅝	200	St. Louis Southwest'n	32⅞	33	32⅞	33	+1⅛
70½	71½	400	St. L. Southwest'n pf.	70	70⅝	70	70	...
...	...	700	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	142	142	141	141	-1⅛
120⅛	120⅛	2,200	Southern Pacific	120⅛	120⅝	120⅛	120⅝	+⅛
32	32½	5,100	Southern R'way	31⅝	32½	31⅝	32	+⅛
71⅛	71⅝	200	South. R'way pf.	72⅛	72⅛	71⅝	71⅝	-1⅛
42⅛	42½	1,000	Tennessee Copper	42⅛	42⅝	42⅛	42⅝	+⅛
117	120	400	Texas Co.	118	118	118	118	...
10⅝	11⅛	150	Third Avenue	10⅝	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	-⅛
22½	22⅞	200	Tol., St. L. & West.	22	22	22	22	+⅛
50⅝	51⅝	300	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	51⅛	51⅝	51⅛	51⅝	+⅛
94	95	1,440	Underw'd Typewriter	94⅝	95	92⅞	93	-⅝
185⅝	185⅝	18,500	Union Pacific	186	186⅛	185⅝	185⅝	+⅛
94	94½	900	Union Pacific pf.	94⅛	94½	94⅛	94½	+⅛
106	109	100	United Cigar Mfrs. pf.	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	-1⅛
106⅝	108	100	United Dry Goods	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	...
38⅛	39	600	United Rys. Inv.	40	40	39	39	-⅛
69	69⅝	900	United Rys. Inv. pf.	70	70	69⅛	69⅛	-⅛
41	41½	100	U. S. Rubber	41	41	41	41	+⅛
79	79⅝	51,023	U. S. Steel	75⅝	79⅛	75⅝	79	+⅛
118⅝	119	531	U. S. Steel pf.	119⅛	119⅛	119	119	+⅛
51⅝	51⅝	7,400	Utah Copper	51⅝	51⅞	51⅛	51⅛	+⅛
54⅝	54½	12,600	Va.-Caro. Chemical	54⅛	54⅞	53⅝	54⅝	-⅛
125½	125½	900	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf.	127	127	124	125	-2⅛
38⅝	38⅝	200	Wabash pf.	38⅝	38⅝	38⅛	38⅛	...
59	59½	100	Western Maryland	59	59	59	59	...
80½	80⅝	200	Western Union Tel.	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛	+⅛
77⅛	77⅝	6,800	Westinghouse E. & M.	75⅞	77⅞	75⅞	77⅞	+2⅛
3⅝	4½	200	Wheel. & Lake Erie	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	-1⅛

*Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100⅛	100⅝	Du P. de N.		
2s, c., 1930	100⅛	...	Pow pf.	97	99
3s, r., 1918	101½	102⅛	Ev. & T. H.	85	88
3s, c., 1918	101½		Ev. & T. H.		
4s, r., 1925	114	115	pf.	85	88
4s, c., 1925	114	115	F. M. & S.	34	40
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100	100⅝	Gen. C. Co.	133	136
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100	100⅝	Gen. C. Co. pf.	107⅛	110
Adams Exp.	240	245	Granby Con.	30	40
Allis-Chalm. pf.	31	33	Hock. Val.	132	142
Am. Ag. C. pf.	101	..	Homestake	35	37
Am. B. pf.	101	101½	Ill. Cent.	141	141½
A. B. S. & Fdy.	90⅝	95½	Ill. C. l. l.	94½	97
A. C. & F. pf.	114	118	Inger.-Rand	90	..
Am. Coal	75	100	Inger.-Rand. pf.	100	..
Am. Cot. O. pf.	99	102	Int. H. pf.	123½	125
Am. Exp.	236	238	Int. P. pf.	48⅝	49½
A. H. & L. pf.	4½	5	Iowa Cent.	15⅝	15⅝
A. H. & L. pf.	28½	30	Jol. & Chi.	163⅛	..
Am. L. Co.	11	12	Kan. C., Pit. S. & Mem. pf.	75	82
Am. L. Co. pf.	31½	32½	Kan. C. So. pf.	69½	69⅝
A. Loc.	108	111	K. & T. M.	6	8
Am. Malt.	4½	5	K. & D. M. pf.	40	45
A. S. & R. pf.	107⅛	107⅝	Lack. Steel	40	45
Am. Snuff	230	..	L. E. & W.	15	17
Am. St. Pd.	97½	..	L. E. & W. pf.	33	36
Am. St. Pd.	42½	42⅝	Lake Shore	335	450
Am. S. Ref.	120½	121	Long Island	37	39
A. T. & C.	80	83	Mackay Cos.	89½	91
Am. Wool.	33½	33⅝	Mah. C. R.	600	..
Am. W. Co. pf.	95	95½	Man. Elev.	2	4
Am. W. P. pf.	28½	29½	Man. Elev.	136½	138
Ann Arbor	20	40	Md. C. pf.	50	..
Asso. Oil	51½	54	May Dept. Stores	82½	84
Batopilas M.	1⅛	2⅛	May Dept. Stores pf.	112	114
B. Un. G.	142½	144	Mich. Cent.	..	160
Brunk. Tw.	10	10½	M. & St. L. pf.	45	47½
B. R. T.	110	112	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	149	153
B. R. & P. pf.	180	150	M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	89	90⅝
But'k Co.	29⅝	31	Mo. K. & T.	37	38
Canada Sc.	62⅝	72½	N. C. & St. L.	155	160
C. R. of N. J.	230	290	Nat. Bis.	185⅛	187
C. & S. A. Tel.	119	120⅝	Nat. Enam. pf.	86	92
Chi. & Alt.	20	30	Nat. L. pf.	107⅝	109⅝
Chi. & Alt. pf.	63	65	Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.	63	67
Chi. Gt. W.	23⅝	24⅛	N. Cent. C.	30	60
Chi. Gt. W. pf.	45⅝	46	N. Y., C. & St. L.	82	89⅝
C., I. & L.	65	80	N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	102	107
C., M. & St. P.	152	155⅛	N. Y., C. & St. L.	83	90
C. & N. W.	148	149	N. Y. D. Co.	..	25
C. & N. W. pf.	199	205	N. Y. D. Co. pf.	..	40
Chi., St. P., M. & O.	141	143	N. Y., N. H. & H., 3d paid	.142	..
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	155	160	Norf. So.	40⅛	50
C. C., C. & St. L.	59	61	Norf. & W. pf.	92	92
C. C. C. & St. L. pf.	95⅝	100	No. Central	245	..
Cleve. & P.	168	..	No. O. T. & Light	4⅛	4⅝
Cleve. & P. Special	96	..	Ont. Mining	1⅛	2⅛
Col. F. & I. pf.	110	116½	Pac. Coast	96	106
Col. & So.	54½	55⅝	Pac. C. 1st pf.	85	110
Col. & So. 1st pf.	80⅝	81	Pac. C. 2d pf.	90	106
Col. & So. 2d pf.	75	80	Pac. Mail	26⅝	27⅛
Col. & H. C. & I., full paid	12	19⅝	Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	84	93
Cons. Coal	103⅝	..	Peo. U. E.	17	21
C. H. & D.	70	..	Pere Marq.	..	30
Corn P. R. pf.	83	83⅝	Pere M.	26	..
Crex Carpet	75	80	Phila. Co.	52	..
Cub.-Am. S.	20	23⅝	Phila. Co. pf.	114	117
Cub.-Am. S. pf.	87	90⅝	P., C., C. & St. L.	..	..
Del. & H.	172⅝	173	Pitts. Coal	106	115
D., L. & W.	330	360	Pitts. Coal pf.	80½	80⅝
D., M. & Ft. D. pf.	6½	8	P. Ft. W. & C.	107	..
Det. Edison	110	..	P. Ft. W. & C. pf.	103	105⅝
Det. & M.	120	..	Pr. St. Car	101½	103
Det. & M. pf.	23	25	Pub. S. C.	117½	120
Dist. Secur	37	37⅛	Quicksilver	2	5
D., S. S. & A.	15	18	Quicksilver pf.	3	6
D. S. S. & A. pf.	24	28	Ry. St. Sp. pf.	100	103⅛
Bid. Asked.			R. W. & O.	113⅛	..
St. L. & S. F. C. & P.			St. L. & S. F. C. & P. pf.	67⅝	69
St. L. & S. F. I. new ctfs.	58	62	St. L. & S. F. I. ctfs.	129	130
St. L. & S. F. C. & P.			U. B. Ind. Alcohol pf.	93	99
St. L. & S. F. I. ctfs.		130	U. S. C. I. Pipe	17	17⅝
Stars-Roeb. pf.	116⅝	119⅝	U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	57	62½
S.-S. S. & I.	50⅝	52	U. S. Exp.	96	98½
So. P. R. S.	78⅝	90	U. S. R. & Ref	76	77
So. P. R. S. pf.	107⅛	110	U. S. R. & Ref.	4	6
So. Ry. M. & O. ctfs.	81⅝	88	U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	11⅛	19
Stand. Mill.	16	17⅛	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	113⅛	114
Stand. Mill. pf.	31⅛	34	U. S. Rub. 2d pf.	70	78
Texas Pac.	20	20⅛	U. S. B. R.	165	..
T. P. L. T.	88	94	Va. B. & P.	58	..
T., P. & W.	16	..	Va. I. C. & Coke	70	71
T. R. & L.	7⅛	8	Vulcan Det.	14	20
T. C. R. T.	107	109	Vulcan Det. pf.	60	70
T. C. R. T. pf.	132⅝	145	Wabash	17⅛	17⅝
Und. Typew.	111	119	W. F. Exp.	171	175
U. B. & P.	7⅛	7⅝	West. Md. pf.	30⅛	32⅝
U. B. & P. pf.	67	69⅛	Westingh'se 1st pf.	111	113⅛
Un. Dry G. pf.	103⅝	107	W. & L. E. 2d pf.	12	15
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	27	29	Wis. Cent.	23	25⅝

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¼@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2½ per cent.

Time money rates, 2½@2¾ per cent. for sixty days, 2¾@2⅞ per cent. for ninety days, 3@3⅛ per cent. for four and five months, 3⅛@3½ per cent. for six months, 3⅝@3⅞ per cent. for seven months, and 3¾@4 per cent. for one year.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3¼@3⅝ per cent. for two to four months and at 3½@4¼ per cent. for five to seven months, according to grade.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 2¼ per cent., unchanged; Paris, 2½ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3½ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $172,455,381; balances, $3,989,668; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $730,844.

The local

United States Government Bonds for the Small Investor

It is seldom that the man of moderate means, the so-called small investor, has opportunity to purchase Government Bonds and enjoy the unequalled security and the instantaneous market which they afford.

But the recent issue of Panama Canal 3 Per Cent. Bonds *belongs to the small investor* by virtue of the fact that these bonds are obtainable in denominations of $100 and $500 as well as $1,000.

No matter how small your total holdings of securities may be, a part of them should consist of United States Government Panama Canal Bonds. There are three pre-eminent reasons for this. First, the *absolute security* which they offer. Second, because of the fact that if necessity demands they may be sold at any time for their *full value*. Third, because they are *exempt* from any form of *tax*.

We will supply you with these bonds, in any of the denominations, at the lowest market price. If, in order to obtain them, it is necessary for you to dispose of any of your present securities, we will sell the latter for you at the best price possible. On this point we should be glad to give you the benefit of our experience, if you so desire.

Our Circular No. 96, giving full data on the new Panama Issue, sent upon request.

Beyer & Company
BONDS
52 William St., New York

New York CURB Boston CURB Toronto
Gold-Silver-Copper
STOCKS carried on margin
Best Facilities for Executing Orders.
Special letters sent on request.
J. Thomas Reinhardt
Private Wires Connecting Offices { 32 Broad St., N. Y. 16 King St. W. Toronto. 54 Devonshire St., Boston.
Amer. Lt. & Traction Co.
Amer. Cities Ry. & Lt. Co.
Auto Sales Gum & Chocolate Co.
Cities Service Co.
Federal Light & Traction Co.
Western Pacific
Williams, McConnell & Coleman
Bonds Stocks
60 WALL ST. 'Phone 495 John. NEW YORK.

WE WANT
100 Canadian Marconi
100 English Marconi Com.
50 Funding Co. of America
100 Hampton's Magazine Pfd.
25 Hampton's Magazine Com.
100 Standard Motor Construction
HARVEY A. WILLIS & CO.
(Established 1901)
32 Broadway, N. Y. 'Phones 4270-4271 Broad.

H. M. BYLLESBY & CO.
ENGINEERS
EXAMINATIONS AND REPORTS
206 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET
CHICAGO
Portland, Ore. Oklahoma City, Okla. Mobile, Ala.

DE RUYTER M. HOLLINS & CO.
BANKERS
Railway Equipment Securities,
UNITED STATES LIGHT & HEATING CO. SINGER MANUF. CO. Bought and Sold.
Tel. 1610 Cort. 141 Broadway, N. Y.

$100 U. S. GOVERNMENT $100
Panama Canal 3% Bonds
Send for descriptive circular.
BEYER & COMPANY,
Tel. 2140 John. 52 William St., N. Y.

International Nickel Co. Preferred and Common.
International Agricultural Corporation Preferred and Common.
Dominick & Dominick
115 Broadway, New York.

L. B. WILSON. D. M. FERGUSON.
L. B. WILSON & CO.
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y.
60 Wall St., N. Y.
Since 1902 we have been handling FRACTIONAL LOTS for cash or on conservative margin, with the same personal attention and quick service as 100 share orders.

SIMON BORG & CO
BANKERS,
No. 20 Nassau St., New York
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

RAILROAD EQUIPMENT ISSUES
BOUGHT, SOLD AND QUOTED.
Freeman & Company
TEL. 5089 JOHN. 34 Pine Street, N. Y.

Alabama St. Southern Gen. 5s Dec. 1927 Sterling Bonds
Chicago Subways 5s, 1922
U. S. Worsted Pfd. Stock
Detroit Mackinac Con. & Pfd. Stocks
E. BUNGE & CO.,
20 Broad Street. 'Phone 4735-4736 Rector.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE & TRUST COMPANY
ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSIT
189 Broadway, Manhattan.
186 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

BANKING INTEREST
5% INTEREST
Allowed on accounts from $10 to $3,000.
We are entering on our 71st year. Banking by mail to meet your convenience.
Deposits made on or before July 15th draw interest from July 1st.
Call or write for booklet
CLARKE BROTHERS, Bankers
254 Monroe St. (Tribune Bldg.) Est. 1849

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Wabash-Pittsburg Settlement.

The long-drawn-out controversy between the two committees of first mortgage bondholders of the Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal Railway and the Wabash interests seems to be near settlement. Conferences between the representatives of the committees, which have been working together lately, and the Wabash attorneys were held yesterday, and all but a few of the details of the final reorganization plan were agreed upon. The conferences will be resumed this morning at the office of Samuel Untermyer, and there is every likelihood of a settlement being reached to-day. The Wabash-Pittsburg situation is one of the most complicated affairs Wall Street ever tried to follow.

Protesting Fruit Tariffs.

Fruit importers are up in arms against the Treasury Department as a result of a new ruling made last Saturday. There has long been a difference of opinion as to the proper allowances which should be made to importers for rot. They believe that an estimate of the amount of sound fruit in a cargo should be made from samples, and allowances for decay made on that basis. California growers want the entire cargo examined, a process which is said by the importers to be bad for the fruit, besides being cumbersome and expensive. In Saturday's regulations the local growers won a victory. Harrison Osborne of Davies, Auerbach, Cornell & Barry, former counsel to the Collector, who represents the Fruit Importers' Association, has sent a letter to the Washington authorities declaring the new ruling to be unfair, and announcing that he will advise the importers to refuse to accept the allowances granted by the customs officials.

Reinvestment and Panama 3s.

Bond brokers are anticipating an expansion in bond trading at the end of this month in expectation of a reinvestment demand growing out of the large interest and dividend receipts on July 1. At the moment the trading in bonds is light, though a fairly strong tone is being shown. The July disbursements by corporations to their security holders are very large, and are usually counted on to increase the buying of bonds by individuals as well as by institutions. It seems probable that a considerable amount of this money will be invested in the new issue of Government bonds for which payment is to be made between July 1 and 15. The fact that so large a part of the issue appears to have gone to individual investors bears out the supposition that part at least of the July reinvestment demand will be satisfied by purchases of these Government bonds.

Gold Import Factors.

A further decline in sterling exchange rates yesterday brings this market one stage nearer to the point at which English gold could be taken for import to this country. In the present position of the exchange market it is being found somewhat difficult to draw against credits abroad without unduly depressing the rate of exchange, but on the other hand there is little inducement to seek gold abroad because of the superabundance of money here. About $3,000,000 arrived in London from South Africa yesterday, all of which, according to the day's cable advices, was available for the Bank of England at the minimum price because of the absence of any competition for the gold. Meanwhile the ability of this market to draw gold from abroad is being fortified and an advance in interest rates here from whatever cause it might come will be pretty sure to start a gold import movement.

Mercantile Marine.

Although the 4½ per cent. collateral trust bonds of the International Mercantile Marine Company made a new high record for the year yesterday at 68⅝, presumably on the favorable showing made in the annual report made public early in the day, the common and preferred shares in which speculation was active for these issues last week failed to rise. At 68⅝ the bonds are only ¼ above the previous high record of 68½ made in January, when the stock issues also had a short-lived rise. Last week's movement in the preferred, apparently in anticipation of the publication of yesterday's good report, totaled nearly 15,000 shares on which the price moved from 17 to 19¼ at its highest. This activity compares with only 400 shares traded in the previous week. Yesterday the price after going to 19⅛ ⅛ point above Saturday's last price, declined to 18⅝ on transactions of only 400 shares. The high level of 19¼ reached last week is still 5¼ points below the high level of 1910.

PREMIUM ON BONDS DROPS.

Many Irregular Bids for the Panama Issue Are Found.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—So many irregularities were discovered to-day in the bids for the $50,000,000 issue of 3 per cent. Panama bonds that the average price of the issue will be lower than was first estimated, as many bidders at first thought unsuccessful will receive some of the new securities.

By the time $49,048,800 of legitimate bids had been tabulated to-day the price of the bonds had gone down to 102.21. At this figure there were acceptable four bids of $1,000,000 each which had hitherto been considered unsuccessful. It now appears that the National City Bank of New York will get probably $2,000,000 or $3,000,000. It bid for the entire issue.

Treasury officials consider it safe to announce that anyone who bid 102.2186 or higher is sure to receive some of the new securities.

COUNT SUB-TREASURY CASH.

About $144,000,000, Including Tons of Silver, in the Hoard.

For the third time in three years the Sub-Treasury's store of money, amounting to about $144,000,000, is being counted. Eleven experts arrived from Washington yesterday to begin the task, which will occupy from five to six weeks. In the hoard is about $50,000,000 of gold coin besides many tons of silver and subsidiary and minor coins. Most of the counting is done by weighing the bags of metal pieces.

The occasion for the count is the assumption of office by Charles S. Millington, appointed Assistant Treasurer on May 19 to succeed the late George S. Terry. An actual count of the Sub-Treasury cash is only made when a new Assistant Treasurer takes office or is reappointed.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The Treasury statement, issued to-day, gives receipts and expenditures for Saturday, and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year, as follows:

	June 17.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,143,433	$14,501,127	$303,960,121
Internal rev.	2,009,611	12,989,088	275,813,027
Corp. tax	785,005	2,599,658	10,771,786
Miscellaneous	290,361	5,866,657	69,336,942
Total receipts	4,222,402	35,957,433	659,970,878
Expenditures	2,684,864	30,775,882	638,292,913
Surplus	1,537,537	5,812,050	12,687,964

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was: Working balance in Treasury offices, $37,094,017.

In banks and Philippine Treasury, $56,420,300.

The total balance in the general fund was $93,514,317.

Ordinary receipts yesterday were $4,222,402, with ordinary disbursements of $2,684,864.

The surplus so far this month is $12,687,965, as against a deficit of $[illegible] at this time last year.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Trading in Small Volume, with Tendency Toward Higher Price Levels.

SMALL GAINS ARE COMMON

Sears-Roebuck Common an Exception in Chicago, with a Decline of More Than One Point.

Trading in the leading centres outside of this city was sluggish yesterday, with prices moving narrowly except in scattered issues.

Trading remained light in Chicago, and the majority of price changes were toward fractionally higher levels. The most conspicuous change, however, was a decline of more than a point in Sears-Roebuck common. Advances were scored by Illinois Brick, after ranging fractionally off, Swift, Northwestern Elevated, Edison, the Can issues, and some others were unchanged. There were sales of Diamond Match debentures at 107, the highest price at which these securities have sold since they were put out.

Trading in the Boston market was on a somewhat smaller scale, and fluctuations were narrow. East Butte advanced to 14½, closing at that figure, with little stock offering. Amalgamated fluctuated within ⅝ of a point, and North Butte was fairly active between 34 and 35.

It was an exceedingly dull session in Philadelphia, and for minutes at a time the ticker remained silent. Stocks, with but one or two exceptions, displayed a distinctly firm aspect. Demand developed at the outset for Philadelphia Company as a result of the declaration of the extra dividend after the close on Saturday, and the price responded with an advance across 57, or more than a point above the last previous quotation. The preferred also hardened in sympathy.

In Baltimore Alabama Coal and Iron preferred, which sold at 80, showed an advance of 6½ over the last previous sale. United Railway income bonds were firm and in good demand. Consolidation Coal was up ½.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Ala. C. & I. pf	80	80	80
55	Cons. Power	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝
50	Consolidation Coal	105	104½	105
40	Fair. & Cl. Tr. pf	85	85	85
135	Houston Oil	8	7⅞	8
200	Houston Oil pf	57⅝	57⅝	57⅝
155	Mer. & Min. Trans	73½	73	73
100	Seaboard Air Line	26¼	26¼	26¼
100	Seaboard Co. 2d pf	61	61	61
100	United Rys	18½	18½	18½

BONDS.

$7,000	Ala. C. & I. 5s	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝
1,000	Anac. & Pot. 5s, std	103	103	103
2,000	Balt. Electric 5s	96½	96½	96½
1,000	Cons. Coal ref. 4½s	93½	93½	93½
2,000	Chi. Ry. 5s	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞
1,000	Cotton Duck 5s	76½	76½	76½
8,000	Fair. & Cl. Tr. 5s	101	101	101
10,000	Lexington Ry. 5s	95	95	95
8,000	Maryland 3½s, 1924	95	95	95
1,000	Norfolk R. & L. 5s	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝
7,000	Rol. Park E. & W. 5s	100	100	100
10,000	Seaboard adj. 5s	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝
55,000	United Ry. inc	63½	63⅜	63½

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Atchison	114¼	114¼	114¼
25	Boston & Albany	222	222	222
12	Boston & Lowell	215	215	215
80	Boston & Maine	109	108	108
40	Boston & Maine pf	153	153	153
575	Mass. Electric	23¼	23	23½
190	Mass. Electric pf	66½	62½	62½
137	N. Y., N. H. & H.	144	143¼	143¼
65	N. Y., N. H. & H. scrip, 75% paid	142⅝	142⅝	142⅝
41	Old Colony	188	187	187
35	Union Pacific	186¼	185⅞	185⅞
16	West End	91½	91½	91½
2	Worc., N. & Roch.	149	149	149

TELEPHONE.

450	American	152	151	151⅝

MISCELLANEOUS.

5	Am. Ag. Chemical	57	57	57
40	Am. Ag. Chem. pf	103	102⅞	102⅞
225	Am. Pneu. Service	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
20	Am. Pneu. Ser. 2d pf	16½	16½	16½
12	Am. Sugar Ref.	121	120⅞	120⅞
105	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	119½	119	119
45	Am. Woolen	32	32	32
101	Am. Woolen pf	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
170	East Boston Land	10½	10	10½
100	Eastern S. S.	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝
44	Edison	286	286	286
55	Ga. Ry. Elec. pf	93½	93	93
223	General Electric	165	164½	164⅝
90	Mass. Gas	93½	93½	93½
54	Mass. Gas pf	97	96⅞	96⅞
45	Pullman	162½	162	162½
40	Seattle Electric	111	111	111
22	Seattle Elec. pf	103	103	103
97	Swift & Co.	102	102	102
8	Torrington, Class A	31½	31	31½
240	United Fruit	196½	195½	195½
705	United Shoe Mach.	51	50	51
14	United Shoe Mach. pf	29	29	29
2,060	U. S. Steel	79⅝	78⅝	78⅝
14	U. S. Steel pf	119¼	119¼	119¼

MINING.

270	Adventure	7½	7	7
35	Algomah	10⅝	10¼	10⅝
20	Allouez	32½	32	32½
1,593	Amalgamated	71⅝	71	71⅝
560	Am. Zinc	30	30	30
430	Arizona Com'l	17½	17¼	17½
60	Butte Coalition	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
50	Butte Balaklala	5	5	5
391	Calumet & Arizona	62⅝	62½	62½
1	Calumet & Hecla	475	475	475
5	Centennial	13½	13½	13½
210	Chino Copper	24⅝	24½	24½
215	Copper Range	63¼	62⅝	63
420	Daly-West	6½	6	6½
2,304	East Butte	14½	14	14½
100	Elrivar	27c.	27c.	27c.
110	Franklin	13½	13½	13½
420	Granby	43	41	43
238	Greene-Cananea	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞
1,970	Hancock	30½	29½	29⅞
20	Indiana	15½	15½	15½
4,915	Inspiration Mining	9⅝	9⅛	9⅝
15	Island Creek	39	39	39
86	Island Creek pf	90	90	90
40	Isle Royale	18¼	18	18
363	Kerr Lake	5 13-16	5⅝	5⅝
1,005	Keweenaw	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
100	Lake	39½	39	39
3,035	Mass	10	9¼	9⅝
150	Mayflower	2	2	2
25	Mason Valley Mines	9½	9½	9½
428	Miami	22⅝	22½	22½
10	Michigan	2½	2½	2½
90	Mohawk	62½	62	62
745	Nevada	20⅝	20¼	20¼
10	Nipissing	10½	10⅝	10½
2,705	North Butte	35	34	34⅝
230	North Lake	9⅛	9	9⅛
100	Ojibway	7½	7½	7½
1,565	Old Colony	1⅝	1½	1⅝
950	Old Dominion	49	48⅝	48
100	Osceola	105	105	105
50	Parrot	12⅝	12½	12½
15	Quincy	73	73	73
660	Ray Con.	15⅛	15	15
490	Shannon	11⅝	11½	11⅝
90	Shattuck Arizona	18⅝	18½	18½
645	Superior & Boston	8	7⅝	7⅝
361	Superior & Pittsburg	18	18	18
250	South Utah	95c.	95c.	95c.
10	Tamarack	85½	85½	85½
58	Trinity	4⅝	4½	4⅝
640	U. S. Smelting	39⅝	39½	39⅝
55	U. S. Smelting pf	49½	49	49
45	Utah Apex	2½	2½	2½
56	Utah Con.	19½	19	19
235	Utah Copper	51⅝	51	51
250	Victoria	2	2	2
16	Wolverine	115	114	115

BONDS.

$5,000	Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	101½	101½	101½
23,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	91⅝	91⅞	91⅝
1,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. cv. 4s	111⅝	111⅝	111⅝
15,000	Arizona Com'l 5s	92½	92½	92½
1,000	C. J. R. & S. Joint 4s	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝
5,000	C. J. R. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
8,000	C. J. R. & S. Y. 4s, 1940	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝
2,000	Dominion Coal 5s	98	98	98
3,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
1,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
3,000	Un. Fruit 4½s, 1925	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
4,000	West. Tel. & Tel. 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	American Can	11⅝	11¼	11⅝
150	American Car pf	86	85⅝	86
45	Chi. Pneu. Tool	51¼	51¼	51¼
161	Com. Edison	129	129	129
10	Diamond Match	101	101	101
869	Illinois Brick	60½	59⅝	60½
50	Internat. Harvester	122	121	122
90	McCrum-Howell	96	95⅝	96
25	Northwestern Elev.	27½	27½	27½
1,234	Sears-Roebuck	142⅝	140½	140⅝
110	Swift & Co.	102	101⅝	102
100	U. S. Steel	79⅝	79	79⅝

BONDS.

$1,000	Chi. City Ry. 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
8,000	Chi. Rys. 1st 5s	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝
5,000	Dis. Match deb. 6s	107	107	107
10,000	Dis. Match deb. 6s	106½	106½	106½
10,000	Dis. Match deb. 6s	106½	106½	106½
5,000	Dis. Match deb. 6s	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
124	Alliance Ins. was	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
[illegible]	Am. Cement	51	51	51
50	Am. Ice	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
201	Am. Rys.	44	43⅝	44
44	Am. Iron	44	44	44
60	Cambria Steel	45⅝	43½	45½
805	Elec. Storage	56	55½	55⅝
7	Gen. Asphalt pf	74	73⅝	74
15	H. & B. T.	8	8	8
25	H. & B. T. pf	14	14	14
60	Ins. N. A.	21	21	21
50	Inter-State pf	8	8	8
110	Keystone Tele.	8	8	8
215	Lake Superior	27½	27	27
130	Lehigh Nav.	80½	80½	80½
400	Lehigh Valley	80⅝	80½	80⅝
25	Lehigh Val. Trans. pf. tr. c.	22½	22½	22½
336	P. R. T.	19⅝	19½	19⅝
150	P. R. T. tr. c.	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
719	Penn. R. R.	62 7-16	62½	62½
208	Phila. Co.	57½	57	57½
235	Phila. Co. pf	44½	44½	44½
640	Phila. Electric	17⅝	17	17½
620	Reading	70 15-16	70⅝	70⅞
200	Southern Railway	32	32	32
150	Tonopah-Belmont	6	6	6
646	U. G. I.	88	87½	88
2,694	U. S. Steel	70⅝	70	70
281	Union Trac.	49⅝	49½	49½
1	Union Trac. pts. pf	44	44	44
25	War. I. & S.	10	10	10
15	W. J. & S. S.	85	85	85
100	York Rys. pf	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝

PITTSBURG.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Citizens' Traction	57	57	57
40	Crucible Steel	13½	13¼	13½
565	Crucible Steel pf	84	83⅝	84
465	Mfrs. L. & H.	22	21⅝	22
150	Oklahoma Gas	58	58	58
120	Pittsburg Brewing	20	19⅝	20
20	Pittsburg Brewing pf	43½	43½	43½
125	Pittsburg Coal pf	86½	86½	86½
1,500	Pure Oil	9⅛	8⅞	9
270	River Coal	10½	10½	10½
495	River Coal pf	33½	33½	33½
45	Westingh. Elec. 2d	38½	38	38½

BONDS.

$2,000	Pittsburg Brew. 8s	100½	100½	100½

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.06	Hale & Norcross	.23
Alpha Con.	.05	Julia	.35
Andes	.13	Mexican	4.45
Belcher	.60	Occidental Con.	.65
Best & Belcher	.47	Ophir	2.07½
Bullion	.16	Overman	.41
Caledonia	.52	Potosi	.20
Challenge Con.	.17	Savage	.26
Chollar	.15	Sag Belcher	.15
Confidence	.60	Sierra Nevada	.53
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.40	Union Con	1.65
Con. Imperial	.03	Utah Con.	.11
Gould & Curry	.22	Yellow Jacket	.40

TONOPAH.		C. O. D.	.07
Belmont	6.02½	Florence	1.20
Jim Butler	.22	Goldfield Con.	M.6.05
McNamara	.18	Goldf'd Merger	.10
Midway	.18	Goldf'd Kewanas	.01
Montana	.75	Great Bend	.01
North Star	.14	Jumbo Extension	.28
Tonopah Exten.	.97	Lone Star	.01
West End	.49	Red Hills	.01
GOLDFIELD.		Sandstorm Kend.	.09
Atlanta	.10	Silver Pick	.04
Booth	.07	Nevada Hills	3.12½
Comb. Fract.	.11		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	.5	.6	Jackpot	.5	.6
Elkton	.57	.58	McKinney	.32½	.35
El Paso	.51	.52½	Old Gold	.2½	.3½
Gold Dollar	.11	.11½	Portland	.99	1.00
Findlay	.3	.6	Vindicator	.79½	.80
Isabella	.09	.10	Jen. Samp.	.9	.10½

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, June 19.—Money was in fair demand to-day, but the supply was good. Discount rates were quiet.

The Bank of England, it is expected, will get the bulk of the $4,000,000 South African gold consignment available in the open market to-day.

Business was slack on the Stock Exchange, and no expansion is looked for until after the coronation holidays. Consols eased off a fraction, but home rails hardened on traffic expectations. Mexican rails and copper shares improved.

American securities opened steady and advanced during the forenoon under the lead of Canadian Pacific. United States Steel and Union Pacific spurted on Wall Street buying in the late trading, and the rest of the list advanced in sympathy. The closing was firm.

Money, 1@1¼ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2¼ per cent.; for three months' bills 2⅛ per cent.

Gold premium at Madrid, 8.05; at Lisbon, 9.

PARIS, June 19.—Trading was quiet and prices were irregular on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 95f 35c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 31c for checks.

BERLIN, June 19.—Trading was quiet, but prices were slightly firmer on the Boerse to-day.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 43 pfennigs for checks.

Money, 3 per cent.

Private discount rate, 3⅛ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	79⅝	..	..	— ⅛
Consols, account	79 13-16	..	..	— ⅛
Anaconda	8½	41⅝	41⅝	+ ⅛
Atchison	117⅝	114½	113⅞	+ 1⅛
Can. Pac.	248¼	241⅝	240	+ 1⅝
St. Paul	132	128½	127½	+ 1
Erie	36⅝	35⅝	35⅝	+ ½
Erie 1st pf.	57½	56	55⅞	+ ⅛
Illinois Central	145	141	141	..
Louis. & Nash.	156	151⅝	..	..
N. Y. Central	114¼	111⅝	111	+ ⅛
Pennsylvania	64	124½	124½	+ ⅛
Reading	82	159⅝	159½	+ ⅛
Southern Pac.	122¼ex	120⅝	120⅞	+ ⅝
Union Pac.	191⅞	186⅞	185⅞	+ 1
U. S. Steel	81⅝	79⅝	78⅝	+ 1
U. S. Steel pf.	122	118⅝	..	..

Exchange 4.86.

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	11	6	Esperanza	1	10	3
Tomboy	0	15	7½	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	1	5	3	Stratton's Ind.	0	2	3

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper 5	Apr. 1, '12	100	100⅝	4.77
Am. Cigar 6	Mar. 15, '12	97⅞	100	4.00
Ann Arbor 5	May 1, '13	98½	99	5.57
Balt. & Ohio 4½	June 1, '13	100½	100⅝	4.71
Beth. Steel Co. 6	Nov. 1, '14	100⅝	101	5.66
Ches. & Ohio 4½	June 1, '14	99½	99⅝	4.72
C., H. & D. pur. money 4	July 1, '13	98⅞	99¼	4.45
Col. & Alton 5	Mar. 15, '13	99⅝	99⅞	5.08
Erie 4	Apr. 8, '14	100⅝	101	5.53
Gen. Motors 6	Oct. 1, '15	98	98⅝	6.33
Gen. Rubber 4½	July 1, '15	96⅝	97⅛	5.27
Hudson Co. 6	Feb. 1, '12	98⅛	98⅝	6.81
Int. & Gt. N. 5	May 15, '14	98	98⅝	5.82
K. C. R. & L. 6	Sept., 1913	90	94	..
L. St. cv. deb. 5	Mar., 1915	94	94½	6.75
Minn. & St. L. 5	Feb., 1913	95½	96½	7.40
Mo., K. & T. 5	June 1, '13	99⅝	99⅞	5.07
Mo. Pacific 5	June 1, '14	96	96⅝	5.29
Nat. Ry. of M. 4	June 1, '13	97½	98⅝	5.69
N. Y. Central 4½	Mar. 1, '14	100⅛	100⅝	4.85
Pac. T. & T. 5	Jan. 5, '15	100⅝	..	..
Pere Marq. 6	July 1, '13	98⅞	99⅛	6.52
St. L. & S. F. 5	Mar. 1, '13	98⅝	99⅛	6.46
St. L. & S. F. 5	June 1, '13	98⅝	99⅛	6.46
Southern Ry. 5	Feb. 1, '13	100⅛	100⅝	4.76
Tidewater Co. 6	June 1, '13	101½	101⅞	5.01
West. T. & T. 5	Feb. 1, '12	100⅝	100⅝	4.00
Westinghouse 6	Aug. 1, '13	101⅝	101⅝	5.15

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, MOUNT VERNON,

June 7, 1911.

RESOURCES.
Loans and inv. $2,758,919.82
From other banks 251,926.64
Cash on reserve 221,251.71 $3,232,100.97

LIABILITIES.
Capital stock $200,000.00
Sur. and profits 88,870.48
Circulation 118,997.50
Deposits 2,924,232.99 $3,232,100.97

C. S. McClellan, Pres.; Theo. F. Nesbitt, Vice Pres.; Wm. A. Brophy, Cash.; G. G. Whitlip, Asst. Cash.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

AMERICAN CAR AND FOUNDRY CO.
STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The stockholders of the American Car and Foundry Company are hereby notified that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of said Company will be held at its offices, No. 243 Washington Street, Jersey City, New Jersey, Thursday, June 29, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and transacting such other business as may be properly brought before the meeting. WM. M. HAGER, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the LEWIS-INGLE PUBLISHING COMPANY, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this Ninth day of June, 1911, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this 9th day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

[Seal.] JOHN E. FIDDSON,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

COAL ROADS WIN SUIT.

Opposition to Control of Hocking Valley by Chesapeake & Ohio Fails.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 19.—Judge John E. Sater, in the United States Court this morning, handed down a brief decision in the case of Mannington versus the Hocking Valley Railway Company, and Westfall versus the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway Company, in which he signed a motion to vacate the restraining order in the Hocking Valley case and dissolved the injunction against the Chesapeake & Ohio.

The suits were brought more than a year ago by Howard

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Builders Buy Sites in the Midtown Loft Zone—Tenement Property Sought by Investors—Many Dwellings Change Owners—Bronx and Suburban Deals.

A large number of small sales and a very active Bronx market characterized realty trading yesterday. The features of particular note were in the midtown loft section. The prominence of Fourth Avenue as one of the few great investment and speculative buying centres in the city at the present time was illustrated in two good deals, one being a 60-foot plot in Twenty-fifth Street, and the other the property at 427 Fourth Avenue, a lot 20.5 by 80 on the northeast corner of Twenty-ninth Street by the Protective Realty Company, of which Patrick H. Keenan is President.

The property is occupied by an old four-story structure. The deal was made through the agency of M. & L. Hess, who sold the property for Moses Dinkelspiel. Mr. Keenan owns the adjoining plots at 423 and 425 Fourth Avenue, giving him, with its latest acquisition, a choice corner for future improvement, having a frontage on the avenue of 67.5 feet and 80 feet on Twenty-ninth Street.

The sale of the new twelve-story loft at 150 to 154 West Twenty-second Street by the Marmac Construction Company, as stated on Sunday, involved a trade of properties. Further details, as announced yesterday by Mark Rafalsky & Co., who negotiated the deal, show that in part payment the Marmac Construction Company, of which Hubert M. McClellan is President, took from Joseph J. Steindler, the buyer of the Twenty-second Street loft, several lots and dwellings fronting on Jackson and Bergen Avenues and Bostwick Street, Jersey City.

Mark Rafalsky has been appointed agent for the new owner of the Twenty-second Street loft, which was recently completed and had been held at about $350,000.

Builder Buys East 25th St. Loft Site.

An important deal in the midtown loft zone was announced yesterday by Horace S. Ely & Co., who sold 108 East Twenty-fifth Street, on lot 20 by 98.9, for Mrs. Malleville W. McClellan, 110 East Twenty-fifth Street, on lot 20 by 98.9, for Winthrop Parker, trustee, and 112 East Twenty-fifth Street, on lot 20 by 98.9, for Mrs. Anne B. Rogers.

The buildings consist of old-fashioned three-story and basement dwellings and form a plot 60 by 98.9. The buyer, who is said to be a well-known operator in this district, will improve the site with a tall mercantile building.

Deal on East 76th Street.

Albert C. Bostwick has sold through Pease & Elliman 63 East Seventy-sixth Street, a two-story stable, on a lot 25 by 102.2, 80 feet west of Park Avenue. The buyer will use the building as a private garage.

Many Dwellings Change Owners.

Another old dwelling in the Pennsylvania Station loft zone was sold yesterday by H. B. Meade & Co. for Agnes G. Hawthorne of Chicago. The property, 312 West Thirty-first Street, consists of an old-fashioned three-story dwelling on a lot 18.9 by 98.9. It is located opposite the new Post Office. Maurice Mandelbaum and I. H. Kempner were the buyers.

On the upper west side Margaret Locke sold 252 West 104th Street, a three-story dwelling, on a lot 18 by 100.11, located between Broadway and West End Avenue.

Robert Levers has sold 56 West 120th Street, a three-story, high-stoop dwelling, on lot 18.9 by 100, for Dr. Henry Heiman to Max Schulhof.

Thomas J. Byrne has sold through Pease & Brother 149 East Fifteenth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on a lot 25 by 55. The buyer, Louis Malavita, will improve the property.

Pease & Elliman have sold for the Misses M. L. and A. E. Simpson 276 West Seventy-third Street, a three-story dwelling, on a lot 17.5 by 76.

Church Buys in 57th Street.

The Trustees of the Central Presbyterian Church, in Fifty-seventh Street, took title yesterday at a stated consideration of $31,500, to the plot, 25 by 100.5, on the south side of Fifty-seventh Street, 275 feet west of Ninth Avenue. The plot adjoins on the west Mizpah Chapel, the mission of the church, which is near the middle of the block between Ninth and Tenth Avenues. The seller was Henry Hoffman, who takes back a mortgage of $15,000.

Tenements Attract Investors.

The demand for tenement house property on both the east and west sides of the city by operators and investors, which has been one of the features of the market during the past couple of weeks, was self-evident yesterday, when there were several sales and resales, and the rumor of a deal involving a Second Avenue block front in the seventies.

On the extreme west side Aaron Buchsbaum purchased from Maurice Mandelbaum 405 and 407 West Forty-ninth Street, two five-story tenements with four-story tenements at the rear, on plot 50 by 100.11. The buyer owns connecting properties fronting on the west side of Ninth Avenue, between Forty-ninth and Fiftieth Streets. The Forty-ninth Street houses were purchased recently by Mr. Mandelbaum from Stella A. Hull. The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company negotiated the sales.

Another resale was announced by Levy & Starr, who resold to an investor the five-story tenement 135 Pitt Street, with a four-story rear building, on a lot 25 by 106. The property faces the Hamilton Fish Park.

Biloon & Ostroff have purchased for investment the two six-story new-law tenements 224 to 228 East Ninety-ninth Street, on a plot 75 by 100.

Investors Buy in Harlem.

Trading in Harlem resulted in the sale of two flats by Heller & Sussman. They sold the five-story building at 73 East 119th Street for Harry Schwartz to an investor, and also the building at 19 West 118th Street, for a Mr. Strayer, this buyer giving in part payment a four-story house in Brooklyn.

Quick Resale on Heights.

The S. H. Raphael Company has resold 520 and 522 West 162d Street, near Broadway, a five-story new-law apartment house, on plot 40 by 100, for $63,500. This is the third time within two weeks that the same firm of brokers has sold this house. The property was sold for Mrs. C. Russell to W. Murray, who will hold the same for investment.

Bronx.

Shaw & Co. have sold for A. Anderson the three-story brick two-family dwelling 2,898 Heath Avenue, 20 by 100, to a client for investment. The same firm has also sold for a client a plot of five lots on the east side of Sterling Avenue, north of Glen Road, 125 by 100, to a builder for improvement.

Platt & Albert have sold for John Schreyer a plot 75 by 100, on the west side of Webster Avenue, 225 feet north of 179th Street, to the Erber Construction Company, on which they will erect two five-story apartment houses.

Louisa A. Grill has sold the plot, 63 by 110, with a dwelling on the east side of Washington Avenue, about 200 feet south of 170th Street, to a builder for immediate improvement. Marvin D. Stokem negotiated the sale. The same broker has sold for Peter Fox, to an investor, 1,411 Clinton Avenue, a five-story flat on a plot 37.6 by 100, near 170th Street.

The Hoe Realty Company, of which S. J. Hoexter is President, has purchased a plot at the northeast corner of Hoe Avenue and Home Street. Four five-story flats will be erected on the site.

Hirsch & Schrappenhouser have purchased from Mrs. M. Tuttle for about $12,000 the three-story flat with store at 2,431 Jerome Avenue, on a lot 19.4 by 100. The property is located near Fordham Road.

Heller & Sussman have sold to an investor the southwest corner of Belmont Avenue and 181st Street, a five-story house, on lot 50 by 100.

Brooklyn.

Frank H. Tyler has sold 1,187 Dean Street, three-story and basement brownstone, to Dr. S. D. Pemberton, for occupancy; also, 257 Macon Street, a three-story and basement frame dwelling, for a Mr. Rogers, and 259 Macon Street, a three-story and basement frame dwelling, for a Mr. Studwell.

The two three-story single flats, with stores, 4,406 and 4,408 Fourteenth Avenue, Borough Park, on a plot 40 by 90, have been purchased by Biloon & Ostroff for investment.

Long Island.

Hayden & Co. have sold the hotel known as the Pierrepont, at Sea Cliff, L. I., on a plot 120 by 120, for Kate I. Reilly to Ernest Kahn.

William Holton, Jr., has sold to Frederick Fincke of Flushing six lots at Murray Hill, subject to a mortgage of $2,800.

William Wiesener has sold to James J. Reilly of Whitestone a parcel having a frontage of 38 feet on the north side of Ninth Street, 100 feet west of Fifth Avenue, Whitestone, subject to a mortgage of $2,200.

J. Arthur Fischer has sold for Everett Heaney & Lawrence the two-story garage, on lot 60 by 100, on Mermaid Avenue, Edgemere, L. I., to George Stumpp, and has leased the said property for George Stumpp to the Union League Garage for a term of ten years.

Y. W. C. A. Buys Yonkers Site.

The Young Women's Christian Association has purchased a site for a new structure in Yonkers. The property involves 87 to 93 South Broadway, two old dwellings, occupying a plot 110 by 183, with an eleven-foot "L" to Washington Street. About $55,000 was paid for the property.

Recent Buyers.

Jacob Lipman is the purchaser of 19 and 21 Christopher Street, recently sold through the Duross Company.

Marion and Eleanor Hague of Blockbridge, Mass., are the buyers of the stable at 161 East Seventieth Street, reported sold recently by Payson McL. Merrill. A dwelling will be erected on the site.

Patrick J. McGuire is the buyer of the flat at 645 Lexington Avenue, sold recently by the Llewellyn Realty Company.

New Realty Company.

The Rothschild Realty Company has been incorporated at Albany, with a capital of $2,700,000. The Directors are R. J. Jr., and J. Jacquin Rothschild. The company, it is understood, will take over the realty holdings of the late Jacob Rothschild, which include the Hotel Majestic, at Central Park West and Seventy-second Street, and two sixteen and eighteen story business buildings at the northwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Fifteenth Street.

Notes.

The Harlem Property Owners' Association will hold a meeting Thursday, June 22, at 147 East 125th Street.

The Turner Construction Company has been awarded the contract for the four-story building, 180 by 81, of reinforced concrete, to be erected on 176th Street near Prospect Avenue, and by the New York Dock Company for six four-story warehouses.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

149th St, s s, 500 ft e of 8th Av, 100x99.11, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $21,000.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Barnes Av, n e corner of Burke Av, 100x200x irregular, Wakefield; foreclosure sale, to Robert T. Grosson, $8,475.

By Samuel Marx.

Pilgrim Av, 1,008, p s, 175 ft n of Mildred Place, 25x100, Throgs Neck; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Arthur Hempe, $1,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans were filed for new structures in the Bronx. The following were filed in Manhattan:

Christopher St, 135, for a four-story loft and store, 26.2x81; 135 Christopher Street, Inc., 298 Broadway, owner; Jardine, Kent & Hill, architects; cost, $30,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

67th St, n s, 550 ft w of 5th Av, to a four-story and basement dwelling; J. W. Simpson, 22 Cedar St, owner; H. A. Jacobs, architect; cost, $25,000.

Lenox Av, 420, to a three-story-and-basement dwelling; S. C. Nelson, premises, owner; F. H. Hines, architect; cost, $6,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, JUNE 19.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

BAINBRIDGE AV, 96, 42.8 ft n of Mosholu Parkway, 50x100; Annie D'Ambra to D'Ambra Construction Co., 5,000 Decatur Av, June 16; attorney N. H. Kramer, 200 Broadway. $100

BEDFORD ST, 91, w s, 24.4x104.11; Emma Michaels and others to Josephine Diener and another, 91 Bedford St, May 24; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; Oscar Diener and another, executors, to Annie Untermohlen and another, 91 Bedford St, June 10; attorney, same $100

BOLTON AV, s s, 275 ft n of 151st St, 25x100; Charles Noe to William H. Schwenk and others, 825 East 187th St, June 16; attorney, Robert Bergman, 148th St and 3d Av. $100

BROADWAY, s e corner of 55th St, 77.9x86.8, (mtg $675,000;) 55th St, s s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, 75x100.8, (mtg $225,000;) Lord & Taylor Corporation to Alfred C. Bachman, 265 West 121st St, June 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; Alfred C. Bachman to Hotel Woodward Co., 1,784 Broadway, June 19, (mtg $900,000;) attorney same $100

BROADWAY, w s, at centre line of block between 84th and 85th Sts, runs w 108.7x s 37.2x s 103.02 n 37.8; Joseph A. McLaughlin to Edmund Coffin, Jr., Feb. 14, 1888, (mtg $11,000;) attorneys, Appell & Taylor, 96 West Broadway $11,000

CHARLOTTE ST, 1,917, w s, 40x100; Charlotte St, 1,621, w s, 40x100; Eli M. Cohen to Fleischmann Realty and Construction Co., 507 5th Av, June 17, (mtg $360,000;) attorneys, Hays, H. & Wolf, 115 Broadway. $1

CHRISTOPHER ST, 19, n s, 20x90; Lillie G. O'Brien to Samuel Rodt and another, 68 East 97th St, June 19, (mtg $6,000;) attorneys, Lachman & Co., 32 Nassau St. $100

CHRISTOPHER ST, 21, n s, 20.2x90; Mary F. Brosnan to Samuel Rodt and another, 68 East 97th St, June 19; attorney, same $100

CLINTON AV, 1,411, w s, 37.6x100; Peter Fox to Louise A. Grill, 400 West 149th St, (mtg $28,000,) June 15; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

CROMWELL AV, Plot 44 and Lot 58, map of Claremont, near Highbridge; James Nolan, Jr., to James Nolan, Sr., June 15, 211 East Tremont Av; attorney, George A. Steinmuller, 1,911 2d Av $100

SAME PROPERTY; James Nolan, Sr., to James Nolan, Jr., 211 East Tremont Av, June 15; attorney, same $100

CROTON ST, 114.8 ft w of 10th Av, 25x86.9; Croton St, s s, 264.5 ft w of 10th Av, 25x86.9; Isaac Schneidler and others to Frame Realty Co., 150 Fulton St, June 16. $100

KELLY ST, s s, 206 ft n of Longwood Av, 40x100; Old Chester Realty Co. to Carrie Mayer, 860 East 161st St, (mtg $32,000,) June 16; attorney, L. M. Mossner, 551 Westchester Av. $100

MARMION AV, 1,892, s s, 95x106.10; Fairmont Construction Co. to Strayer Realty Co., 277 Broadway, (mtg $23,000,) June 17 ..... $1

MORSE AV, s e corner of George St, 110.5x224.11; Helen McCartney to Pauline Levy, 166 West 123d St, (mtg $5,000,) June 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; Oscar Diener and another, executors, to Annie Untermohlen and another, 91 Bedford St, June 19; attorney, same $100

BOLTON AV, s s, 275 ft n of 151st St, 25x100; Charles Noe to William H. Schwenk and others, 825 East 187th St, June 16; attorney, Robert Bergman, 148th St and 3d Av. $100

BROADWAY, s e corner of 55th St, 77.9x86.8, (mtg $675,000;) 55th St, s s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, 75x100.8, (mtg $225,000;) Lord & Taylor Corporation to Alfred C. Bachman, 265 West 121st St, June 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; Alfred C. Bachman to Hotel Woodward Co., 1,784 Broadway, June 19, (mtg $900,000;) attorney same $100

BROADWAY, w s, at centre line of block between 84th and 85th Sts, runs w 108.7x s 37.2x s 103.02 n 37.8; Joseph A. McLaughlin to Edmund Coffin, Jr., Feb. 14, 1888, (mtg $11,000;) attorneys, Appell & Taylor, 96 West Broadway $11,000

CHARLOTTE ST, 1,917, w s, 40x100; Charlotte St, 1,621, w s, 40x100; Eli M. Cohen to Fleischmann Realty and Construction Co., 507 5th Av, June 17, (mtg $360,000;) attorneys, Hays, H. & Wolf, 115 Broadway. $1

CHRISTOPHER ST, 19, n s, 20x90; Lillie G. O'Brien to Samuel Rodt and another, 68 East 97th St, June 19, (mtg $6,000;) attorneys, Lachman & Co., 32 Nassau St. $100

CHRISTOPHER ST, 21, n s, 20.2x90; Mary F. Brosnan to Samuel Rodt and another, 68 East 97th St, June 19; attorney, same $100

CLINTON AV, 1,411, w s, 37.6x100; Peter Fox to Louise A. Grill, 400 West 149th St, (mtg $28,000,) June 15; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

CROMWELL AV, Plot 44 and Lot 58, map of Claremont, near Highbridge; James Nolan, Jr., to James Nolan, Sr., June 15, 211 East Tremont Av; attorney, George A. Steinmuller, 1,911 2d Av $100

SAME PROPERTY; James Nolan, Sr., to James Nolan, Jr., 211 East Tremont Av, June 15; attorney, same $100

CROTON ST, 114.8 ft w of 10th Av, 25x86.9; Croton St, s s, 264.5 ft w of 10th Av, 25x86.9; Isaac Schneidler and others to Frame Realty Co., 150 Fulton St, June 16. $100

KELLY ST, s s, 206 ft n of Longwood Av, 40x100; Old Chester Realty Co. to Carrie Mayer, 860 East 161st St, (mtg $32,000,) June 16; attorney, L. M. Mossner, 551 Westchester Av. $100

MARMION AV, 1,892, s s, 95x106.10; Fairmont Construction Co. to Strayer Realty Co., 277 Broadway, (mtg $23,000,) June 17 ..... $1

MORSE AV, s e corner of George St, 110.5x224.11; Helen McCartney to Pauline Levy, 166 West 123d St, (mtg $5,000,) June 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

MURDOCK AV, s s, 325 ft s of Randall Av, 25x100; Land Co. C of Edgewald to Costantino Pisanelli and others, 469 Gun Hill Road, June 13; attorney, Joseph Soldi, 469 Gun Hill Road $1

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s s corner of 114th St, 75.1x —; T. Edwin Ward and another, executors, to Riverside Drive Realty Co., 2,876 Broadway, (mtg $130,000,) June 16; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $830,000

RIVINGTON ST, 159, s s, 22x100; Max Tischler to Golda Kulsky, 159 Rivington St, June 19, (mtg $30,000;) attorney, Abraham Kulicky, 37 Liberty St. $1

SHERIFF ST, 3, w s, 19x100; Ely Rosenberg, referee, to James D. Gardner and others, 511 West 112th St, June 15, (mtg $15,000;) attorneys, L. & C. Keator, 45 Broadway $8,200

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 205 ft s of 167th St, 33x100; Alfred C. Bachman to Kellwood Realty Co., 815 Hunt's Point Av, June 15; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway $100

STEBBINS AV, e s, 761.4 ft n of Freeman St, 25x110; Emily Vion to Michael O'Neill, 1,300 Stebbins Av, (mtg $1,000,) June 19; attorney, M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av and 149th St. $100

TREMONT AV, 240 and 242, s s, 76x106.3; Central Holding Co. to D. & W. Holding Co., 2 Rector St, April 10; attorney, Edwin C. Dunsbury, 2 Rector St. $1

WASHINGTON AV, 98, 258.11 ft s of 170th St, 24.1x120; Louisa A. Grill to Peter Fox, 361 East 161st St, June 15; attorney Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

WILLIS AV, n e corner of 135th St, 100x100; Willis Av, e s, 121 ft n of 136th St, 20x92; Willis Av, e s, 79 ft n s of 136th St, 21x110; 138th St, s s, 92 ft s of Willis Av, 18x70; Mary Walsh to Henry Heller, et al., executors, 24 Greenwich Av, May 9; attorney, Robert E. Bergman, 148th St, and 3d Av. $1

10TH ST, 374 to 378 East, 50x92.8; Hattie Miller to Sigmund Miller, 110 Lenox Av, June 12; attorney, Otto A. Samuels, 99 Nassau St. $100

21ST ST, 132 and 134 West, s s, 48x92; Geron Construction Co. to George H. Piqueron, 5th Av, or 32 Union Square, (mtg $197,000,) June 17 ..... $100

25TH ST, n s, 115.2 ft e of 7th Av, 74.7x98.9; The Junction Realty Co. to Midwest Realty Co., 241 West End Av, June 19, (mtg $109,000;) attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av $100

26TH ST, 225 East, 25x98.9; John F. Cowan, Referee, to Hugh Cavanagh, 724 Bergen St., Brooklyn, (mtg $15,127,) June 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1,600

34TH ST, s s, 279.2 ft e of 10th Av, 20x100.8; Ann S. Carroll to Harriet S. James, 1,694 Broadway, June 19, (mtg $10,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

46TH ST, n s, 320.10 ft w of 5th Av, 20x100.5; Frank S. Hastings and another, executors, to Amos R. E. Pinchot, 1,021 Park Av, June 15; address, 60 Broadway $78,000

57TH ST, s s, 275 ft w of 8th Av, 25x100.5; Henry Rothmann to Trustees of the Central Presbyterian Church, New York, 218 West 57th St, June 19, (mtg $15,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $31,500

94TH ST, 76 West, 20x100.8; Josephine B. Louis to Jeannette Louis, 214 West 92d St, June 16; attorneys, Eisman, L. C. & L., 135 Broadway $100

114TH ST, 6 West, 27x100.11; Albert Weiss to Sophia Ellinger, 108 West 115th St, June 17, (mtg $22,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

117TH ST, n s, 94 ft e of 1st Av, 16.8x100.11; Rachela Di Stefano to August Mugler, 1,905 Davidson Av, June 17; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway $1

145TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of 8th Av, 175.7x99.11; Utility Realty Co. to Mergenthau Realty Co., 165 Broadway, (mtg $155,000,) June 19; attorney W. M. Wechsler, 165 Broadway $100

123D ST, 419 West, 17x99.11; Theodore A. Gramnuck to Margaret E. Napier, 419 West 123d St, June 16, (mtg $8,000;) attorney, Edward A. Isaacs, 272 William St. $50

127TH ST, n s, 285 ft w of 7th Av, 18x99.11; Jacob Frankenthaler to Stella R. Krause, 161 Lewis Av., Brooklyn, June 18, (mtg $14,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

169TH ST, 307 East, 16.8x80; Bessie Meyer and Katie Pantell, 670 East 120th St, June 8; attorney, Edward A. Brown, 50 Church St. ..$1

SAME PROPERTY; Katie Pantell to Joseph Meyer, 307 East 169th St, June 5; same attorney $1

222D ST, s s, 180 ft e of 4th St, 25x80.9; Gaspar Polz to Frank Lesinsky, 634 East 138th St, and another, (mtg $5,000,) June 17; attorney Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

BACHMAN, Alfred C., to Lord & Taylor, 897 Broadway, 55th St, s s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, 75x100.11, June 14, prior mtg $190,000, June 16, 4 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Gould & W., 2 Wall St. $65,000

SAME to same; Broadway, s e corner of 55th St, 77.9x86.8, June 16, prior mtg $565,000, 4 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, same $140,000

BLEW, Ada A., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St; Academy St, 25x100, June 15; 129th St, 230 West, 18x99.11, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $3,500

BRIGANTI, Michele, to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St; Lafayette St, 184, w s, 25x100, prior mtg $24,000, May 26, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St. $1,000

BURNS, William, to Margaret O'Neil, 143 West 11th St; Weehawken St, n s corner of Christopher St, 65.11x12.1, June 19, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. A. Vleu, 320 Broadway. $5,500

FARNOLO, Charles R., to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St; Bathgate Av, e s, 81.5 ft s of 180th St, 12x72x12x69.11, June 17, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St. $25,000

GRASMUCK, Theodore A., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St; 3d Av, 2,612, e s, 23x73.8, prior mtg $1,500, June 19, 5 years; attornsys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St. $1,000

GREENIN, Edmund L., to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St; Greenwich St, 756, w s, 25x60, June 18, 3 years; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St. $3,000

HARPER, Kathleen, to Judith W. Richardson, at Brockton, Mass.; 47th St, 41 West, 25x100.5, June 19, due June 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $12,500

HURLEY CONSTRUCTION CO. to Michael J. Sullivan, 343 East 141st St; Sheridan Av, s w corner of 164th St, 54.5x62.8, prior mtg $1,200, June 19, due, &c, as per bond; Michael J. Sullivan, Willis Av and 146th St. $1,500

KUPFER, Carrie B., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Lexington Av, 850, e s, 16.6x80, June 19, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $10,000

LANE, Emma F., to William F. J. Tibbie, 40 Westchester and Zerega Avs; 3d Av, s s, 200 ft e of Madison Av, 105.8x irregular, secures assignment of award, Oct. 7, 1910, due as per bond; William F. J. Bibie, Westchester and Zerega Ave $800

LENIHAN, Patrick, to John K. McMahon, 161 Garfield Place; Lots 402 and 403, map of Section A, Vyse estate, March 30, 5 years; attorney, E. S. Stickland, 19 Court St, Brooklyn $2,000

LESINSKY, Frank, to Gaspar Polz, 634 East 138th St; 222d St, s s, 180 ft w of 4th St, 25x89.9, Wakefield, June 17, prior mtg $5,000, due Nov. 15, 1912; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1,000

LEVY, Pauline, to Celeste B. Levy, 166 West 123d St; Boston Road, s e corner of 180th St, 100.3x62.4, prior mtg $5,000, June 19, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway ..$5,000

SALE to satisfy same property, prior mtg $10,000, June 19, due Dec. 19, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorney, same $1,000

LYONS, Mary, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers Street; 123d St, s s, 180 ft w of 2d Av, 50x—, June 19, 5 years; attorney, M. J. Scanlon, 51 Chambers St. $30,000

LYTTLE, Belinda T., to Matthew Hicks, 479 East 143d St; Hoe Av, e s, 125 ft s of Freeman St, 25x100, June 17, due July 1, 1914; attorney, Smith Williamson, 364 Alexander Av ..... Omitted

MAIL AND EXPRESS CO. to Washington Trust Co., trustee, 203 Broadway; Broadway, 203, Fulton St, 164 to 168, Feb. 1, due Feb. 1, 1921; attorney, Washington Trust Co., 259 Broadway $400,000

MARCUS, Tillie, to Union Trust Co. of New York, 80 Broadway; 3d Av, 1,908, w s, 25.8x100, June 19, due June 30, 1916; attorneys, Miller, K., L. & T., 80 Broadway. $12,000

McMAHON, Catherine, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St; Academy St, w s, 25 ft s of Vermilyea Av, 50x100, June 15, 5 years; attorney, M. J. Scanlon, 51 Chambers St. $4,000

MIDWEST REALTY CO. to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., 1 Madison Av; 25th St, n s, 115.2 ft e of 7th Av, 74.7x98.9, June 19, due Oct. 1, 1910, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., Madison Av $288,000

MONDAY, Charles, to August C. Seebock, 542 West 112th St; Lots 67 and 69, map of Westchester Terrace, June 15, due as per bond; attorney, Grant Squires, 40 Wall St. ..$1,200

MORGAN, Gertrude V., to Frots V. Ransom; 21st St, 40 East, 25x92, prior mtg $125,000, March 10, 1908, 1 year; attorney, R. S. Ransom, 258 Broadway $7,000

MUGLER, August, to Rachela Di Stefano, 2,901 Crotona Av, 17TH St, n s, 94 ft e of 1st Av, 16.8x100.11, prior mtg $6,000, June 17, 3 years, 6 p. c.; address, 2,301 Crotona Av $2,200

MUGLER, August, to Katharina Kopp, 215 East 79th St, and another, executrices; 117th St, n s, 94 ft e of 1st Av, 16.8x100.11, June 17, 3 years; attorneys A. & H. Bloch, 38 Nassau St. $4,000

PINCHOT, Amos R. E., to Frank S. Hastings and another, executors, at Greenwich, Conn.; 46th St, n s, 350.10 ft w of 8th Av, 20.10x100.5, June 15, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Lord, D. & L., 40 Wall St. $60,000

PISANELLI, Costantino, and others to Land Co. C of Edgewald, 16 East 42d St; Murdock Av, s s, 325 ft s of Randall Av, 25x100, June 13, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Robert B. Alling, 149 Broadway $200

RIEGER, Katharine, wife of Carl, to Mary Herbst, 888 East 6th St; Columbus Av, n s, 406.6 ft w of Bronxdale Av, 22x100; prior mtg $3,500, June 16, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles H. Boechler, 1,126 Walker Av $1,400

RIVERSIDE DRIVE REALTY CO. to T. Edwin Ward and another, at Riverside Drive, s w corner of 114th St; Riverside Drive, s e corner of 114th St, 76.1x—, June 16, due Aug. 1, 1913; De Forest Bros., 80 Broad St. $130,000

RODT, Samuel, and another to Lulie G. O'Brien, 2,044 Broadway; Christopher St, 19, n s, 20x90, 2 years, 6 p. c., June 19; attorneys, Peter S. O'Hara Brothers, 2,878 Webster Av $2,500

ROUT, Samuel, to Samson Lachman, 813 West 100th St; Christopher St, 19 and 21, n s, 40.2x90, prior mtg $19,000, June 17, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lachman & G., 36 Nassau St. $25,000

RODT, Samuel, and another to Mary T. Brennan, 146 West 74th St; Christopher St, n s, 100 ft e of Waverley Place, 20.2x90, June 19, 2 years; attorney, F. X. Brosnan, 32 Nassau St. $9,300

ROMA CONSTRUCTION AND ENGINEERING CO. to Prospect Investing Co., at Purchase, N. Y.; Bailey Av, e s, 325 ft n of Albany Road, 75x87, June 14, prior mtg $20,000, due Sept. 1, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. W. Collins, 63 Wall St. $2,700

SCHREIMER, Mary C., to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; 154th St, s s, 335.10 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 18x99.11, June 15, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $15,000

SPALLONE, Carlina, to Lorin S. Bernheimer, 2 East 40th St; 153d St, 540 East, 50x116.7x 50x116.8, May 12, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Sigmund Wechsler, 42 Broadway. $10,000

SPELLMAN, James H., and others to North Side Savings Bank, 2,230 8d Av; Orchard St, n s, 2, Lots 100 and 106, map of Claremont, 125x283, to Highbridge St, 255.6x270, June 19, 3 years; attorney, C. J. Barry, 149 Broadway $2,000

SUSWEIN, Rose H., and another to Frederick S. Armstrong and another, trustees, Greenwich, Conn.; Kenmare St, s e corner of Mott St, 94.2x—, June 16, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $55,000

TANNER, Matilda E., and others to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 4th St, 302 and 304 West, 50x93.9, June 19, due, &c., as per bond; address, 176 Broadway. $10,000

TIEDJENS, Henry, to Lillian W. White, White Plains, N. Y.; Creston Av, w s, 25 ft n of 182d St, 25x120, prior mtg $1,700, June 17, due July 1, 1914; attorney, Smith Williamson, 364 Alexander Av $3,000

URGIO, Francesco, and another, to Robert Ferguson, executor, 243 Lenox Av; 100th St, 205 and 207 East, (two mtgs, each $9,500,) June 19, 3 years; attorneys, Weekes Brothers, 45 William St. $18,500

UTERMOHLEN, Annie, and another to Rosalie E. Bauer, 1,339 Bristow St; Bedford St, 91, w s, 24.4x104.11, June 19, 2 years; attorneys, Arrowsmith & D., 220 Broadway $20,000

WIDREITWIZ, Solomon, and others, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Henry St, 222, e s, 23.6x100, June 13, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $21,000

WILLIAMS, John M., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Hudson St, 561 to 567, s w corner of 11th St, 302 and 304, 66.6x38.4x66x54.10, June 16, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway $35,000

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

BATHGATE AV, 2,075, w s, 21.1x94.8, Feb. 3, 1902; Patrick M. Conolan and Josephine, his wife, to William F. Clare, executor of Hugh O'Donnell, deceased; owner, Charles R. Farrugia, 2,075 Bathgate Av; W. F. Clare, 149 Broadway $4,000

BEGINS at s e corner of Lot 147, map of village of Morrisania, 1½ miles from Harlem River, township of West Farms, runs s w along n w side of Boston Road 70x n w 150x n e 69.9x s w 163 to beginning; Oct. 20, 1909; Anthony F. Koelbe and Elisabeth M., his wife, and others to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,806 3d Av; Lexow, M. & W., 43 Cedar St. $18,000

COLUMBUS AV, n s, 405.6 ft w of Bronxdale Av, 25x100, being Lot 31, portion of Downing estate, Van Nest station, July 2, 1906; Katherine Rieger (formerly Schneckloth) and Carl L., her husband, owners, 780 Van Nest Av, to Hy. Grote; Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av $1,200

FOREST AV, w s, 20 ft s of Cedar St, being parts of Lots 75 to 78, map (596) of property of estate of Joseph Cadlipp, in East Morrisania, 20x100, June 16, 1908; Irvin P. Hahn to Rosie Schmedes; Harry Robitzek, 123 Nassau St. $1,400

GARDEN ST, s s, 26.2 ft e of Crotona Av, being easterly half of Lot 74 and westerly 12.6 of Lot 75, map of South Belmont, 37.6x100, Jan. 17, 1911; Edward J. Byrne Construction Co., owner, 1,028 3d Av, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $15,000

GREENWICH ST, 756, w s, 22.6x90.7x irregular, May 1, 1897; Edward L. Greenin and Jennie, his wife, to Janett H. Gardiner, (or Gardiner;) Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St. ..$3,500

HAMILTON TERRACE, 39, w s, 16x100, March 26, 1908; Carrie N. Gartner to Fidelity Trust Co; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,750

HUDSON ST, 561 to 563, (and 11th St, W s,) s w corner of 11th St, runs s 92.6 x w 25 x n 96 x e 54.10, June 17, 1908; John M. Williams and Hannah G., his wife, owners, Greenwich, Conn., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $30,000

LORILLARD PLACE, n e corner of 187th St, 90.2x98, May 24, 1906; Tony Galiani to Teresa A. Matthews, Alrick H. Man, 55 Wall St. $3,000

LOT

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET.

FREE EXCURSION
Saturday, 2:30 P. M.,
to
LITTLE FARMS
at
ANNADALE, STATEN ISLAND
Get tickets from
WOOD, HARMON & CO.,
261 Broadway, N. Y.

Lots, $278; beautiful high plateau, overlooking ocean; $10 down, $5 monthly; trolleys; all improvements; title guaranteed by Title Guarantee and Trust Company; lots sold to refined people only. Park, 134 Times Downtown.

Beautiful stone bungalow on high ground, overlooking ocean, for sale, or will rent $420 yearly. Refined, 143 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Two new one-family stone dwellings; never occupied; restricted; overlooking Shore Road, 71st St.; 9 rooms, 2 baths, hardwood floors, electric light, steam heat; all improvements; trade for mortgages or property; equity $4,000 each. Address Attorney, Room 812, 367 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Ideal Homesites with Private Beaches at Wampage Shores

Directly on Manhasset Bay, Sands Point, L. I.
L. I. R. R. Station, Port Washington, 28 minutes to New York.
A luxurious, beautiful development the equal of which does not exist near New York. Plots ¼ acre up, with every possible convenience; running water supply, electric light, power and telephone lines under ground; splendid macadam roads; trees, hedges, shrubs planted.
At not too great cost.
Write for illustrated booklet.
S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.
Tel. Bryant—5610. 542 Fifth Av., New York.

100 ACRES AT OYSTER BAY $750 PER ACRE

Situated on broad, level plain, overlooking Oyster Bay Harbor, fronting the Oyster Bay macadamized road, between East Norwich and the Village of Oyster Bay. A property which would make a very desirable subdivision for sale into villa or residential plots to developers. $100,000 could be made easily on this property, to sell into lots or plots, or could be arranged into 5 or 10 acre plots for Summer estates. Lithograph maps showing the property can be had on application. Terms can be arranged. Write or apply
Full commission to
Real Estate Brokers, **William H. Moffitt, Owner**
34th St. & Madison Av., N. Y. City.

WATER FRONT $500
On the Ocean—On the Bay

Take your choice for a Summer life. We can give you either on South Shore of Long Island at Bay Shore—or Fire Island.
$10 Down, $10 Monthly.
It is a money maker. It is real water life. You cannot match it, you cannot beat it.
Free excursion every Saturday and Sunday. Lithograph maps and free tickets. Apply at once.
WM. H. MOFFITT REALTY CO., 34th Street and Madison Av.

A CHARMING HOME AT DOUGLASTON, L. I.

A SEMI-FIREPROOF DWELLING, CONTAINING 10 ROOMS AND TWO BATHS; LARGE CORNER PLOT IN CHOICE SECTION; PRICE LOW; TERMS EASY. PHOTO ON REQUEST.
J. W. DOOLITTLE,
547 5th Av.
'Phone, 5960—Madison Sq.

FOUR GREAT BARGAINS
SELL OR RENT.

Actual value, $7,500 to $10,000; sell $6,500 to $8,200; four one-family houses just completed, distinctive modern architecture, and finest quality; personally supervised; in Queens, N. Y. City, on main line L. I. R. R., 20 minutes from Penn. Station or Wall St; two blocks from station; large plots in restricted residential park; refined neighborhood, churches, schools, stores close by; small deposit to suit, balance as rent or rent with option of applying payment toward purchase. Write at once. P. P. Edson, Hollis Court, Queens, L. I. Hebrew trade not solicited.

GREAT HOUSE BARGAIN

$5,950 BUYS A $7,500 HOUSE.
A beautiful new home built by "day's work"; gas, electricity, running water, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, large wardrobes; many special features; a large plot on an attractive avenue in private residence park; fine surroundings; 24 minutes to Herald Square or a nickel ride by Pennsylvania tunnel line; near depot; very easy terms and small deposit, or will rent with privilege of buying and applying rent payments on purchase. Call, write, or 'phone T. I. M'KENZIE, 150 Nassau St.
Phone 4070 Beekman.

Do You Want a Little Bungalow at Glenhead, L. I.? If you do, don't fail to come and see us and look it over; only 40 minutes from N. Y. and only 10 minutes' walk to the water front with excellent boating and bathing facilities; you can easily make it an all-year-round home; good sites containing 5 or more lots $500 and up. For further particulars call or write J. Wright, 235 West 84th St., New York.

FINEST PLOT IN BAYSIDE PARK

50x115; bought two years ago; must sell; have paid in $200; will sacrifice $100. BARGAIN, Box 55 Times.

We will give $10 to any one who will suggest an appropriate name, providing we adopt same, for a piece of property located on the south side of Long Island; the property is bounded by bays and harbors. G 231 Times Downtown.

JAMAICA ESTATES: SACRIFICE.—Particularly desirable plot, beautifully situated; owner leaving city; genuine bargain. Owner, 45 Clinton St., Newark, N. J., Room 44.

Huntington—Small bungalow with plot, 100x300; high, airy; ferule land; price $800; $50 cash, $10 monthly. Write for tickets to see it. Bech, 1,361 Broadway, Brooklyn.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

BAR HARBOR, Me.

One of the largest and most beautiful places can be leased, fully furnished, at a GREAT REDUCTION in rental price.
Owner going abroad.
Top master's bedrooms; 12 servants' rooms. Electric lights; Private stable with apartment for coachman.
Full particulars from
S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.,
542 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

Sacrifice country home, near Watch Hill; modern dwelling, all improvements; five acres, bordering river, with dock. G 238 Times Downtown.

Fifty places in Connecticut, within 65 miles New York City; $500 up; state your wants; free lists. Brophey, 66 Grand St., Danbury, Conn.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Asbury Park, Allenhurst, Deal.
Furnished cottages for sale and rent
W. C. BURROUGHS
723 Mattison Ave., Asbury Park

BUNGALOW

6 rooms; large porch; 40,000 square feet of land; price $375; terms easy; 40 minutes out; fare 14 cents; call, write B. W. Nichols, 256 Broadway.

ON THE RIVER—$95

BUNGALOW Rent; 5,750 sq. feet of land, high, dry; 20 minutes from Broadway; one minute from station; fare 12c; mountain scenery, boating, bathing, fishing; title guaranteed; $10 down, $5 monthly. Address LACKAWANNA, 63 Times Downtown.

160-acre farm; high elevation; station, half mile; commuting distance; $16,000. Marvin, Mountainside, N. J.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Price $4,250. Easy Terms.

MOUNTAIN BUNGALOW
ON THE LAKES.

55 min. from Broadway, N. Y. C. on D., L. & W. Railroad; 24 trains a day.
READY FOR OCCUPANCY NOW.
Has big Living Room, Dining Room, Kitchen and Maid's Room first floor. Three master Bedrooms and tiled Bath second floor. Parquet floor, running water, electric light, steam heat.
Fine boating, fishing, bathing, superb scenery, no mosquitos.
FRED'K G. ELLIS, 170 B'way, City.
Tele. 1521 Cort.

CRANFORD
LOTS, VILLA PLOTS and BUNGALOW SITES on Easy Terms.

Right in Cranford's best residence section. The finest high and level land, surrounded by attractive homes and expensive mansions.
Cranford is on main line Central R. R. of N. J., 14 miles out; 60 trains daily; 34 MINUTES NOW. Send for full details of our SPECIAL OFFERINGS.
We have property in all the most desirable locations in Cranford. THREE MINUTES FROM THE STATION, with all city improvements.
HOUSES FOR SALE OR RENT.
Free railroad tickets furnished.
MANOR REALTY CO.,
CRANFORD, NEW JERSEY.

THIS NEW BUNGALOW

of 6 rooms on an acre of ground of high elevation, picturesquely situated in restricted residential section, near Asbury Park.
PRICE COMPLETE, $1,600,
on small monthly payments.
T. P. O. Box 312 Madison Square, N. Y.

We have several large estates for sale in Englewood, which are very desirable for investors and syndicates. The largest of these is the Dana estate, consisting of 110 acres and the mansion, opposite Spuyten-Duyvil.
The greatest bargain we have, a little further up, on the cliff, is 96 acres, embracing the well-known CLINTON POINT. We have an option on this property until July 1st. It is a rare chance.
We also have for sale in Englewood such magnificent property as Hutchinson's, at South Hills, Evans estate, Lyons estate, and Burr's estate, and others ranging from $50,000 to $125,000 each.
Also a number of beautiful residences in Englewood, Highwood, and Tenafly at $20,000 and up.
Appointments solicited.
Englewood Real Estate Co., 48 Dean St.
'Phone: Office, 650 Englewood; Res., 319—J Eng.

This Bungalow, $275.

FARM ONLY $95
20,000 square feet. Rich soil; 100 peach trees with each acre. Fare 15c. $9 down, $3 monthly. Address Mountain View, 75 Times Downtown.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

For Bankers, Brokers, Lawyers and Real Estate Operators
Suite and Single Outside Rooms
TIMES BUILDING
(Times Square)
FOR RENT
Most Accessible, Best Lighted and Best Ventilated Office Building in New York
APPLY TO RENTAL AGENT, TIMES BUILDING

STORE and BASEMENT
60x90; together or separate;
155 West 23d St.
Low Rent
Concessions, Terms.
Any Broker,
or CHAS. BUEK,
5 East 42nd Street.

SOLTMANN BUILDING, 100x100
Only ONE LOFT Left
Finest $5,000 space in Penn. District. One little subdivided space at $40 month.
134 TO 140 WEST 29 St. 7960 Mad. Sq.
Ask your Broker.
SUBLET BARGAIN, 676-8 B'way, near Sloane's. Two 40x100 Top Lofts. Low Rent.

Two Stores Suitable millinery, florist, first-class grocer, &c., &c.
"AT TEMPLE HALL"
Southwest Corner High Class Apt. House, **121st & Lenox Av.**
Elegant location; rents moderate. Apply on premises.

LOFT TO LEASE
100 West 29th Street.
50x100, 8th floor, all light; $100 per month till February 1st, 1912. Apply to H. MATZ, 222 Riverside Drive, or your own broker.

To Sublet, Furnished.—Splendid mahogany furnished office, including Remington machine, filing cabinets, &c., in the Night and Day Bank Building, corner 44th Street and Fifth Av. Will sublet furnished for one year or shorter term at sacrifice. W. B. Walker, Thermos Bldg., 245 West 17th St.

4th Ave. District—Store.
20x50; large show window; $1.75 SQ. FT. Lease. Cheapest space in this section; new building; steam heat. Apply 32 East 27th.

New stores, Weldwick, N. J. New corner stores with living rooms and large plots of ground; opposite large school; plate-glass fronts, water, electric lights; $16. Tyndall, Weldwick, N. J.

26th St., cor. 1st Av.—Two lofts, 100x100; light on four sides; steam power; large elevator; all improvements. Apply on premises.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

JOSEPH L. PARRAGA, 76 West 105th Street, has filed a petition; liabilities, $11,855, and no assets.

ADOLPH ETLINGER, hardware, 126 Riverdale Avenue, Yonkers, has filed a petition with liabilities, $2,018, and assets, $1,500 in stock.

DAVID SIMON of Steele Simon Company, printers, 17 Vandewater Street, has filed a petition. Individual liabilities are $5,596; firm liabilities, $1,207, and assets, $317.

WEISS & SEGAL.—Judge Hand yesterday confirmed a composition of Weiss & Segal, clothing manufacturers, 649 and 651 Broadway, at 27½ cents cash, on application of Henry B. Singer.

THE W. B. BROWN COMPANY, coal, foot of East Fifty-sixth Street has applied to the Supreme Court for voluntary dissolution, and Judge Giegerich has appointed Charles T. Green Referee. The order to show cause is returnable on Aug. 9. The business has not been profitable. The liabilities, $12,657, to the Curtiss-Blaisdell Company, and assets, $2,500, in accounts and bills receivable. The company was incorporated on Oct. 9, 1906, with capital stock, $300,000, of which $15,000 is owned by the Curtiss-Blaisdell Company.

I. H. MAAGET & CO.—Judge Hand has denied a discharge to Israel H. Maaget, who did business as I. H. Maaget & Co., clothing manufacturer, 6 Great Jones Street and Bridgeport, Conn., against whom a petition was filed on Sept. 25, 1906. Liabilities, $62,576, and nominal assets, $78,289. The case depended on whether Mr. Maaget had made a false statement to obtain credit, and William Allen, referee, recommended a discharge. In this statement Mr. Maaget did not include merchandise, $50,000, as an asset for which he was liable. The American Woolen Company raised the point that these omissions constituted a false statement. Judge Hand sustained their contention.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge Hand in the United States District Court yesterday granted discharges to these bankrupts:

GEORGE T. MURPHY, real estate operator and school teacher of 3,766 Third Avenue; liabilities, $123,882.

FRED W. HUESTIS, broker in miscellaneous securities of 116 East Twelfth Street, formerly of Boston; liabilities, $57,078.

S. SOVENSKY & CO., cloaks, 88 East Eighth Street; liabilities, $21,240.

FLETCHER M. BARING, salesman, 200 Fifth Avenue; liabilities, $3,071.

HENRIETTA COHEN, 96 Madison Street formerly men's furnishing goods in Brooklyn; liabilities, $5,149.

DU BOIS F. DECKER, formerly of Crawford, N. Y.; liabilities, $1,296.

ROGER DE GOVANNE, hotel keeper, 808 West Fifty-eighth Street; liabilities, $3,651.

JOHN GETZ, decorator, 242 West 109th Street; liabilities, $9,819.

ADOLF GRABLE, baker, White Plains; liabilities, $1,894.

LOUIS H. GUTERMAN, clerk, 1,234 Madison Avenue, formerly clothing at Paterson; liabilities, $2,587.

HARRY KATZ, clerk, 178 First Avenue, formerly butcher; liabilities, $2,833.

ELIZABETH R. KRAEMER, buyer, 248 West Fifty-first Street; liabilities, $1,125.

EUGENE J. ORSINIGO, upholsterer, 118 East Forty-second Street; liabilities, $1,580.

JOHN H. PELTZ, 851 East 163d St.; liabilities, $1,859.

DAVID FEICH, wholesale paper, 213 East Ninety-eighth Street; liabilities, $2,679.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Adams, Albert J.—Century Holding Co., $519.
Auerbach, Joseph S., and A. Leopold—A. Walker, $1,129.
Barlow, Nelson—William T. Reynolds & Co., $174.
Burke, Robert E.—R. E. Wiesner, $127.
Butterly, George P.—A. H. Irving, $296.
Bennett, Jesse C.—Bridgeport Malleable Iron Co., $203.
Bacon, Edward W., et al.—M. Englander, $403.
Burt, Lee Van M., et al.—R. W. Maloney, $2,008.
Getts, Robert M.—Harrolds Motor Car Co., $356.
Doran, Daniel A., et al.—Mitral Realty Co., costs, $111.
De Masi, Antonio, or Tony, et al.—R. Bellini, $111.
Emerick, George A.—A. Gobel, $251.
Fischer, Charles, et al.—American Woolen Co. of New York, $2,889.
Fielen, Harry, (not summoned,) et al.—Same, $3,589.
Figundio, Biase—A. Giordano, $211.
Friedman, Bernard—J. Cohen, $223.
Garthside, Charles H.—Ardelle Realty, $324.
Goetz, Louis J.—H. Baum, $171.
Goldberg, Fanny—M. Ryan, costs, $107.
Greenleaf, Arthur, et al.—J. R. Potter et al., $186.
Guillemet, Louis A., et al.—Jefferson Theatre Programme Co., $101.
Same—Same, $337.
Gallagher, Cornelius J.—Crescent Delivery Co., $1,808.
Hong, Lena K.—A. R. Scott et al., $119.
Berman, Selma—H. Kasmpfer, $142.
Hesseigren, Gerard C.—C. B. Johnson, $260.
Haff, Theodore A.—V. H. Youngman et al., $2,373.
Honn, Frank, et al.—Eclipse Light Co., $169.
Hutton, Robert J., et al.—R. W. Maloney et al., $2,006.
Irvine, Ingram N. V.—Brooklyn Daily Eagle, $144.
Johns, Margaret J.—Benson & Hedges, costs, $101.
Jennings, Herbert T., et al.—D. H. McLaury Marble Co., $5,093.
Kaplan, Abraham—M. Smoth, $173.
Kramer, Isidor—H. Heinberg, $621.
Long, Thomas—Williamsport Radiator Co., $224.
Lange, Kuno—A. Hupfel's Sons, $106.
Livingston, Claude—V. H. Youngman et al., $5,218.
Lookstein, Max F.—American Radiator Co., $305.
Lent, Smith—W. Burt et al., $230.
Legnitt, Angelo, et al.—R. Bellini, $111.
McTernan, Hugh A.—H. C. Reeves, $359.
Moore, Laurence—F. Hulberg, $408.
Mays, Mint M.—Alo Realty Co., $316.
McCabe, John, et al.—Eclipse Light Co., $109.
Mannion, Richard, et al.—M. A. King, $601.
Marco, Albertelli—M. Japanell, $1,764.
McConville, Mary A., et al.—Mitral Realty Co., costs, $111.
Mayer, Henry W.—M. H. Rosenthal et al., $203.
Onderdonk, John T., et al.—J. R. Potter et al., $136.
Oliver, Isidor—A. Kaufman, $418.
Probst, Albert—J. L. Rosenberg, $181.
Reynolds, Thomas L.—M. H. Pollitzer et al., $327.
Rudiks, Rudolph, (not summoned,) et al.—American Woolen Co. of N. Y., $2,889.
Redmond, Rita—L. Byron, $299.
Reinig, Annie A. G.—B. Levy et al., $261.
Rost, Otto F., et al.—W. H. Black, $208.
Stack, John G.—National Casket Co., $201.
Siegel, Gustav—V. Lowenstein Gambrinus Brewery Co., $525.
Seaman, Louis De W.—G. T. McQuade, costs, $132.
Torbert, Edward T.—Sinclair Realty Co., $539.
Same—Same, $264.
Tropeano, Joseph, et al.—R. Bellini, $111.
Van Nice, Charles E. (not summoned,) and Ella W.—J. J. Caffel, $184.
Weyrich, Rudolph, (not summoned,) et al.—M. Englander, $403.
Wily, Arthur S.—M. Rothenberger, $108.
Weiss, Samuel—M. H. Cohen, $207.
Cerra Realty and Construction Co.—A. W. De Long & Co., $1,403.
Estate of Norman L. Munroe et al.—R. Thedford, $114.
C. K. Gray Construction Co.—D. H. McLaury Marble Co., $5,226.
White Plains Bread and Cake Bakery—Crandall-Pettee Co., $204.
Lex Press—M. C. Hunter, $878.
Sewall & Alden—Renault Freres Selling Branch, Inc., $2,061.
Fuller-Burr Co.—H. Schramm, $246.
First American Alcohol Varnish Works—Standard Varnish Works, $164.
Crow Motor Car Co. et al.—W. H. Black et al., $206.
Stonage Plaster Co.—W. W. Searing, $497.
N. Y. Westchester & Boston Ry. Co.—E. Thacher et al., $64,594.
Broadway & Forty-third Street Building Co. et al.—D. H. McLaury Marble Co., $5,093.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Binner Realty Co.—Sustem Co., June 8, 1911, $170.
Barry, M. Therem Cotes—S. M. Campbell, Nov. 3, 1902, $6,263.
Bove, Michael J.—India Wharf Brewing Co., Feb. 11, 1905, $614.
Clark, Charles W.—E. R. Dick, March 28, 1906, $32,004.
D'Angelo, Louis—W. R. Koller, Sept. 28, 1910, $1,746.
Durant, Jeanette L.—M. Strusziert, Sept. 18, 1910, $134.
Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank—R. Paolucci, May 18, 1911, $132.
Gewirtz, Louis, and Louis Jacobs—S. Rabinowitz, May 17, 1911, $1,662.
Hasbrouck Piano Co.—Williamson Piano Co., April 21, 1911, $118.
Hudson, George C.—Republic Rubber Co. of N. Y., May 19, 1911, $249.
Hutcheson, Carrie P.—K. A. Brennan, April 21, 1911, $350.
Kehoe, George—B. H. Foss, March 11, 1910, $106.
Luckes, Gus—Twelfth Ward Bank, Feb. 16, 1910, $116.
Luckes, Gus; Giuseppe Lecurto and Ignazio Lizzo—Twelfth Ward Bank, April 27, 1909, $4,924.
Lehman, Charles F.—J. S. Wise, Jr., Oct. 28, 1908, $1,882.
Mangin, John J.—J. Biegler et al., April 22, 1910, $106.
Rheinlein, Frank, Jr.—Mercantile Finance Co., Nov. 3, 1910, $116.
Seller, Louis and Joseph—Belgium Mirror Co., June 8, 1911, $204.
Stonehill, Carl A. and Sarah, and Gerald L. Stonehill and Rebecca Nussbaum—Lincoln Trust Co., May 19, 1911, $122.
Schwartz & Co.—H. L. M. Weller, April 21, 1911, $159.
Wood, James H.—H. F. Meany, March 4, 1909, $118.
Simons, Leonard W.—T. Allison, Oct. 27, 1908, (vacated,) $110.
Middleton, John A.—Lord & Taylor, June 6, 1911, (vacated,) $199.
Urgo, Francisco—A. Delli Paoli, June 8, 1910, (released,) $421.

POLICE AND FIRE TRANSFERS.

Police Department.

Transfers.—From Telegraph Bureau to precincts indicated—Lieut. Patrick V. Shea, 74th Precinct; Sergeants—T. M. McLoughlin, 61; J. J. MacKenzie, 19; T. P. McNamara, 69; J. S. Davis, 53; Patrolmen—J. Rathgeber, 170; F. G. Lewis, 40; E. C. Coughlin, 152; J. Crough-an, 43.

From precincts indicated to 86th Precinct—Bicycle Sergeants with wheels—M. J. Fitzgerald, 146; P. H. Rice, 28. Bicycle Patrolmen with wheels—F. J. Kear, 28; W. A. Helms, 28; W. Donohue, 28; T. Lynch, 28; W. H. Cannon, 81; L. P. Marshall, 30; J. Michaelson, 61; J. M. Horn, 63; W. Cersey, 63; S. Larkin, 66; W. Cess, 66; D. Simms, 28; J. S. Thorpe, 28; A. Tully, 28; W. Merritt, 31; F. Steinde, 59; J. Gerhardt, 43; A. Knierim, 61; J. W. Washburn, 63; W. Bedell, 63; C. Hunt, 63.

From precincts indicated to C. O. Squad—Patrolmen—J. J. Cooney, 18; W. Ennkl, 43; E. Burns, 26; W. A. Ryan, 30.

Patrolmen—F. A. Creamer, C. O. Squad to 16th Precinct; C. Brethof, C. O. Squad to 60th Precinct; B. Clearly, C. O. Squad to 84th Precinct; F. Van Gelder, Boiler Squad to 31st Precinct.

Dismissed from the force.—Patrolman Patrick F. Cummings, 68th Precinct.

Fire Department.

Promotions—Assistant Foremen to Foremen: Thomas J. McArthur, Engine 82; Edward L. Smith, Engine 24; Patrick Graham, H. and L. 21; Hugo Hampel, Engine 62; Thomas J. Reynolds, Engine 40.

Engineers of Steamer and Firemen First Grade to Assistant Foremen:

Engineers of Steamer—Richard J. Comisky, Engine 207; Charles T. Klein, Engine 60; Peter F. Gleason, Engine 108.

Firemen—Andrew Degnan, H. and L. 38; James J. R. Smith, Engine 100; Peter J. Nolan, H. and L. 1; John H. Kenny, Engine 144; William W. Kelly, Jr., H. and L. 13; James F. O'Connor, H. and L. 60.

Assignments—Foremen: T. J. McArthur, Engine 23; E. L. Smith, Engine 19; P. Graham, H. and L. 23; H. Hampel, H. and L. 103; T. J. Reynolds, Engine 44.

Assistant Foremen—R. J. Comisky, Engine 72; C. T. Klein, Engine 24; P. F. Gleason, Engine 108; A. Degnan, H. and L. 3; J. J. R. Smith, Engine 6; P. J. Nolan, Engine 40; J. T. Kenny, Engine 14; W. F. Kelly, Jr., H. and L. 21; J. F. O'Connor, Engine 18.

Transfers—Chiefs of Battalion: William E. Lawrence, Jr., 39th to 47th Battalion; John Devin No. 2, 47th to 44th Battalion; Owen McKernan, 44th to 39th Battalion.

Foremen: George W. Fillhardt, H. & L. 31 to H. & L. 27; William R. Corcoran, H. & L. 32 to Engine 144; John McLoughlin No. 3, Engine 44 to Engine 64; George Bauer, Engine 23 to H. & L. 31.

Assistant Foremen: M. O'Farrell, H. & L. 8 to Engine 159; P. J. Hurley, Engine 8 to Hose Co. 8; O. Mahoney, Engine 73 to Engine 8; J. J. Bongard, Engine 6 to Engine 109; B. J. Mahoney, Engine 18 to H. & L. 31.

Engineers of Steamer: T. L. Steele, Engine 32 to Engine 205; Hughes, Engine 205 to Engine 307; J. Byrne, Engine 80 to Engine 40; W. C. Thayne, Engine 40 to Engine 80.

Firemen, First Grade: J. P. Scanlon, Engine 23 to Engine 120; G. J. Metzler, Engine 123 to Engine 93; W. J. Brannell, Engine 96 to Engine 123; E. Smith, H. & L. 29 to H. & L. 54; M. A. Murray, H. & L. 78 to H. & L. 56; J. Junior, Engine 80 to Engine 63; W. F. McManus, Engine 18 to Engine 3; F. P. Cox, Engine 137 to Engine 145; T. F. Blaney, H. & L. 28 to Engine 18; J. M. Carr, H. & L. 10 to Engine 83; T. Sheridan No. 2, H. & L. 11 to Engine 31.

Revocation of Detail—Fireman Frederick Murray, Engine 37 to Bureau of Combustibles.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J. Admiralty. 162—Merrill v. Tug Rosella.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Page, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Parbaletides v. Ris. 2—In re Walton Av. 3—Sieburg v. Paddell. 4—Uhlfelder v. Phila. Cos Co. 5—Lynch v. Murphy. 6—Bunner v. Bunner. 7—Loughrey v. Johnson. 8—Berry v. Clark & Co. 9—Same v. Zimmerman. 10—Greene v. Greene. 11—Barson v. Mulligan. 12—Mulligan v. O'Brien. 13—Kimmick v. Hirschbach. 14—McCarthy v. Rossman. 15—Cloyd v. Weinstein. 16—Lawrence v. MacDonald. 17—Caspary v. Foster. 18—Braisted v. Braisted. 19—Rose v. Pollon. 20—Finkelstein v. Lester. 21—Bades v. Stanley. 22—Cirasell v. Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins. 23—Ramsey v. Greenfield. 24—Hobbs v. Atwater. 25—Warscocki v. Old Dominion S S Co. 26—Brancato v. Rodgers. 27—Larkin v. Hedden Const Co. 28—Berry v. Loft Realty Co. 29—Berry v. Manheimer. 30—Lichtenstein v. Davis. 31—Jewell v. Chamberlain. 32—Barney v. Adriance. 33—Reis v. Reis. 34—In re Burton. 35—In re Zimbo. 36—In re Mayer. 37—In re Noll. 38—N Y County Natl Bank v. Hartman. 39—35% Automobile Supply Co. v. Hartford Suspension Co. 40—Brown v. Avalionne. 41—Kneitel v. Kneitel. 42—Stout v. Stout. 43—Essayan v. Essayan. 44—Schuhase v. Schuhase. 45—Am Malting Co v. Clausen. 46—Am Malting Co v. Clausen. 47—In re Emery. 48—Senlitski v. State Realty Co. 49—City of N Y v. Michaelis. 50—Blossom v. Coler. 51—O'Connor v. Feltman. 52—Wagner v. Herriman. 53—Cohen v. Fine. 54—Pendleton v. Louvre Realty Co. 55—Boyle v. Elger. 56—Di Franco v. Di Franco. 57—In re Anchor Curtugating Const Co. 58—Wisch v. Wisch. 59—Albany v. Abelman. 60—Caspary v. Foster. 61—Kupper v. N Y Tel Co. 62—Kearins v. Willis. 63—Damgrock v. Nelson. 64—Meyer v. Anderson. 65—Benedict v. Benedict. 66—Hagemeyer v. Rhinelander. 67—McReynolds v. Mooney. 68—Price v. Pecora. 69—Colt v. Colt. 70—Lapp v. Gluck. 71—Boranon v. Pugh. 72, 73—Furniss v. Furniss. 74—De Kalb v. Dawson. 75—People v. Dutton. 76—Boranon v. Pugh. 77—Avery v. Avery. 78—Gluckman v. Reisler. 79—Bickel v. Solomon. 80—Hunt v. O'Brien. 81—In re Mingle. 82—Smith v. Chapman. 83—Pendleton v. Louvre Realty Co. 84—Cohen v. Cohen.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Erlanger, J.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Bischoff, J.—Motions. Preferred Causes. 2020—Dreeben v. Dreeben. 2354—Mace v. Mace. 2452—Pierce v. Thomas. General Calendar. 818—Rubin v. Bonn. 1961—Hauser v. Hauser. 2541—Rice v. Rice. 2106—Galligan v. Murphy. 2318—Mercantile Nat Bank v. Heinze. 2539—White v. Lunieklin. 2579—Moore v. Moore. 603—Beggs v. Realty Market Exchange. 752—Rice v. Schlater. 2352—Marshall v. Marshall. 1294—O'Dea Trucking & Stable Co v. P T Brown Co. 1876—Regenstein v. Regenstein. 1967—Gannon v. Crawford. 1488—Connelly v. Flannery. 848—Yanow v. Sugiyama. 2497—Kelly v. O'Brien. 1464—Mulcahey v. McKinsey. 918—Rashe v. Rashe. 2337, 2342, 2343—Fenlay v. Kane. 2714—J C Gogert Co v. Spencer. 2721—Gambier v. Gambier. 2752—Feuer v. Feuer. 453—Norment v. Whitman. 1868—Birnbaum v. Moynihan. 682—Holdet v. Pechter. 2690—Tiffany v. Van Buren. 529—Sachs v. Casebeer. 885—Edwards v. Capitol Construction Co. 2309—Hefferman v. Hefferman. 2304—Hefferman v. Hefferman. 671—Heym v. Cahen. 1155—Lennon v. Wilson. 1921—Gulick-Halle Co v. Gulick. 2067—Kleinberger v. Kleinberger. 2832—Latham v. Latham. 209—Watts v. Doull-Miller Co. 2538—Danner v. Equitable Life Assur Soc. 2581—Midtown Const Co v. Hayward. 512—Van Buren v. Van Buren. 607—Huseris v. Cleneguita Securities Co. 1398—Monteforte v. Tomaso Campeilla Soc. 807—Buckman v. Rieser. 750—Jamgochian v. Alaniasse.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—McCall, J.—Criminal Term. Motions. 1, 2—Walter Herbert: Trial calendar. 1—Ernest V Reiss. 2—Joseph Burke.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Davis, J.—Criminal Term. 1—Joseph B Reichman.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Gerard, J. 3720—Kramer v. Jacob. 4188—Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg Co v. Burstein. 3970—People ex rel Curtain v. Thompson. 4339—Stevenson v. Stevenson. 2530—Olcott v. Hallenbe Transatlantic Nav Co. 3071—Schmidt v. Winter. 4435—Heuer v. Green. 4566—B R Thomas Motor Branch Co v. S & V Motor Co. 4482—Chester v. Mason. 4476—14th-and Sparkassa Aadorf v. Schwanhauser. 4512—Donovan v. Lowenstein. 4372—Silverman v. Racino. 4482—Koehm v. Standard Fire Ins Co of N J. 3931—Harms v. Lindheim. 4284—J. F. Smith Co-operative Co, z. Malon.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Platzek, J. 306—Noonan v. Penn R R. 905—Weyman v. D, L & W R R. 312—Lorentzen v. Joline. 1068—Brown v. N Y C & H R R. 816—Stark v. Joline. 278—Ekings v. Erie R R. 174—Noble v. Davis et al. 165—Heller v. Brooklyn Un El R R. 830—Flynn v. Joline. 317—Kopatter v. same. 215—Blascor v. Int R T. 1613—Manica v. same. 279, 280—Terrier v. Whitridge. 364—Flacker v. Hudson & Manh R R. 365—Lovejoy v. same. 325—Berger v. N Y City Ry Co. 823—Goldberg v. Joline. 849—Kennedy v. Whitridge. 252—Swift v. Central Park, N & E R R.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Amend, J. 1543—U S School of Music v. Collier. 1311—McHugh v. Norton. 2061—Feiser v. Mayer. 2085—Tracey v. Oliver & Burr. 2060—Riley v. same. 1926—Falbert v. Guiri. 2242—O'Rourke v. McKesson. 1511—Sullivan v. Bradley Cont Co. 2051—Koeltzen v. Ehret. 154—Kessler v. Pettet. 2165—Bauer v. Newhall. 1295—Helstrom v. Ward. 2114—Woodcock v. Sherry. 1896—Connors v. Galbraith. 2190—Lazarus v. Canno. 4041—Johnson v. Riter-Conley Mfg Co. 2067—Laws v. Miller. 201—Thaw v. Sun P & P Co. 1639—Gatzik v. Goldwater. 1928—Cline v. Fraud. 2082—Peckrass v. Kaplan. 392—O'Connor v. Hairwasser. 1621—Koller v. Am Motorcycle Pub Co. 1800—Brennan v. Port Morris Realty, &c. Co. 5324—Hall v. C Schweinler Press. 1102—Reilly v. 65th St Co. 1805—Berringer v. Frawley. 511—Skinner v. Canavan Bros Co. 812—Healy v. same. 2229—Apothekar v. Edelman. 2192—Dementowicus v. N J Zinc Co. 1796—Asmith v. Carroll. 2306—Campesu v. Penny. 2232—Kurland v. Renault Taxi Service Co. 5378—Freeman v. City of N Y. 2069—Vogel v. Wichtendahl. 2090—Spettel v. Thompson & Starrett & Co. 2407—Cohen v. Meyer. 2117—Kern v. Stoneham. 2246—Rubin v. Wolf. 2248—Schmidt v. Lapenta. 2255—Feldman v. Simon. 2268—Sokaloff v. Godd. 2270—Ematrudo v. Brown. 2271—De Jario v. Wyckoff. Church & Partridge. 2272½—Brisnor v. Weeks. 2274—Durnan v. McAlpin. 2277—Egan v. Iron S B Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Blanchard, J.—536—Arnheld v. Cohen. 1566—Quill v. Cudy. 2081—Gillies v. Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Co. 3097—Moffat v. Dockendorff. 2974—Elite Distributing Co. v. Rotzs. 601—Tweedie Trading Co v. Schmidt. 1016—Haussin v. Dan Talmage's Sons Co. 1363—Delehanty v. Dunne. 299—Carnegie Trust Co v. St. Bridget's R C Church Society. 4578—Farley v. Reichman. 700—Patterson v. Brown. 678—Brown v. Patterson. 1334—Darling v. Mitchell. 1871—Gilsey v. Lancaster. 2670—Berman v. Wilner. 2296—Prince v. Reisler. 2946—Lincoln Trust Co v. Jester. 3652—City of N Y v. Hearst. 2930—Blum v. Loeb.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Motion calendar. Mary E Ryan, Ann E Schneider, Rose A Talty, Henry J McArdle, Joseph B Roffis, James Casey, Beresford Pickhardt, Robert H Arkenburgh, Jr, Bernard Ramm, Caroline C Shirley, Cornelia Hagner, Adolph Holtz, Marie Lutz, Olga Hering, Catherine Carroll, Robert J Fitzgerald, John W Vant, Christopher Wallace, Winifred Dowling, Henry Sicular, Henry E Dewey, John Joseph Donohue, Florence Shalola, Giuseppe Torriert, Thomas E Chapman, Walter Rooney, Mary Kiernan, Mary McMahon, John T Brady, Katherine Gertchen, Lewis Knierim, Catherine Maher, Henrietta Farmer, Charles Petry, William Hamilton, David E Booth, Mary B Bayley, Louis Ettlinger, Jr, William Tillinghast Bull, William Lumsden, James McCauley, Eliza G Lesieur, Samuel W Weiss, Frederick Hess, Elizabeth Bowne, Annie McGlynn, Henrietta Farmer, John B Lesieur, Sarah E Scofield, Simon Sterne, Mary McMahon,

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Special orders May 22 amended: First Lieut. S. Pierce, Coast Artillery Corps, to Fort McDowell, Cal., not later than July 20.

Capt. H. H. Howard, Quartermaster, to Hamilton, Mon., pertaining to inspection of horses.

Capt. M. J. Price, infantry, assigned Department of the Lakes, Organized Militia of Indiana during encampment between June 20 to Sept. 8.

First Lieut. C. B. Hodges, infantry, unassigned, detailed as Professor of Military Science at Louisiana State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College, Baton Rouge, La., effective Sept. 10.

First Lieut. J. P. Kelly, Medical Reserves, from Fort Hamilton, N. Y., upon return of Major L. T. Hess, Medical Corps, to College Park, Md.

Capt. H. H. Howard, Quartermaster, to New Castle, Wyo., pertaining to inspection of horses.

Major A. W. Yates, Quartermaster, will report to Quartermaster General of Army daily until July 1.

Capt. H. B. Winans, Fourth Cavalry, to Fort Leavenworth, about June 26, for special course of instruction.

Brig. Gen. B. M. Weaver, Chief of Coast Artillery, detailed a member of Joint Board of Officers of the Army and Navy, for making report on defenses for the Panama Canal.

Capt. L. W. Morey, cavalry, will report Department of the East for duty as Instructor Organized Militia of Massachusetts during encampment at Essex and Middlesex Counties during July.

Col. F. A. Edwards, cavalry, unassigned, retired, effective Aug. 17.

Promotion of infantry officers: Henry C. Hodges, Jr., from Major to Lieutenant Colonel, May 16; J. H. Wholley, from Captain to Major, May 9, assigned Second Infantry, and P. Murray, from Captain to Major, May 16, assigned Twenty-second Infantry.

Major L. S. Lyon, to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.

Boards of Medical Corps Officers appointed to meet July 10 at places designated for examination of applicants for appointment in the Medical Corps: Ancon, Canal Zone—Lieut. Cols. J. L. Phillips, C. F. Mason, and Major G. E. Cubtree.

Fort Andrews, Mass.—Capt. C. J. Bartlett and First Lieut. H. A. Phillips.

Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind.—Major F. C. Faunleroy and Capt. L. J. Owen.

Fort Crook, Neb.—Major F. A. Dale.

Columbus Barracks, Ohio—Major H. C. Fisher and Capt. J. M. Phalen and A. C. Christie.

Fort Des Moines, Iowa—Capt. J. W. Grissinger.

Fort Jay, N. Y.—Capt. W. R. Eastman and First Lieut. H. Beauwkes.

Jefferson Barracks, Mo.—Major D. C. Howard and Capts. G. V. Rukke and H. C. Pillsbury.

Fort Logan, Col.—Major J. R. Shook and Capts. G. F. Juenemann and C. L. Cole.

Fort Leavenworth, Kan.—Major L. A. Fuller, Capt. W. H. Moncrief, and First Lieut. E. B. Gentry.

Fort McHenry, Md.—Major C. P. Robbins.

Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.—Major W. J. L. Lyster.

Fort Sam Houston—Lieut. Col. A. M. Smith, Major F. M. C. Usher, and First Lieut. J. S. Fox.

Fort Wayne, Mich.—Major G. McD. Van Poole.

Jackson Barracks, La.—Major W. E. Voss.

Fort Porter, N. Y.—Capt. W. R. Davis.

Army Medical Museum Building, Washington, D. C.—Major F. F. Russell and Capts. W. A. Duncan and H. W. Jones.

The Navy.

Commander F. H. Schofield, commissioned a commander in navy from Jan. 29.

Commander C. B. Price, commissioned a commander in navy from March 4.

Lieut. B. H. Green to Asiatic Station.

Lieut. R. A. Abernathy granted leave one month.

Lieut. W. C. Barker, Jr., commissioned a Lieutenant in navy from March 8.

Lieut. J. P. Miller commissioned to Lieutenant in navy from March 4.

Lieuts. O. Bartlett, H. G. Fuller, A. S. Hickey, J. F. Connor, H. F. Emerson, G. E. Lake, A. W. Fitch, F. F. Rogers, and A. A. Gercoion, Jr., (junior,) commissioned Lieutenants, (junior grade,) in navy from Feb. 18.

Ensign J. C. Schefla to the Lamson.

Ensign C. E. Fugh, when discharged treatment Navy Hospital, Mare Island, Cal., to Naval Medical School Hospital, Washington, for treatment.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Scandish and Rocket at Norfolk, Mohawk at Tangier Sound, Birmingham at Port-au-Prince, Dixie at Philadelphia, Yankton at Newport, Vestal at navy yard, New York; Pennsylvania at Bremerton, Burrows and Sterett at Hampton Roads, Georgia at Provincetown, Solace at Tompkinsville, Grayling, Bonita, Narwhal, Salmon, Snapper, Stingray, Tarpon, Castine, and Severen at Gloucester; Castine, Virginia, and Nebraska at Boston; Iowa, Indiana, and Massachusetts at Greenhaven, and Boston at Portland, Ore.

Sailed—Hannibal from Newport News for Portsmouth, N. H.; Delaware from Torquay, England, for Portsmouth, England; Mayflower from Norfolk for Chesapeake Bay, Louisiana, Kansas, New Hampshire, South Carolina, and Cyclops from Cronstadt for Kiel; Prairie from Guantanamo for Philadelphia, Washington, Montana, and Chester from Guantanamo for Hampton Roads; Truxtun and Hopkins from San Diego for Mare Island, Helena from Hankow for Nanking, and Dolphin from Washington for New York.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The following is the weather forecast as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina—Continued unsettled weather Tuesday and Wednesday, with occasional showers; light to moderate variable winds.

Georgia and Florida—Continued unsettled weather Tuesday and Wednesday, with occasional showers; light to moderate variable winds; mostly southerly.

Alabama and Mississippi—Showers Tuesday; Wednesday fair; warmer in northern, showers in southern portions; light to moderate variable winds.

Louisiana—Showers Tuesday; Wednesday fair, except showers in southeast portion; light to moderate variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair Tuesday; except showers in southeast portion; Wednesday fair; moderate variable winds.

Western Texas—Fair Tuesday, except showers in extreme western portion; Wednesday fair, warmer in western portion.

Utah—Unsettled, occasional local showers Tuesday and Wednesday.

Oklahoma, Arkansas, Iowa, Missouri, and Kansas—Fair, warmer Tuesday; Wednesday fair, continued warm.

Indiana and Illinois—Fair Tuesday, warmer in southern portion; Wednesday fair, continued warm; light to moderate variable winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair Tuesday, and Wednesday, continued warm; light to moderate variable winds.

Wisconsin—Fair, continued warm, Tuesday and Wednesday; light to moderate southerly winds.

Minnesota—Fair, continued warm, Tuesday; Wednesday unsettled, probably showers and cooler in northern and western portions; light to moderate southeast winds.

North Dakota—Showers and cooler Tuesday or Tuesday night in western, and Tuesday night or Wednesday in eastern portion; fair Wednesday in western portion.

South Dakota—Fair, continued warm Tuesday; showers and cooler at night or Wednesday.

Nebraska—Fair Tuesday, warmer in eastern and southern portions; Wednesday probably unsettled.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Titche-Goettinger Company, Dallas, Texas; M. Goettinger, cloaks and waists; 46 East Seventeenth Street.

Rubens & Marble, Chicago, Ill.; A. G. Dickenson, representing; Hotel King Edward.

Siegel, H., Company, Boston, Mass.; R. G. Alexander, furniture; Hotel Flanders.

Lamalie & Koch Company, Toledo, Ohio; J. W. Sherer, dress goods and silks; Hotel Cadillac.

Smith-McCord-Townsend Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; W. H. Klepper, manufacturing department; 72 Leonard Street.

Havens & Geddes Company, Indianapolis, Ind.; V. W. Woodward, domestics; 72 Leonard Street.

Jones Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; R. Barnes, cloaks and suits; E. L. Chamberlain, jewelry, leather goods, and silverware; 214 Church Street.

Mayer Brothers, Demopolis, Ala.; L. Metzger, dry goods; 42 Leonard Street.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; F. D. Crawford, hosiery and underwear; Mr. Foote, hosiery and underwear; 115 Worth Street.

Harris-Lipsitz Company, Dallas, Texas; C. H. Rice, furnishing goods; 75 Leonard Street.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; W. E. Crumley, white piece goods; 454 Broome Street.

Wyman, Partridge & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; Mr. Tubbs, piece goods; R. M. Ankeny, hosiery, gloves, underwear, and knit goods; J. H. Hartig, manufacturing department, men's wear; 43 Leonard Street.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, eRading, Penn.; Mr. Kelly, prints and ginghams; J. G. Carmany¼ (raw goods, silks, lining, and velvets; J. F. Custer, jewelry; 2 Walker Street.

Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; Mrs. E. M. Quirk, suits and skirts; Miss N. W. Mc-

Salesman.—Muslin underwear or kindred lines; live, energetic, and hustler; established trade and well known through Middle West; good and strong lines only considered. P 100 Times.

Guide for Buyers.

One line, 12 months, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS A. C. Bonsteman & Co., 949 Broadway.

EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.

Neumann, Stoech & Weingart, 133 5th Av.

MANICURE SUPPLIES.

Lentz-Ha. (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 69 Franklin.

Cloaks, misses' cloaks and suits; J. A. Hudson, cloaks and suits, basement; Thirty-second Street and Broadway.

Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; W. C. Roberts, linens and white goods; 214 Church Street; Hotel Marie Antoinette.

Weidstock, Lubin & Co., Sacramento, Cal.; C. W. Kinghman, waists and petticoats; 366 Broadway.

Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss Beltry, cloaks and suits; F. P. Ford, sporting goods, trunks, and leather goods; 214 Church Street.

Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; D. Harrison, upholstery goods; 450 Broome Street.

Long's, J., Sons, Scranton, Penn.; S. W. Lee, rugs and carpets; 315 Fourth Avenue.

Kaufmann Brothers, Pittsburg, Penn.; J. Baer, boys' clothing and sporting goods; A. C. Moffatt, leather goods, hosiery, and umbrellas; N. Kaufmann, ladies' underwear, infants' wear, and corsets; 200 Fifth Avenue.

McCreery & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; Miss K. Ludden, millinery; 214 Church Street.

Lowenstein, B., & Brothers, Memphis, Tenn.; T. L. Currie, upholstery goods; 48 Leonard Street.

Nugent, B., & Brother Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; M. L. Salomon, clothing; C. T. Ray, furnishing goods, hosiery, and knit underwear; 31 Union Square.

Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; J. O. Moque, rugs and bedding; 104 Fourth Avenue.

Root & McBride Company, Cleveland, Ohio; T. J. Simpson, furs, shawls, and children's coats; 72 Leonard Street.

Sterling-Welsh Company, Cleveland, Ohio; H. L. Van Bibber, carpets, rugs, draperies, and furniture; Hotel Imperial.

Greenberg, B. H., & Son, Houston, Texas; B. H. Greenberg, carpets and furniture; Broadway Central Hotel.

Berg Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; Mrs. R. Crawford, ladies' ready to wear; 225 Fourth Avenue.

Filene's, W., Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; A. C. Smith, infants' and children's dresses and coats, umbrellas, hosiery, knit underwear, and sweaters; Miss F. Lehr, waists, muslin underwear, petticoats, corsets, kimonos, and dressing sacques; C. D. Coppes, women's and misses' coats, suits, and dresses; 4 West Twenty-second Street.

Rosenbaum Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; Miss Browarsky, misses', children's, and women's dresses; 34 Union Square.

Bernheimer Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; J. B. Berke, underwear and waists; I. I. Wolf, clothing; 225 Fourth Avenue.

Fromm & Mandelbaum, Albany, N. Y.; S. Fromm, cloaks and suits; 34 Hermitage.

Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss Brauer, millinery; 214 Church Street; Hotel Grand.

Brandeis, J. L., & Sons, Omaha, Neb.; A. D. Brandeis, dry goods; 660 Broadway.

Crane, F. L., Scranton, Penn.; hats; Hotel Grand.

Long, Jonas, Company, Scranton, Penn.; E. F. Shugard, furnishing goods; 318 Fourth Avenue; Hotel Grand.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Harrisburg, Penn.; F. V. Zug, linens; 2 Walker Street.

Herman Brothers, Lindauer & Co., Nashville, Tenn.; B. Lindauer, dry goods; 48 Leonard Street.

Jones Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; J. M. Arthur, dress goods and silks; 214 Church Street.

Denholm & McKay Company, Worcester, Mass.; L. B. Withstanley, domestics; 2 Walker Street; The Hermitage.

Hudeno, J. L., Company, Detroit, Mich.; H. Rich, furnishing goods; 366 Fourth Avenue.

Young-Quinlan Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; J. A. Lehman, cloaks and suits; 436 Fifth Avenue.

Hochschild, Kohn & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss J. Armstrong, waists; 31 Union Square.

Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; C. M. R. Whitely, linings; Broadway and Thirty-second Street.

Peerless Cloak Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; H. C. Peters, cloaks and suits; Hotel Wolcott.

Alms & Doepke Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; hosiery and gloves, 360 Broadway; Hotel St. Denis.

Jasper Brothers, Worcester, Mass.; B. Jasper, woolens; Hotel Albert.

KOHN Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; L. Kohn, knit underwear and furnishing goods; Hofman House.

Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; A. S. Dalgleish, millinery, 214 Church Street; Hotel Brostell.

Personius, Malone & Gerrich, Elmira, N. Y.; H. W. Personius, dry goods; Hotel Brostell.

Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill.; G. E. Stoll, sporting goods, 438 Broadway; Hotel Brostell.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; M. L. Seidl, furnishing goods, 2 Walker Street; The Breslin.

Snooks, G. M., Company, Wheeling, West Va.; H. D. Hervey, cloaks and suit; Hotel Grand.

Morgan, J. L., Company, Binghamton, N. Y.; G. C. Bliss, gloves, knit goods; Hotel Grand.

SUMMER RESORTS. | SUMMER RESORTS.

1 time per line, 20c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.60. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW YORK.

HOTEL CHAMPLAIN AND COTTAGES

ON LAKE CHAMPLAIN, CLINTON CO., N. Y. OPENS SATURDAY, JULY 1. CONDUCTED ON THE AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.

SITUATED IN A NATURAL PARK OF NEARLY 700 ACRES. FULL LENGTH 18-HOLE GOLF COURSE. BOATING, BATHING, TENNIS, &C. &C. NEW CONCRETE GARAGE, SEPARATE ENTRANCE TO AUTOMOBILE FOYER ON GROUND FLOOR. PRIVATE DRESSING ROOMS FOR AUTOMOBILE PARTIES.

BOTH HOTELS NEW AND OF ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION

MODERN IN ALL THEIR EQUIPMENT. AFFORDING GUESTS EVERY COMFORT, CONVENIENCE AND SAFETY.

FORT WILLIAM HENRY HOTEL

LAKE GEORGE, N. Y. NOW OPEN. Conducted on European Plan Only.

Both hotels reached via the Delaware & Hudson R. R. Fast express trains, with through Pullman service.

For information and booklets address MORTIMER M. KELLY, Manager, 289 5th Ave., New York.

Both hotels located on "Adirondack Trail" and "Iroquois Trail" of the Empire Tours.

NEW YORK—Catskill Mountains. | NEW YORK—Catskill Mountains.

"THE WORLD FAMED VIEW."

Catskill Mountain House

RAILROAD TERMINUS AT HOTEL GROUNDS. ALTITUDE 2,250 FEET.

AUTO GARAGE. FOREST PRESERVE 2,700 ACRES, TWO BEAUTIFUL LAKES. STEAM HEAT.

OPENS JUNE 23. Canoeing, tennis. Powerful searchlight. Its range is 12,000 square miles: A light that casts its rays into five States. Electric lights. Sanitary plumbing.

ORCHESTRA. DANCING EVERY WEEK DAY EVENING.

BALLROOM 65 BY 40 FEET. OAK FLOOR.

PURE WATER FROM A SPRING IN THE MIDST OF A SPRUCE FOREST.

Weekly rates for guests arriving before July 4, $21 and $25.

CHAS. & GEORGE H. BEACH, Managers, - CATSKILL, N. Y.

THE **Catskill Mountains**

noted for picturesque and romantic scenery. The glorious air, the magnificent views and comfortable accommodations are a great attraction in this mountain region which is a paradise for children and a sanitarium for everybody.

THE ULSTER & DELAWARE R. R.

in connection with West Shore Railroad forms the only all rail through car line between New York and all points in this famous mountain region.

The summer time schedule for season of 1911 will go in effect Sunday, June 18th.

An illustrated Summer Book with map of the Catskills and list of hotels and boarding houses will be sent free on receipt of 6 cents postage.

N. A. SIMS, General Passenger Agent, Kingston, N. Y.

Cragsmoor Inn,

Spend the summer in the clouds.

2,000 feet elevation. Highest point near New York. Large private park. Guaranteed milk; no canned vegetables. 42 rooms, with private bath. Easily accessible by motor car. June rate, $15 weekly. Booklet.

R. D. COMPTON, Cragsmoor, N. Y.

HOTEL ST. REGIS

CATSKILL MOUNTAINS

SPECIAL RATES UP TO JULY 4TH. A MAGNIFICENT HIGH-CLASS HOTEL BEAUTIFULLY SITUATED, FACING LARGE LAKE. FACILITIES FOR ALL PLEASURES. INFORMATION: HOTEL ST. REGIS, FLEISCHMANNS STATION, N. Y. No Booklets.

STAMFORD NEW YORK

"Queen of the Catskills"

Elevation 1,800 feet. Cool, dry climate. Pure mountain water. Magnificent scenery. Fishing, golf and baseball grounds; all amusements, all city improvements. Booklets and information of Hotels, Cottages Rented, etc., at 1180 Broadway, New York. L. A. TRIMM, Rep. 'Phone 4748 Mad.

GRAND HOTEL

Catskill Mountains.

Will open for season of 1911, June 28th. Elevation over 3,000 feet. Booklet. For terms apply to Mr. Frank DeWolf, Town and Country Bureau, 289 Fifth Avenue, New York. Telephone 3628 Madison.

NEW YORK—Adirondacks.

PAUL SMITH'S IN THE **ADIRONDACKS**

Osgood & St. Regis Chain of Lakes. Camp cottage, casino, hotel life. Through train service day and night. New York Central lines—Paul Smith's Railway. Direct wire—New York Stock Exchange.

MORLEY'S—Elevation 2,000 feet, hotels, cottages; heart of Adirondacks; overlooking 200,000 acres of forest; 100 Mt. peaks; 3 most beautiful lakes in world; booklet. JOHN A. COLE, Lake Pleasant, Hamilton Co., N. Y. (N. Y. Office, 1,123 Broadway.)

ADIRONDACK INN, Saranadga Park, N. Y., lower Adirondacks; season, $20; altitude 1,000 ft.; orchestra, dancing, golf, tennis, boating, bathing, fishing; booklet and auto map. C. O. Cambella, Mgr. N. Y. Office, 1,123 B'way.

The Mohawk and Cottages, Adirondacks; new hotel building, heated throughout; electric lighted; hot and cold water in each room. C. S. Longstaff, Old Forge, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Lake Champlain.

THE WESTPORT INN

WESTPORT ON LAKE CHAMPLAIN, N. Y. All the Comforts and Amusements of Lake and Mountain Resort. H. P. SMITH, Westport, N. Y.

SUMMER RESORTS. | SUMMER RESORTS.

1 time per line, 20c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.60. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW YORK. | NEW YORK.

The Most Attractive Resort Hotel Immediately Adjacent to New York City

Garden City Hotel

GARDEN CITY, LONG ISLAND

Open Throughout Year

25 minutes from New Penna. Station. A high-class modern hotel, affording Every Comfort and Convenience of the Best Homes and appealing to a refined and exclusive clientele. Golf and other outdoor pastimes may be enjoyed the year around. Fine automobile roads. Near aviation field.

Superior Cuisine—A la Carte Restaurant.

J. J. LANNIN CO., Props. Also GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL, 118 W. 57th St. and 109-121 W. 56th St., NEW YORK CITY

THE **Hotel Nassau**

LONG BEACH, L. I.

A fireproof European plan hotel of the highest standard, situated directly on the finest beach north of Florida, 25 miles from the new Pennsylvania Long Island Station. Telephone 100 Long Beach.

MERRY & BOOMER, Managers

EDGEMERE

Club AMERICA'S MOST SELECT RESORT HOTEL LONG ISLAND EDGEMERE

NOW OPEN.

Only 30 Minutes from New York. Directly on the Ocean. Upon request a representative will call to explain the club feature, &c., or may be seen at HOTEL WOODWARD, (Booking Office,) Broadway at 55th St., New York. T. D. GREEN, MANAGER. Telephone, 5000 Columbus.

VACATION?

"Long Island Resorts" is the book you'll need in making arrangements. It beautifully illustrates and describes the island's attractions, gives list of hotels and boarding houses and their terms. Free at L. I. R. R. ticket offices, 128 Broadway and 5th Ave. and 32d St., N. Y., or will be mailed on receipt of 10c. postage by the Gen'l Pass'r Agent, Long Island R. R., Room 801 Pennsylvania Station, New York.

PROSPECT HOUSE

SHELTER ISLAND HEIGHTS, L. I., N. Y. OPENS JUNE 24. Golf, Tennis, Yachting, Bathing, Garage. Delightful climate. Pure Water. Booklet. New York Office, 1,123 Broadway, corner 25th Street.

LAUREL HOUSE

Patchogue, L. I., Great South Bay.—Modern family hotel; home comforts; large grounds; tennis; fine table; electric lights; $10 up. Booklet.

NEW YORK—Ulster County.

Beautiful gentleman's place and farm; ideal mountain location; bracing climate; 90 miles; modern appointments; large corner rooms; amusements; excellent table; booklet; references; $9, $12. Spindler, Ledgew Falls, Ulster County, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Orange County.

IDLE HOUR INN, MONROE, N. Y. A new high-class resort with cottages. Elevation, 1,000 feet. Opens June 22. Booklet. WM. P. KENNEY, Mgr.

SUMMER RESORTS. | SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW YORK—Saratoga Springs. | NEW YORK—Saratoga Springs.

Everybody Knows Congress Spring Water

This Spring and the beautiful park are now owned by the village of Saratoga Springs. Many other springs are owned by the State of New York.

These wonderful mineral waters are now free.

Health and a real "good time vacation" are waiting for you at

SARATOGA SPRINGS

New York State's Mineral Spring Reservation

There is every indoor and outdoor amusement, carriage and automobile tours, side trips to Lake George and other Adirondack Mountain Resorts.

A free Convention Hall seats 5,000.

Reached via New York Central Lines and Delaware & Hudson R. R.

We will find you a hotel or boarding place, send you literature and complete information. Address Publicity Commission, Room 23, The Arcade, Saratoga Springs, New York.

Grand Union Hotel

Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

OPENS JUNE 24TH

THE social centre of Saratoga life. Largest and finest of Saratoga hotels—in perfect condition for first season under new management. Every out-of-door amusement and recreation. Golf links second to none in the country. Splendid roads for motoring in all directions. Morning and evening concerts by its famous orchestra. Dancing and balls in the spacious ballroom attended by the wealth and fashion of Summer visitors at Saratoga Springs. The most courteous attention given to the wants and comfort of every guest.

Booking Office at Park Avenue Hotel until June 24th.

FRED A. REED, Proprietor. Also Proprietor PARK AVENUE HOTEL, Park Avenue, 32d and 33d Streets, New York City.

The D. & H. Smarter Quicker-Best Line Between NEW YORK—MONTREAL

Through Pullmans to Montreal, the gateway for Ottawa, Quebec, Murray Bay, and other Canadian Resorts, via D. & H. R. R. from Grand Central Station. Direct Connection with Hudson River Steamer Lines.

All Resorts on the D. & H., including Saratoga Springs, Lake George, The Adirondacks, Hotel Champlain, Au Sable Chasm, Cooperstown, Sharon Springs are illustrated in "A SUMMER PARADISE"—6 cents postage. Address A. A. HEARD, G.P.A., Albany, N. Y. New York Information Bureau, 1354 Broadway, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Watkins.

The Glen Springs

In the Heart of the Lake Country, Noted for the most beautiful scenery of Lake, River, and Mountain in America. THE AMERICAN NAUHEIM

A perfectly appointed Hotel, and a completely equipped Mineral Springs Health Resort. The only place in America administering the NAUHEIM BATHS WITH A NATURAL BRINE, for diseases of the Heart and Circulation. Complete hydrotherapeutic, mechanical and electrical equipment for treatment of diseases of the liver and kidneys, gout, rheumatism, neuralgia, obesity, and other chronic diseases. Golf Links, Putting Green, Tennis Courts. For descriptive booklets address WM. B. LEFFINGWELL, President, Watkins, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Thousand Islands.

THE HOTEL FRONTENAC

1000 ISLANDS, ST. LAWRENCE RIVER, N.Y. OPENS JUNE 21ST.

A magnificent Hotel, delightfully situated on an island in the St. Lawrence River. The favorite water for motor boats and boat racing. Fishing, rowing and all aquatic sports. A picturesque nine-hole golf course free to guests of the hotel; clubhouse equipped with swimming pool, shower baths, &c. Tennis and all outdoor sports. Unequalled bass and fresh water fishing near hotel. Address C. G. TRUSSELL, Mgr., Frontenac, N. Y. Also Mgr. Bon Air, Augusta, Ga.

LIVINGSTON INN, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y. Telephone 166. Magnificent location; superb view of Hudson and Palisades. 3 minutes from station. American and European plans. Open air restaurant overlooking Hudson.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

THE REAL COUNTRY

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE

VALHALLA, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y. Sixth season opens June 15th in our beautiful new building, within 45 minutes of 42d St., on Harlem Railroad; capacity, 150; modern conveniences; 70 acres, 500 feet elevation; unsurpassed for health and picturesque surroundings; abundant fresh vegetables; pure dairy products; tennis, euchre, dancing, fishing, garage, carriage for commuters; only 19 minutes from station; rates, $16 and up for season; send for booklet. C. R. ELENIS, Manager.

NEW YORK—Fisher's Island.

MANSION HOUSE

COTTAGES AND BUNGALOWS

FISHER'S ISLAND, N. Y., OFF NEW LONDON, CONN. NOW OPEN.

Always cool; seashore and country. Sound and ocean. Bathing, boating, fishing, golf tennis, riding, driving. Rooms en suite, with bath. Cottages for housekeeping or housekeeping. Write for booklet. Wm. F. Ingold, Mgr., 'Phone 2608 Madison Square, 16 West 25th St., N. Y., Hotel Arlington, F. O. Fisher's Island, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Lake George.

ON LAKE GEORGE

The Sagamore Hotel

June-October

The Resort Beautiful

T. E. Krumbhaar, Sagamore, N. Y. Also Hotel Montclair, Montclair, N. J.

NEW YORK—Putnam County.

FOREST HOUSE AT INTERLAKEN

LAKE MAHOPAC, N. Y.

A modern family hotel, delightfully located in private park, fronting on two lakes; acres of lawns and shade trees; two miles of private walks, beautiful mountain scenery and high altitude; fifty miles from New York; select patronage. Booklet on application. Now open.

DEAN HOUSE Lake Mahopac, Putnam Co., N. Y.

Old Summer Resort, pleasantly located, commodious lawns running to lake; fine shade trees; perfectly healthy. Booklet sent on application. E. E. DEAN, Proprietor.

NEW YORK—Cooperstown.

COOPERSTOWN, N. Y., on Otsego Lake. The most delightful inland resort.

PENNSYLVANIA—Delaware Water Gap.

THE HOTEL WITH THE COOLEST LOCATION

THE KITTATINNY

DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.

Leading Hotel. Capacity 500. Every convenience. Large Airy rooms en suite with private baths and running water. Own farm and dairies. Bell Phone 92. Telegraph Office. Orchestra, Dancing, Golf, Tennis, Bowling, Billiards, Boating, Bathing, Fishing, Canoeing on Hotel grounds. Livery, Garage, Saddle horses. Booklet of views and Auto maps on application. Special June, July and season rates. American plan. CAFE and GRILL. G. FRANK COPE.

WATER GAP HOUSE

THE MOUNTAIN PARADISE, DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.

Now open. Acknowledged to be unquestionably the finest hotel in this region for those who desire the best in appointment, cuisine, service, comfort, and location. Every indoor entertainment and outdoor pastime. Special early season rates. Write for booklet of beautiful scenic views and auto maps. Fifth season. JOHN PURDY COPE.

Delaware Water Gap, Mount Pocono, Stroudsburg, Cresco, Pocono Summit, Famous Summer Resorts. Information at 1183 Broadway, New York City, and 505 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

PENNSYLVANIA—Shawnee-on-Delaware.

BUCKWOOD INN

(FIREPROOF)

SHAWNEE-ON-DELAWARE, PA.

The new fireproof hotel near Delaware Water Gap, built and constructed with a view of entertaining a discriminating clientele.

CHAMPIONSHIP GOLF, GARAGE.

Under personal direction of HARRINGTON MILLS.

PENNSYLVANIA—Pike County.

Elevation 1,000 feet. Capacity 250.

FOREST PARK HOTEL

FOREST PARK, PIKE COUNTY, PA.

ON FOREST LAKE

"The Adirondacks of Penna."

9¼ HOURS FROM NEW YORK. AUTO SERVICE TO HOTEL. BATHING—BOATING—FISHING. TENNIS—BASEBALL—MUSIC—CAFE. Rooms with bath—Bachelor's rates. Owner's Management. Booklet. Auto Map. ARTHUR LEDERER, 87 BROADWAY. Tel. Rector—2360.

PENNSYLVANIA—Devon.

DEVON INN, DEVON, PA.

One of the most magnificent hotels in the country; 50 acres park; golf, tennis, polo, &c.; elegant rooms, with bath, if desired; table and cuisine highest class; large orchestra; frequent dances; special inducements for young people; booklet; 2½ hours from New York.

PENNSYLVANIA—Mt. Pocono.

MT. PLEASANT HOUSE.

Finest location on Pocono Mts.; steam heat, baths. Special early season rate, $15 up. Write for handsomely illustrated booklet. W. F. & H. M. Lach, Mt. Pocono, Pa.

THE BELMONT Modern hotel. Steam heat. Baths. Gas. Booklet. J. T. CORNISH.

PENNSYLVANIA—Canadensis.

NEW SPRUCE CABIN INN—Where you can catch trout. Rooms en suite and with bath. Booklet. Cresco Station, D., L. & W. R. R. W. J. & M. D. PRICE, Canadensis, Pa.

CANADA.

ROYAL MUSKOKA HOTEL, LAKE ROSSEAU, CANADA, HIGHLANDS OF ONTARIO.

A modern hotel, delightfully situated on an island in Lake Rosseau. Every outdoor amusement, including Golf, Tennis, Boating, Bathing, Fishing, Lawn Bowling. Open June 24th to Sept. 30th, 1911. For Booklet and Special June and July rate address L. W. MAXSON, Mgr.

ALGONQUIN HOTEL

Stanley Island, Ontario, on the St. Lawrence River; first class, modern hotel; perfect water arrangements; good bathing; excellent fishing; telephone and daily mail, and easy of access; no hay fever; New York references. For booklet and rates, address J. B. Duquette, Cornwall, Ontario.

SUMMER RESORTS. | SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—West End. | NEW JERSEY—West End.

Beautiful Hollywood Park

Just South of Hollywood Lake (WEST END, N. J.)

LIBERAL TERMS. Prices on application. Apply to your own Broker or to

FINEST LOCATION on Jersey Coast, on rising ground, directly south and overlooking Hollywood Lake, new tapestry brick and concrete houses; also two frame cottages, all with open fireplaces. Park-like grounds. No mosquitoes.

¶ The late John A. McCall's Shadow Lawn and the superb Guggenheim Mansion are in the immediate section.

HOLLYWOOD PARK, 71 Broadway, Room 1012, New York or Brighton Ave. at R. R. Crossing, West End, N. J. Write for Booklet "S."

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City. | NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

ATLANTIC CITY

NEW JERSEY

With its eleven miles of famous Boardwalk skirting the Ocean, is the only place in which to spend the summer days. Leading hotels always open.

TRAYMORE, CHALFONTE, GALEN HALL, HADDON HALL.

Marlborough-Blenheim

(CAPACITY 1,200)

The leading resort house of America. Particularly attractive during Atlantic City's Great Summer Season, JUNE, JULY, AUGUST AND SEPT. 400 private baths, each supplied with hot and cold sea water. Exquisite music is a feature. White service in both American and European Dining Rooms. JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

HOTEL DENNIS

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

The new fireproof addition is a model for comfort and convenience. The entire house now offers 300 guest rooms, each of which is connected with private bath or has running water. Hotel Dennis is one of the Best Fireproof Hotels still maintaining an unobstructed ocean view. WALTER J. BUZBY.

SPEND THE 4TH OF JULY HOLIDAYS Where You Are Sure to be Comfortable.

HOTEL MONTICELLO

A Hotel of Refinement and Homelike Comfort. Splendid location, Kentucky Ave., near Beach. Catering to a high-class patronage exclusively. All modern conveniences. 50 rooms with bath. Capacity 500. Table and service exceptionally good. $3.00 up daily; $12.50 up weekly; American plan. Write for illus. folder. A. C. EKHOLM.

HOTEL RUDOLF

Full block ocean front. One of the largest and leading hotels. Hot and cold sea baths; private and public. Magnificent verandas, overlooking the sea. Orchestra. Early season rates. No extra charge for use of baths. Always open. Booklet. A. S. RUDOLPH, Mgr. JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.

GRAND ATLANTIC

Virginia Av., Near Beach, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

Rooms en suite, with hot and cold sea water baths. Elevator from street level. $2.50 daily and up. $12.50 and up weekly. Capacity, 500. Coach meets all trains. Booklet. COOPER & LEEDS, Owners and Proprietors.

FREE Guide of ATLANTIC CITY

Handsomely Illustrated Official Hotel Street and Amusement Guide Book, with maps, city and R. R. timetables, etc. Free for the asking. Write today. Inclose stamp. PUBLIC SERVICE ASSOCIATION, Atlantic City, N. J.

HOTEL ABSECON

Virginia Av., Near Steel Pier, Atlantic City. Fireproof. Private baths. Running water in rooms. American and European plans. Elevator from street level. Special rates and booklet on application. O. D. PAINTER.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Ave. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator; porches, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly. $2.50 up daily. Booklet. SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

NEW HOTEL MERION

Vermont Ave., Close to Beach. Newly built brick; fireproof. A charming place for particular people. A. T. MURPHY, Mgr. MACK LATZ & CO.

HOTEL LE LANDE

Ocean and Massachusetts Ave., Atlantic City, N. J. Unobstructed ocean view. Elevator. Steam heat. Special Spring rates. Jacob D. Hawk.

HOTEL JACKSON,

OCEAN END VIRGINIA AVE. American and European plans. Music. Open all year. J. H. GORMLEY.

**MILL

Another Chance

¶ Losers of valuable articles who have advertised in vain will have another opportunity to give the story of their loss widespread publicity in the Lost and Found Review, in The New York Times, Sunday, July 9th, 1911.

¶ This Review is for the benefit of all who have lost some valued belonging during the last twelve months and failed to recover it.

¶ Send advertisements early, marked for publication in the Lost and Found Review of The New York Times July 9th, 1911, at the usual rate, 30 cents per line. Count seven words to a line.

Lost

25c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—GOLD CONCAVE CIGARETTE CASE ENGRAVED WITH DRAGON AND INSCRIPTION "VIVAT VERITAS," THURSDAY OR FRIDAY LAST; REWARD. TREVOR, 507 BROADWAY.

LOST.—Stairs from Erie Station, Hudson Tubes, lady's gold watch, diamond, ruby swan on back, "S. De W." on front, baby's picture inner case; reward. James De Wolf, 14 Park Place.

LOST.—Diamond bar pin, 16 diamonds in platinum, 5th Av. bus, West 86th St. to 5th and 88th. Liberal reward. T. R. Fell, 37 West 86th St.

LOST—Jewel bag, containing scroll pin, two diamonds, neck chain with three amethysts; several other small things; reward. 49 Halsey St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Saturday, American League Park to Hotel Knickerbocker, seal purse, considerable money; liberal reward. A. B. Fisher, 454 Hamilton Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOST.—Locket, with small diamond. Finder will be rewarded. Return to Lyceum Club, 158 West 45th St.

LOST.—Thursday, bar pin, sapphire and diamond cluster. Reward. H. S. Dinkelspiel, 815 West 99th St.

LOST—Hat box, containing three ladies' hats, two white and black, one purple; liberal reward. Apartment 82, 508 West 114th.

LOST—Ring with two diamonds and pearl in centre in toilet room of new City Library; $50 reward. 44 West 73d St.

LOST—Friday, wallet containing papers; $10 reward for return to Frank J. Valenti, 1,531 Broadway.

LOST—Sunday night, lady's ring, opal surrounded with diamonds; suitable reward paid; no questions asked. Address P 101 Times.

LOST—Blue silk umbrella at West 42d St. Ferry Sunday; reward. P 95 Times.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

50c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Sunday, French bull, brindle and white spot on chest; answering to name of Jimmie Togo. Return 620 West 122d St., Apartment 66. Reward. Lost between 122d St. and Riverside Drive.

LOST—Cat, large gelded Maltese, male, old; was fat; wore collar marked "Benedict." 115 East 61st. Reward for return $5.

LOST—June 18, Amsterdam Av., near 110th St., fox terrier, collar with blue stone; New Jersey tax. Reward. 511 West 113th St.

Found

25c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, June 17 and 18—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO., HUDSON TUBES. Apply 127 Christopher St.: Watch, music stand, package, blue print, chain, vest, collar, hose, parasol, 2 hats, coat, handkerchief and money, book, gloves, umbrella.

FOUND—One dollar on 115th St., between Amsterdam and Morningside. E. L. T., 1,264 Amsterdam Av.

FOUND, June 17 and 18.—THE INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply Lost Property Room, 9 Morris Street. 2D AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, spectacles, purse, gloves, corsets, hat, sneakers, overalls, bag, napkins, coat, shirt, &c.; underwear, jacket. 3D AV. ELEVATED—Umbrellas, (6.) brooch, handbags, cases, satchel, wristbag, purses, spectacles, book, timetables, music, gloves, odd glove, keys, overalls, hats, shirts, underwear, raincoats, cloth, cloth, collar, socks, medicine, music stand, groceries. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—Satchel, 2 canes, 7 umbrellas, purses, eyeglasses, stickpin, pin, book, gloves, odd glove, towel, shirt, jumper, overcoat, bathing suit, sheeting, muffler, shirts, circular, brush, coat, papers, overalls, &c.; slippers, milk, coffee, knife, ale, insulators, powder, knife, cross, buckle, socket. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, handbag, purse, gloves, views, book, socks, shirt, apron, underwear, clothes, hat, key. SUBWAY—8 umbrellas, suitcase, spectacles, bag, handbag, cape, photos, postcards, type paper, books, gloves, necktie, hats, cap, shirt, &c., apron, collars, vest, shoes, knives, powder, &c., chloride of lime, armature.

FOUND, June 19.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 53d St. and 7th Av. Pullman Trains on the 17th—Cup and spoon, toilet bag, pajamas, purse, pajama coat, raincoat, razor, mesh bag, umbrella. Pullman Trains on the 18th—Three umbrellas, memorandum book, rubbers, shaving set, set of photos. Trains on the 17th—Cup, glove; valise, 2 bags, 1 glove. 2 Backages, Long Island train: pocketbook, lavatory; pin, waiting room.

FOUND, June 19.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Straw hat, lady's brown handbag, leggings and pair of rubbers were package of three white pairs of pants, white gloves, roll, two umbrellas, pocketbook, package of iron rods.

FOUND, June 19.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J. Articles turned in on the 17th—Liberty St. Ferry—Box of cigars, coat. 23d St. Ferry on the 17th—Package of potatoes. 11th, Liberty St. Ferry—Hat; 19th, pair of eyeglasses. Sandy Hook Route on the 17th—Raincoat, package, two umbrellas, straw hat, pair of gloves.

FOUND, June 19.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Commutation ticket, watch, lady's hat, package, purse, raincoat, umbrella.

FOUND, June 19.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Three umbrellas.

FOUND, June 19.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Four umbrellas, three coats, five packages.

FOUND, June 19.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Package, lady's umbrella, cardcase, umbrella, handbag. Lehigh Valley R. R.—Pair of gloves.

Business Opportunities

50c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

American gentleman now in Australia will transact business there requiring personal attention; strictly confidential; commissions; references. Address Sidney, P 13 Times.

Job printing and newspaper plant for sale; fully equipped; must be sold by July 1; good reasons for selling; correspondence solicited. Address Fairfield Printing Co., Fairfield, Conn.

Garage for sale, near Columbus Circle; capacity 80 cars. Roberts & Hepburn, 43 Wall.

Business Notices

50c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Wouldn't it please you if you could get from 1,000 to 100,000 or more typewritten copies of a letter and have every one of them look like a real typewritten letter? No heavy edges or heavy sheet lines. That is the kind of work we do. Try us. We operate and sell printographs. Nothing better. Printograph Sales Co., 320 Broadway, N. Y.

RENT A TYPEWRITER.
YOU CAN NOW RENT A VISIBLE-WRITING ROYAL STANDARD TYPEWRITER FOR $2.75 A MONTH (with table $3.00). ALL MACHINES GUARANTEED PERFECT IN EVERY WAY, PROMPT DELIVERIES. TELEPHONE 794 FRANKLIN. ROYAL TYPEWRITER CO., 354 B'WAY.

Debts and claims of every description collected on percentage. Adams Mercantile Agency, Suite 522, 150 Nassau St.

Pianos and Organs

50c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

Player piano music rolls and cabinet; hardly used; can be seen any morning. Address T Box 68 Times.

Player piano, 88 note; standard make; bench, music; sell at sacrifice, 316 West 42d St.

Country Board

25c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Long Island.

ROCKAWAY PARK, 40 Second Avenue.—Cool, newly furnished rooms with balconies overlooking the ocean; excellent board reasonable; for select people only.

HOTEL PASADENA,
Rockaway Beach, Grove Av., ocean front, Hollands Station. Leading family hotel. Terms reasonable. Special rates for families.

SEA CLIFF HOTEL, SEA CLIFF, L. I. Under new management; convenient to town; overlooking Sound; excellent table; 300 rooms; rates very moderate. Write for particulars.

HOTEL BELVEDERE, Far Rockaway, L. I.—Select house, shaded lawn, near beach; reasonable rates; same management since 1904. 'Phone 546. S. J. Campbell.

Bensonhurst.—Board; overlooking ocean; bathing; rooms reasonable to refined people. Conway, 8,779 Bay Parkway.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY, Staple-Chase House, 2,219 Emmons Av.; permanent guests; transients; fine table; on water.

PLAZA PARK HOTEL, Sea Cliff, L. I.; first-class service; bathing and fishing.

New York State.

EDGEHILL INN, SPUYTEN-DUYVIL-ON-HUDSON.—A comfortable, homelike Summer and Winter place, with accommodations of the very best for a few guests; unusual facilities for riding, tennis, and other outdoor life; suites with private bath; preference given to permanent guests; particulars on application. Address Mary E. Huntington.

Overlooking Hudson River for 31 miles from high, healthy, hilltop; refined adults can obtain board, $10 upward; hour out; mile to station. Post Office Box 133 Ossining, N. Y.

SUGAR LOAF, Orange County, N. Y.—Beautiful mountain scenery, large shady lawns; modern conveniences; no children. Palmer.

Montrose Inn, Montrose N. Y.—Summer retreat; when ready to take your vacation write and get particulars. Noel B. Polvent.

Boarders wanted on a farm; fresh milk and eggs; those who want quiet and rest. Mrs. O. McCafferty, Medusa, N. Y.

New Jersey.

BEACH HOUSE.

Sea Girt, N. J., directly on beach; electric lights, telephones; white help; superb table; grill for autoists; ladies' orchestra; adjacent State encampment; June 15. WILLIAM NEIL, late with GEORGE C. BOLDT.

Plainfield, N. J.—Quiet Summer home for commuters; modern, private house; excellent board; pure water, and comfortable rooms. 602 Madison Av.

New England.

REST CURE.—Four rooms to let, with board, (gentlemen preferred,) in beautiful camp; all modern improvements; situated in New Hampshire woods, on shore of large lake; good fishing; pure spring water; excellent table; garage; an ideal place for rest. Address Camp Katherine, East Wakefield, N. H.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

MODEL.—For showroom; size 36; must be experienced, stylish, and up-to-date. Apply 384 Fifth Av.

STENOGRAPHER who contemplates teaching shorthand and would be willing to assist in Brooklyn commercial school during vacation for a short experience. L 230 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—Young lady bookkeeper; single entry and a good correspondent. Apply Bablove & Bahn, 34 West 17th St.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A Big Opening For Right Party.—Suburban real estate proposition; inducement to the right party. Box G, 230 Times Downtown.

BOY.—In the office of a large manufacturing concern, a Christian boy to do general office work. Address in own handwriting, stating age, salary expected, etc., A. & H., Times Downtown.

HONEST MEN to sell nursery stock; experience unnecessary; salary or commission weekly. Address North Jersey Nurseries, Newark, N. J.

OFFICE BOY.—Gentile, bright, honest. Call between 9 and 10 A. M., Tuesday, Room 1,104, 1,170 Broadway.

SALESMAN to sell Waltham watches on installments; $1 down, $1 weekly; big money; experience unnecessary. United Watch Co., 154 Nassau St.

SALESMEN (2) wanted; over 25, of good education and address, for out of town work; permanent employment. Schuman Co., 155 5th Av.

SILK RIBBON SALESMAN.—EXPERIENCED PREFERRED; LIBERAL COMMISSION. G 229 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

TAILOR WANTED to open new corner shop opposite school. Write to Tyndall, Waldwick, N. J.

UMBRELLAS.—Wanted experienced stock clerk at Elizabeth factory; steady employment; only one with experience need apply. Arnold, Schiff & Co., 94-96 5th Av., N. Y.

WANTED.—Energetic man acquainted with New York and vicinity, in grocery, delicatessen, and kindred trades; large weekly advances; state qualifications. P 93 Times.

WANTED.—College men to begin in stockroom; excellent opportunity; state age and salary expected. Address by letter only to Allen Agency, 45 West 34th Street.

WANTED.—Young man about 20 years of age for clerical position; good writer; salary, $30 monthly. Address T. B. O., Box 1,548, City.

Agents Wanted

50c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

SELLING AGENTS WANTED.—BIG LINE BRAND NEW HOUSEHOLD CONVENIENCES; LIBERAL PROFITS. EASTERN SPECIALTY CO., 63 BARCLAY ST., N. Y.

Help Wanted
Employment Bureaus

50c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ENTRY CLERK.—Manufacturing line; experienced; $14.
STENOGRAPHER.—$10 to $12; good beginners, $8, $10.
TYPEWRITER.—Rapid, $10.
OFFICE ASSISTANT, $10.
BOOKKEEPER, $15; LEDGER CLERK, $14.
BOYS, (3.)—Office, errands, &c.; $5 to $6.
Also other good positions open to-day.
EMPLOYERS' REFERENCE SERVICE, 144 West 23d St.

Domestic.

A. A. HOFMAYER, 320 5th Av.; telephone 4527—Madison Square. Agency for superior domestic help.

SECRETARY for club; $75 month; social qualifications. Mrs. Pillsbury Agency, 507 5th Av.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typist, somewhat experienced; bright, energetic; excellent references; not afraid of hard work. B., 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double-entry; nine years' experience; desires position with cloak and suit manufacturer; best references from last employer. P. 102 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, good knowledge stenography; moderate salary; best references. Stenographer, 59 Delancey St.

CHAMBERMAID, WAITRESS.—Lady closing house permanently desires position for refined English girl as chambermaid and waitress; free to enter position June 27; best personal references; city or country; can be seen present employer's all day. 130 East 61st St.

COOK, WAITRESS, and MAID.—A lady going abroad wants to place cook, waitress, and maid. Address 271 5th Av.

COOK.—Coarse washing, chambermaid, waitress; two women, sisters; Protestants; country. "L," 163 East 125th St.

HERE IS A WOMAN, past middle age, who is in need of a position; has been an expert manicurist and hairdresser, but she is willing to accept anything that will afford her a living; the nature of the work is not so important as the fact that she must obtain employment immediately; has good references and is a church member. F 92 Times.

I WANT position for Summer or longer, where I can have daughter with me; experienced housekeeper; splendid cook; private family, or institution; can operate typewriter; write shorthand; best references. Mrs. Robinson, 606 Grove St., Elmira.

LADY LEAVING TOWN wishes to find position for excellent Swiss maid and seamstress; speaks French only; can be seen to-day at 223 West 76th St.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

SCHOOL TEACHERS with sufficient personality for organization work among mothers; good-paying position during the Summer months in the States of Maine, Vermont, and Mass; write fully, stating experience. P 103 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Well-trained beginner; perhaps possesses more intelligence than the ordinary stenographer seeking permanency; $7; college education. Christian, 220 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; bright beginner; familiar with office details and all kinds of dictation; energetic. 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn; 'phone 660 East New York.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; has executive ability; good education; competent; reliable; best references; $15. K 202 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, understands general office work; accurate; references; $12. L 205 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER throughly competent; desires to change; can furnish excellent references; salary $16. G 225 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six months' experience; Eagan Business School graduate; references. L 228 Times Downtown.

VACUUM CLEANING, carpets on the floor, in your home, by the hour or day; best references. Brodnax, 12 West 135th St. Telephone 3283—Harlem.

WAITRESS.—Lady leaving town wishes to get situation for her waitress. Call, 53 West 35th St.

WANTED.—By a reliable, elderly nurse to take full charge of infant; country preferred; good references. Call two days, 224 East 57th St.; Kilkenny's bell.

YOUNG LADY, formerly private secretary to one prominent in theatrical line, seeks position in similar line with opportunities for advancement. Can produce best of references as to character and ability. P 96 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, Normal College graduate, experienced stenographer, desires stenographic work few evenings during week; has own machine. L 210 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR.
Any Work, Special or Periodical.
C. A. PEIRCE.
20 Maiden Lane, Room 6. 'Phone 3117 River.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.
All branches of work.
Moderate charges.
Room 501, 320 Broadway. 'Phone Worth 1819.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2239—Stuyvesant.

AN ATTORNEY with many years successful experience in adjusting and collecting delinquent and disputed accounts seeks salaried position with large concern in like capacity; credentials and proofs of ability. Expert 229, Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, German-American; 22; well educated; six years' experience; wants position with large banking or manufacturing concern; all-round bank man; last two years with treasury department large corporation; would like position as private secretary or confidential man; salary, $18; references or interview. L 226 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, or clerical worker, 18; experienced; moderate salary. L 224 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Expert accountant, writes up, balances books, regular intervals. Strickland, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced; foreign and American makes; thoroughly competent to handle any position. Chauffeur, 247 Amsterdam Avenue, City.

CHAUFFEUR-Machinist; 25; city or country; experienced; careful driver; sober; references. Address L. P., 1,570 Broadway.

COLUMBIA LAW STUDENT DESIRES POsition, tutor, companion, Summer camp; athletics; experience; good references. P 99 Times.

FRENCH CHEF, thoroughly competent, wishes position with private family or hotel, club; reference last 6 years; present employer going abroad. Chaudovard, care W. Guggenheimer, Port Washington, L. I.

GARDENER, experienced, with chauffeur's license, wishes position on country place; best references. Fritz, 319 West 38th St.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, bookkeeper (29); had 12 years' business training; experienced in executive capacity; moderate salary to start; exceptional references. P 94 Times.

VACUUM CLEANING, carpets on the floor, in your home, by the hour or day; best references. Brodnax, 12 West 135th St. Telephone 3283—Harlem.

YOUNG MAN (31), seeks position; has had experience as rodman, junior draftsman, and office assistant; two years' technical education. L 225 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, energetic; 4 years' business experience; desires position with advancement. L 227 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted
Employment Bureaus

50c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers
BOOKKEEPERS, Office Service Co. (Agency)
STENOGRAPHERS, 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John

Domestic.

BOND $1,000.—OLD DOMINION AGENCY, 88 West 134th.—Guarantee A1 colored help. 1119 —Harlem.

COMPETENT HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 90th. 'Phone 1538 Riverside.

HANDY MAN in garage, for washing machines and generally useful. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

HELP.—Select colored help furnished; city, country. Middlesex Employment Agency, 81 West 132d St. 6370—Harlem.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want place, small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORK.—Competent, reliable; good reference; city or country; $25. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

SHEPHERD AGENCY, 107 West 135d St.; telephone 6918 Morningside.—Domestic help furnished; male, female; references.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished, large, small rooms; excellent board; table guests accommodated; references.

5TH AV., 47.—Large and small rooms, private baths; transient and table guests.

7TH AV., 2,052, (123d St.)—Airy rooms, home cooking; well-kept house. 'Phone 4108 Morningside.

16TH ST., 31 WEST.—Well furnished double and single rooms with hot, cold running water, bath; superior table; telephone; $8 up; references.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms, private bath; table guests; exclusive.

48TH ST., 67 WEST.—Large and small rooms; every convenience; Summer rates; excellent table.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large and small rooms; table guests; references.

68TH ST., 58 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room, private bath; near Park; Summer rates; electric light.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Large, cool rooms; gentlemen preferred; fine location; excellent table; also parlor floor.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Cool, comfortable rooms; private baths; superior table; Summer rates; telephone; references.

70TH ST., 52 WEST.—Nicely furnished, cool rooms; parlor dining; Southern cooking; excellent table; convenient.

72D ST., 150 WEST.—Two large front rooms; also hall room; parlor dining room; references.

72D ST., 102 WEST.—Attractive rooms; fine meals; table guests; Jewish; Subway, "L"; Summer rates.

72D, 25 WEST.—Desirable, cool rooms; between Broadway, West End; private family; Subway; reference.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large, small rooms; 'phone; "L," Subway express; references.

74TH, 181 WEST.—Sixteenth year; Summer rates; rooms, parlor dining; references.

76TH ST., 259 WEST.—Newly furnished single, double rooms, private bath; parlor dining; excellent table; table guests; Summer rates; telephone; Christiana.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

76TH ST., 108 WEST.—Opportunity secure large, comfortable room; first-class board. 'Phone 7862 Schuyler.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table guests; transients accommodated.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references required.

76TH ST., 105 WEST.—Rooms; board; table guests; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 129 WEST.—Large, small rooms; running water; excellent table; $7 up.

76TH ST., 236-238 WEST.—Desirable rooms; Summer rates; Subway; 'phone; references.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Rooms, with board; parlor dining room; table guests; Summer rates; telephone.

79TH, 106 WEST.—Attractive large and single rooms, baths; excellent table optional; shaded street.

80TH ST., 141-3 WEST.—Cool parlor floor; private bath; front room; Summer rates; references.

81ST, 118 WEST.—Delightful double and single rooms; convenient transportation; Summer rates; table guests.

81ST ST., 128 WEST.—In refined Jewish home, first-class room, board; table guests accommodated.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; private bath; Summer rates; parlor dining room; references.

82D ST., 112 WEST.—Large, airy rooms, private bath; excellent cooking; special Summer rates.

90-92 WEST 92D.
Newly furnished; electric light; private baths; telephone.

91ST ST., 34 WEST.—Cool rooms, handsomely furnished; every convenience; telephone; near park; superior board.

93D ST., 122 WEST, (near "L" station.)—Desirable room, all conveniences, good board; references.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Large rooms, home comforts; table boarders accommodated; references. Telephone 7442—Riverside.

104TH, 19 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent board; refined surroundings; telephone; table guests.

104TH, 83 WEST.—Large and small rooms; refined atmosphere; table boarders; excellent home table.

107TH ST., 220 WEST.—Well-furnished, pleasant room, with board, with private family; high-class elevator apartment; telephone; references; Christians. Hughes.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Delightfully situated; large rooms overlooking Columbia; private baths; table guests.

117TH ST., 407 WEST.—Large room, private bath; excellent table; Broadway Subway; telephone Morningside—8136.

118TH, 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking daintily served; Summer rates.

122D ST., 620 WEST.—Ideal location; large, small room; delicious cooking; table guests. Apartment 2.

130TH, 250 WEST.—Desirable second-floor room to let; board optional; table boarders taken.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Desirable rooms; lavatory, all conveniences, telephone; references; Summer rates; table guests.

145TH, 412 WEST.—One large, one small room; quiet, refined house; home cooking; under new management; Summer rates; references; table guests.

149TH, 544 WEST.—Famous Riverside Drive and Hudson River nearby; coolest, healthiest, prettiest section; pleasant rooms; good home board; surprisingly low rates; large porch and garden rear of buildings; better than country. Telephone every room.

155TH ST. SUBWAY, Washington Heights.—Room overlooking Hudson; elevator apartment; dining room; telephone 203 Audubon.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, 600 West 160th St.—Can accommodate a couple appreciating high-class home, with large, cool room; two closets; private bath. Field.

A.—WAVERLEY PLACE, 105.—Elegantly furnished room, with private bath; with or without meals.

East Side.

18TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; telephone.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, (opposite Stuyvesant Park.)—Single rooms; table guests accommodated; transients; telephone.

21ST ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Cheerful rooms, excellent table; Summer rates; park privilege.

63D ST., 23 EAST (corner 604 and 606 Madison Av.)—Suites, private bath; single rooms; excellent board, optional; one block Park; Summer prices.

80TH ST., 40 EAST (corner Madison Av.)—Fine rooms; elevator; excellent board, optional; Summer prices.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; exceptionally good board; telephone.

Brooklyn.

MONROE PLACE, 1, (Corner Clark St.)—Large front parlor, elegantly furnished; exceptionally clean; excellent table; few minutes from Subway and Bridge.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 37.—Cool rooms, private baths; with or without board; transients.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house, charming suite or single; delightfully cool; every convenience; references.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Very large room, with alcove, second floor; modern conveniences; telephone.

9TH ST., 89 WEST.—Medium and single rooms, running water; first-class accommodations; telephone.

11TH ST., 35 WEST.—Refined surroundings, beautiful front parlor; running water; phone; reference required.

20TH ST., 350 WEST.—Cool, handsomely furnished, clean rooms; hot, cold water; bath; telephone.

22D ST., 437 WEST.—Large, cool, newly furnished parlor; running water, piano; special terms; 2 or 3 gentlemen.

23D ST., 431 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished double, single rooms; telephone; private house.

26TH ST., 38 WEST.—Exceptional house; large, small rooms; adjoining bath; references required.

30TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable hall room; large closet; bath; private house; phone.

36TH ST., 51 WEST.—Large and small rooms, centrally located; telephone; reasonable.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Rooms, large and small, comfortable and well furnished; board optional.

42D ST., 342 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms, private baths; light housekeeping; moderate prices. Raith.

52D ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant large and small rooms; private bath; all conveniences; breakfast; telephone; references.

72D ST., 224 WEST.—Large room; running water; small room connecting next to bath; prices reasonable. Maynard.

86TH, 230½ WEST.—Large, small, absolutely clean, airy rooms; porcelain bath; telephone; $3-$5.

64TH ST., 164 WEST.—Large, cool room, adjoining bath, suitable two; piano, telephone; Summer rates.

65TH ST., 59 WEST.—Front room, elevator apartment; telephone; running water; bath adjoining; $5. Hart.

66TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH, 106 WEST.—Cool, comfortable, attractive, well screened rooms; every comfort and convenience; American family; Summer rates; meals optional; telephone; references.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large room; private bath; electric light; telephone; Summer rates.

70TH ST., 307 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; running water, telephone; private house; gentlemen only.

72D ST., 122 WEST.—Large, airy rooms, with private baths; board optional; high-class accommodations.

72D ST., 177 WEST.—Two desirable rooms; private family; breakfast if desired; references; telephone.

72D ST., 126 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished room; quiet, refined surroundings; meals optional; references.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

75TH ST., 58 WEST.—Boston lady opening central exclusive home will rent elegantly furnished, large front room; improvements; telephone; moderate terms; references.

75TH ST., 104 WEST.—High-class large, airy rooms; large closets; all modern improvements; telephone.

76TH ST., 123 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, cool rooms in refined neighborhood; telephone; references; Summer rates.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Large second-story room; also physician's office; private house; reasonable. 7065 Schuyler.

78TH, 114 WEST.—Large second-floor room; bath adjoining; also single, with running water; breezy.

82D ST., 138 WEST.—Private family would rent beautifully furnished suite very reasonable. Telephone.

83D ST., 311 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room; electric light; telephone; private residence.

87TH ST., 178 WEST.—Refined home; two large, cool rooms; running water. Bruns.

89TH ST., 174 WEST.—Bedroom and sitting room; one or two women; references. Janitor.

95TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, well furnished, pleasant room; private bath; also smaller room.

95TH, 50 WEST.—Rooms, separate or en suite; only few accommodated; breakfast optional; references.

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive single room; near parks, Subway, "L," expresses; breakfast optional. Scott.

97TH ST., WEST, (near Central Park.)—Private residence; entire floor; with absolutely private bath, also small room; very reasonable; references; telephone 3002—Riverside.

97TH, 143 WEST.—Large, cool room, closets, running water, all improvements; convenient elevated, Subway.

100D, 216 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Unusually large, cool, corner room; 'phone; private family. Carroll.

103D ST., 216 WEST.—Comfortable, cool room, bath, $5.50; private family. Apartment 2.

107TH, 210 WEST.—Bright outside room; beautifully furnished; high-class elevator apartment; references. Gurnee.

112TH ST., 504 WEST, Cathedral Heights.—Front suite; single, double rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity. Cooke.

125TH ST., 553 WEST.—Large, cool room, $6 a week; gentleman. Apartment 61.

134TH ST., 528 WEST.—Large, cool room; private home; fine locality; opposite Columbia; all conveniences; Summer rates.

138TH ST, 419 WEST, Morningside Heights.—Attractive front suite; southern exposure; small rooms. Jenkins.

138TH ST., 414 WEST.—Large front room, southerly room, small room, kitchen; transients accommodated. Smith.

138TH, 430 WEST, (Columbia College neighborhood.)—Large and small light, cool rooms; elevator. Robinson.

148TH ST., 423 WEST.—Near Subway; two large, airy rooms and kitchenette; beautiful views; dining room in house.

149TH ST., 420 WEST.—Outside rooms, beautiful view; telephone; dining room; Summer prices. Apartment 21.

151ST ST., 170 WEST.—Cool corner, newly furnished; conveniences; telephone; Summer rates, $3-$5. Hungerford.

122D ST., 500 WEST.—Cool, outside room; modern elevator apartment; Summer rates; board optional. Miller.

122D, 540 WEST, nurses' Broadway.—Attractive, outside room; kitchen if desired; references. Apartment 21.

137TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large rooms; parlor, piano, telephone; every convenience; Subway, elevated; Summer prices.

138TH ST., 636 WEST.—Cool, airy room, southern exposure; breakfast optional; telephone; Subway, Summer rates.

139TH ST., 515 WEST.—Attractive outside room, private family; homelike; reasonable, right party; telephone. Burton.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 327.—Handsomely furnished room, 23d St., opposite Park, reasonable Summer months. Stone.

FREEDOM OF COUNTRY! Spacious rooms, large beds; cool breezes from Hudson; transients, permanent; 150 Claremont Av., opposite Grant's Tomb. Apartment 53.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—First-class apartment hotel; elegant rooms, single, en suite; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; beautiful dining room; home cooking.

STUDIO.—Living room; cool; centrally located; every convenience for refined lady. P 66 Times.

ATTRACTIVE, comfortable front room; facing Broadway; one flight; high-class house. P 97 Times.

CONVENT AV., 425, (148th St.) Washington Heights.—Large, small rooms; telephone; private house; breakfast; convenient.

East Side.

11TH ST., 25 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences.

35TH ST., 16 EAST.
Large, small rooms; Summer rates; transients.

40TH ST., 5 EAST, (278, 276 Madison.)—Elegant double, single rooms; private bath; kitchenette; 'phone.

44TH ST., 21 EAST.—Large, desirable rooms, bath; private house; convenient to clubs; reference.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath; single room; breakfast optional; select house; references.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Large and small rooms; gentlemen; references.

54TH ST., 15 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Summer rates; select neighborhood; board optional. Telephone 4917—Plaza.

64TH ST., 154 EAST, (corner house.)—Newly furnished rooms; hot and cold water, bath.

65TH ST., 302 EAST.—Single, double rooms, light housekeeping, $2.50 up.

1,—76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attractive rooms; ideal Summer location; board optional; Summer rates.

86TH ST., 53 EAST.—Large and small rooms; board, if desired; near Central Park.

IRVING PLACE, 71.
Large and small rooms, private bath; $3.50 up.

LEXINGTON AV., 618.—Rooms, large and small; basin, bath adjoining. Cliff.

Brooklyn.

A NEW ENGLAND WOMAN has fine, cool, newly renovated rooms, overlooking water, for men, with and without private bath; instantaneous hot-water supply; convenient to Wall St., Subway, and Bridge; popular prices. 3 Montague Terrace.

HEIGHTS, 11 MONTAGUE TERRACE.—Water view; most accessible locality; convenient to Subway and Wall St.; large, single rooms.

Country Houses to Let, Furnished

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

To rent, furnished, for the season, gentleman's Summer home at Noroton, Conn., opposite Collender's Point; 600 feet water front; sea wall; shingle beach; six acres land; house has six bedrooms, bath, and toilet; servants' quarters in carriage house; pure artesian water; telephone, electric lights. Apply John H. Shipman, Tel. 3230 Melrose, 150th St. and East River.

At a great bargain, due to lateness of season, most comfortable house and grounds at Riverdale-on-Hudson, for Summer only. Admirable for family of business or professional man; combines country restfulness with proximity to town; splendid facilities for recreation. Telephone 248 Kingsbridge.

To Rent—Furnished cottage, eight sleeping rooms, three baths; situated on the Shrewsbury River; 5 minutes from Monmouth Beach; stable and garage accommodations. For further particulars apply to Mrs. Walter Patten, Long Branch, N. J.

For the season, new bungalows, handsomely furnished; six rooms, toilet, lavatory, telephone, 100 foot veranda, beach, three sided view, bathing, boating, fishing, piano; $400 and $325. Address E. A. Foote, Reed's Point, Stonington, Conn.

Attractive country place; ten-room house; simply furnished, all improvements; beautiful grounds and shade; garden; good transportation service. Clapp, Haworth, N.

WALTHAM WATCH

If you would make your watch a lasting investment—buy a Waltham adjusted to temperature and five positions.

Any Jeweler will supply you

"It's Time You Owned a Waltham."

Send for descriptive booklet.

WALTHAM WATCH CO. Waltham, Mass.

It is hard to "see through" the price of the

TRADE Emperor MARK

GOLD LABEL SHIRT

Few can understand how so much value can be given for $1. But there's no trick—just skill. Emperor Gold Label colorings are as unfading, bright and "crisp" as the exclusive patterns they present.

RED LABEL EMPEROR SHIRTS $1.50 UP

Phillips-Jones Co., 502-504 Broadway, N. Y.

Enjoyable Smartness in

SMART SET

A Magazine of Cleverness

for July

The smartness of wit and humor, happy satire and clever fiction. The smartness that appeals to folks who are intellectually smart themselves, or who are clever enough to appreciate cleverness.

Not a cause espoused nor an outrage aired. Just pure, delightful entertainment from cover to cover.

The July Smart set, with its rich new dress and brilliant contents, amply fulfills the prediction that its NEW OWNER, formerly a publisher of Everybody's, would make this magazine smarter than ever.

Don't pass the newsstand without getting your copy.

JOHN ADAMS THAYER CORPORATION

LONDON NEW YORK PARIS

TRADE E&W. MARK

and Red-Man Collars have

Strapped Seams

They set and wear as no other collars can. Our shirts are stamped with trade mark and name. We do not use labels.

EARL & WILSON.

Graywood—2 for 25c

WE DUPLICATE YOUR GLASSES quickly and accurately without the prescription.

We do all our repair work in shops on our premises.

Best Crystal Lenses, 50c.

Special Lenses Proportionately Low.

J. Ehrlich & Sons

Oculists' Opticians

223 Sixth Av., 15th St. 217 B'way, Astor House

250 Sixth Av., 22d St. 101 Nassau — Ann St.

17 West 42d—Bet. 5th & 6th Avs., New York

503 Fulton St., Cor. Bond St., Brooklyn.

F. CHAUVENET'S

Red Cap

The Natural RED SPARKLING BURGUNDY of FRANCE

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It takes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra bank and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. This is why knowing housewives always demand it.

BANKER TESTIFIES AGAINST REICHMANN

Bradley Martin, Jr., Tells of Carnegie Trust Liabilities That Were Not Reported On.

DEFENSE FIGHTING HARD

Overruled on Technical Objections to the Indictment—Witness Tells of Unauthorized Drafts.

Two of the counts on which the District Attorney hopes to obtain the conviction of Joseph B. Reichmann, ex-President of the Carnegie Trust Company, accused of making false statements to the State Banking Department, were gone into yesterday in the criminal branch of the Supreme Court before Justice Davis. The people seemed to have completed their testimony with regard to the allegation that Mr. Reichmann swore that on Aug. 21 the Carnegie Trust had no contingent liabilities, as Bradley Martin, Jr., President of the Nineteenth Ward Bank, gave full particulars of certain notes his institution held on that date under the guarantee of the trust company. Some progress was also made with the contention that there were check-kiting transactions in connection with out-of-town drafts.

Mr. Reichmann seemed to be much amused with the endeavors of the State to draw from his former clerks admissions in reference to the regular routine of the office that might injure him, and made several comments to Stephen C. Baldwin, his attorney of record.

At the beginning of yesterday's session Assistant District Attorney Clark resumed his opening of the case for the people. He dealt with the kite-checking charges and followed the alleged adventures of a sum of $36,000.

"We will show you," he said, "that on Oct. 5 the defendant owed $35,000, and to offset it he deposited a draft drawn by John Cudahy for $49,000 on the Merchants and Manufacturers' Securities Company, of which the defendant was President. This was taken up on Oct. 8 and made good by a check of W. P. Weaver. These so-called drafts were really only money loaned by the Carnegie Trust Company."

Mr. Clark went into detail about a number of transactions in which the Vita Colorado Mining and Smelting Company, the Platt Iron Works, or the Merchants and Manufacturers' Securities Company, all known as Cummins concerns, were benefited.

"These transactions," he assured the jury, "were fictitious. The fact that some real money was used to take up the drafts does not alter the fact, as the Carnegie Trust Company sent the money by which the drafts were taken up to the institutions on which they were drawn. We shall show you these transactions and then ask you if the defendant as President of the Carnegie Trust Company could help having full knowledge of them."

The first witness called was John D. Moriarity, chief clerk of the State Banking Department. The defense put no objection in the way of his testimony as to the charter of the company, but after that fought hard the whole day through, and Mr. Clark was often in difficulties with the objections which Mr. Baldwin and Mr. Stanchfield raised to his questions.

The first objection was raised by Mr. Stanchfield to a question dealing with the report made by the Carnegie Trust on Sept. 8 of the state of business at the close of Aug. 31. It was not one of the regular semi-annual reports counsel declared. District Attorney Whitman pointed out that the trust company's charter was amended so as to empower the department to call for reports whenever it wished, and the court overruled the objection.

Then the report was put in evidence, and it appeared that it was not signed by any one. The defendant had signed the verification but not the actual document. This caused Mr. Stanchfield to urge that as there was no mention of the verification in the indictment no offense had been committed, but again, after half an hour's argument, he was overruled.

Philip J. Josey, Jr., a public notary, in the face of further objection, testified to administering the oath to Mr. Reichmann when he signed the verification, and Peter M. Shippey, an employe of the Banking Department, was also interrupted frequently by the defense as he spoke of writing to order the Carnegie Trust Company to make the Sept. 8 report.

After luncheon it was conceded that Mr. Reichmann had been President of the trust company from Dec. 29, 1909, to Oct. 10, 1910, but the defense pursued the same fighting tactics all the afternoon. Bradley Martin, Jr., was called to the stand, and told freely about two notes for $25,000 each signed by William Knabe and E. J. Knabe, which he found in the possession of the Nineteenth Ward Bank when he took charge of it on Feb. 1, 1910. They were renewed for four months on March 14.

"Did you have any conversation with the defendant about them?" he was asked.

"He asked me to renew the notes, and said that the Carnegie Trust Company would guarantee them."

With the notes a written guarantee from the Carnegie Trust, and also the minutes of the Directors of the trust company authorizing the giving of the guarantee were produced in evidence.

The notes were protested on July 14 and the collateral sold for $20,560, so that on Aug. 31, the date of the report, there was still due $20,440 with accrued interest. To bring out that Mr. Reichmann must have been aware of these notes Mr. Martin mentioned that he had told the defendant that he had seen William J. Cummins about them, and he had requested the Nineteenth Ward Bank to do nothing about them till Sept. 1. It also appeared that on Aug. 31 the cashier of the bank had written to the trust company sending it the two notes, and Mr. Reichmann, in a letter put in evidence, replied that the matter should receive his immediate attention.

Other notes in the possession of the Nineteenth Ward Bank, but guaranteed by the Carnegie Trust Company on Aug. 31, the date on which Mr. Reichmann reported that there were no contingent liabilities, were a note of T. W. Chapman for $5,000, a note of John Cudahy for $50,000, and of F. Ludlow, syndicate manager, for $47,000.

Cross-examined by Mr. Baldwin, Mr. Martin stated that he had known Mr. Reichmann for two years, and that when he became President of the Nineteenth Ward Bank he found it in close touch with the Carnegie Trust Company, the Twelfth Ward Bank, and the Madison Trust Company.

Q.—Mr. Hutchins, the Chief Bank Examiner, was in close touch with your institution? A.—Yes, he often gave me counsel and advice.

Q.—Did you have anything to do with the preparation of your report to the department on Aug. 31, 1910? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Did you verify the report? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—So you took the word of your associates as to its correctness? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Is that the usual way among bankers?

District Attorney Whitman threw in an objection, and after the witness had stated that the Knabe notes had been originally in the Carnegie Trust Company and Mr. Reichmann found them left him as a legacy by his predecessor, Mr. Dickinson, he was allowed to go.

John P. McGrath, note teller of the Nineteenth Ward Bank, corroborated Mr. Martin as to the amount owed on notes by the Carnegie Trust on Aug. 31, 1910, and then E. L. P. Ball, auditor of the trust company, was sworn. With him Mr. Clark began to go into the alleged check kiting episodes by means of out-of-town drafts, and he obtained information from Mr. Ball as to the methods of handling these drafts. Mr. Ball's memory was treacherous, and something seemed to appeal to Mr. Reichmann's sense of humor.

The witness stated that he called the attention of Mr. Reichmann to anything of special interest in the out-of-town drafts, but could not say what accounts he had thus reported or whether they were on the Cummins concerns. Neither could he give particulars on the charging of interest on out-of-town drafts, and he was equally unable to answer when Mr. Clark wished him to particularize the companies which had their drafts paid by checks on the Carnegie Trust Company.

Robert L. Smith, Vice President of the Carnegie Trust Company, in whose charge were the out-of-town drafts, declared that he could not specify any drafts which had been handled in the institution in any but the routine fashion.

"Were there accounts regarding which you gave directions that the drafts were to be handled in a special manner?" Mr. Clark asked.

"There were, but I don't recall the names."

Mr. Clark suggested the names of several Cummins concerns, but the witness did not admit that these were the ones he had referred to. He said he had the discretion of permitting depositors to draw immediately against out-of-town drafts, but Mr. Reichmann's initials on a check would have as much virtue as his own.

The routine in connection with these out-of-town drafts was explained by Charles Webb, the third teller of the Carnegie Trust Company. In the ordinary way he sent out a regular form to the out-of-town banks, but in the case of certain concerns he was instructed to put the advices in an envelope and send them down to the Vice President's desk.

After refreshing his memory from a memorandum he gave the names of several Cummins companies as those whose advices of drafts on them were not mailed by him. There were numerous out-of-town banks, he stated, the letters of which he was not permitted to open.

It was asserted by Mr. Clark in his opening that it would be shown that some of the fictitious out-of-town drafts were never sent out of the Carnegie Trust Company's offices but were dealt with there.

Robert Pringle of Chicago was the last witness of the day, and was asked about drafts against him by the Merchants and Manufacturers' Securities Company. He knew Mr. Reichmann, but he denied that he had authorized the draft for $25,000 to be made against him on Aug. 31 or $37,500 on Aug. 4. He did not owe the company either of these sums on the dates specified.

Mr. Pringle's examination will be resumed this morning at 10:30 o'clock.

CARNEGIE TRUST RELIEF.

Court Allows It to Intervene in Robin Bankruptcy Proceedings.

Judge Hand signed an order in the United States District Court yesterday permitting the Carnegie Trust Company to intervene in the bankruptcy petition signed last January by Joseph G. Robin. It is a creditor for the $178,900 balance on three notes made by Robin, which aggregate $230,900, and a draft of $43,000.

These notes were made in June, July, and October last year. The draft was given to the Northern Bank by Robin on Dec. 17, a little over a week before it failed. In order to induce the Carnegie Trust Company to pay this draft Robin delivered to it a draft of equal value on the Atlantic National Bank of Providence, R. I., made by the Bankers' Realty Security Company, which was practically J. G. Robin, Incorporated. The Carnegie Trust Company paid the draft to the Northern Bank, but the Atlantic National Bank refused to pay that drawn against it.

The Carnegie Trust Company has sold all the collateral it received for these three notes for only $95,000.

WILD NEGRO ON SUBWAY TRAIN

Brushes Passengers Aside and Challenges All to Shoot Craps.

Passengers in a northbound Bronx Park express were alarmed by a young colored man who, as the train drew out of the Seventy-second Street station, rushed through from the rear car, where he had been quietly sitting, to the head end, brushing forcibly aside all those in his way. He did not attempt to injure any one, but took possession of a cross seat in the front car, on which he mounted, shouting and brandishing his arms, defying any one to come and shoot "craps" with him.

The Subway officials telephoned ahead for a policeman to meet the train at 149th Street and Third Avenue, but when a policeman from the Alexander Avenue Station got there the train had left. From here the Subway is elevated, and as the train went along the motorman blew a police alarm on his whistle. It was heard by Policeman Faber of the Morrisania Station, who boarded the train at Prospect Avenue.

He had little difficulty in persuading the negro, who gave his name as William Green of 122 West 135th Street, to go with him, promising to take him to a gambling house. This turned out to be the Morrisania Station. Here Dr. Benjamin of Lebanon Hospital found him suffering from acute mania. He was removed to Lincoln Hospital, to be transferred in the morning to the Psychopathic ward at Bellevue for observation.

SAYS DELAY KILLED WOMAN.

Crump Insists That Mrs. Jensen Be Taken to Hospital—Police Arrest Him.

Mrs. Anna Jensen, a widow, 63 years of age, died in the Brooklyn Hospital yesterday after accidentally falling from a Putnam Avenue car at Fulton and Bond Streets Sunday night. In connection with this incident, Walter Crump, a salesman, 30 years old, of 233 Duffield Street, had an argument for delaying, as he asserted, the removal of the woman to the hospital. Crump was arrested charged with disorderly conduct. Magistrate Geismar, in the Adams Street Court yesterday, paroled him for examination on Wednesday.

Crump was very much incensed at the treatment he received at the hands of the police, and he said last night that he would write a letter to the Mayor calling his attention to the case. He said that it was fully three-quarters of an hour after the woman was injured before she was taken to the hospital, and that it was owing principally to his persistence that this was finally done. He declared that her life might have been saved if the police had acted promptly.

Mrs. Jensen lived at 45 Bond Street. As she was getting off the car she fell, striking her head on the pavement. She appeared dazed, but Sergt. West and Policeman Rhodes of the Adams Street Station did not believe she was seriously injured. It was at her request, they say, that they assisted her home. A Brooklyn Rapid Transit Inspector went along with them.

Crump happened to pass along the street at the time, and the woman appeared to him to be seriously injured. West said he arrested Crump because he interfered with him while he was trying to do his duty. The Sergeant further declared that Crump used abusive and threatening language.

SUICIDE ON OCEAN PIER.

Retired Merchant Seeks Lonely Spot at Atlantic City and Shoots Himself.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 19.—Henry Hendricks, a wealthy retired business man, formerly of Philadelphia, shot himself in the right temple while standing alone on the second deck of the Ocean Pier shortly after noon to-day. He was 63 years old and leaves a wife, a daughter, and two sons.

Mr. Hendricks was formerly a member of the firm of Weiser & Hendricks, merchant tailors, on Walnut Street, Philadelphia. He retired a few years ago and came to Atlantic City and purchased a home on South California Avenue. He had been drinking heavily of late, and it is believed his rash act to-day was the outcome.

Hendricks had never owned a pistol, but went to-day and bought a new one and a box of cartridges. He walked calmly down to the boardwalk, smoking a cigar, paid his admission to the pier, and walked to the end. There is a big second deck there, from which visitors look down upon the net hauls. Nobody was there at the time. Hendricks loaded his revolver, placed the muzzle close to his right temple, and fired. He was dead when picked up.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss
1:02—191 East 3d St.; Sarah Aronofsky	$10
4:50—452 West 48th St.; John Ryan	None
9:00—53 Suffolk St.; Hester Gustsoff	$50
9:15—Delancey St.; Pauline Tansky	Trifling
9:52—854 and 856 Union Av.; Samuel Carlson	$1,000
11:05—95 Wall St.; Moses & Bressbauer	$50
P. M.	
12:05—1824 St. between Beaumont and Cambreling Avs.; City of N. Y.	$60
12:16—50 Pike St.; Abraham Fayatsitz	$25
12:15—188 East 99th St.; Annie Scarpo	None
1:40—950 West 125th St.; Margaret Kurnin	Trifling
2:10—717 5th St.; Henry Dick	None
2:40—419 East 100th St.; Simon & Co	$100
6:40—661 Broadway; —— Kalischer	$5,000
8:50—1,102 Union Av.; S. Simon	$10

MOXIE Is The Best Drink For You In Hot Weather

SOLD WHEREVER YOU SEE A MOXIE SIGN

Millions of people, including thousands of physicians and their families, drank Moxie last year! Why? Because—the demand for a mild tonic has become almost universal, and in this class Moxie leads.

The sanitary conditions under which Moxie is prepared appeal to particular people. All who drink Moxie say they eat better, sleep better and feel better because they use it.

FOLIES BERGERE 46th St. B'way. Restaurant, 6 P. M. to 1 A. M.—8:15, Revues & Ballet—11 to 1 A. M., Cabaret Show, 10 Acts.

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Eves. 8:15. Mat. To-m'w 50c to $1.50. Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe, THE PINK LADY

HENRY W. SAVAGE offers "EXCUSE ME" AT THE GAIETY 46th St. & B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Sat. 2:30. ENJOYABLE AS A DIP IN THE OCEAN.

JARDIN DE PARIS ATOP THE N. Y. THEATRE. NEXT MONDAY. Best Seats Thursday. ZIEGFELD (Real) FOLLIES OF 1911

Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way. 46th St. TO-NIGHT at 8:15. L'AIGLON. To-morrow (Wed.) Mat. MADAME X. Wednesday Night. CAMILLE. Mrs. SARAH BERNHARDT BEGINNING THURSDAY NIGHT. VALESKA SURATT in THE RED ROSE. New Musical Comedy. Seats Now.

GEO. COHAN'S Theatre. B'way, 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Sat. GET RICH QUICK WALLINGFORD 300th TIME TO-NIGHT.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS.

CASINO B'way & 39th. Evs. 8:20. Prices 50c. to $2 $1.50 Mat. To-morrow 2:30. Phenomenally Brilliant Star Revival of Gilbert & Sullivan's Comic Opera PINAFORE Owing to Enormous Success, Engagement Extended TWO WEEKS—Till July 8.

Lew Fields' Herald Sq. B'way & 35th St. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow 2:15. A COUNTRY GIRL with JOHN SLAVIN.

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. $1.50 Mat. To-m'w 2:30. HENRY W. SAVAGE Offers EVERYWOMAN (Her Pilgrimage in Quest of Love.) ONCE SEEN, NEVER FORGOTTEN.

39th STREET THEA., 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Last 2 Weeks. $1.50 Mat. Tu'w JOHN MASON in Augustus Thomas' best play, AS A MAN THINKS.

WINTER GARDEN Mats. Thurs. & Sat. Gertrude Hoffmann announces Season of Russian Ballets.

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK Opposite W. 130th St. Ferry. Fireworks Thursday.

ROOF GARDEN AMERICAN THEATRE 42d, W. of Broadway. 8:15 P. M. 25 & 50c. All Seats Reserved. 12:30 to 11:30 P. M. Mats. 10-15; Nights 10-15-25c. 12 Big Vaudeville Acts. Continuous Vaudeville.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE, 23 St. & 8 Ave. MAT. DAILY 10, 20, 30c. CORSE PAYTON'S STOCK CO. in For Her Children's Sake

HAMMERSTEIN'S 434 St.-B'way. ROOF & SUFFRAGETTE FARM. 17 BIG FEATURE ACTS. Daily Matinee in Theatre.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC 16, 20 & 30c. ST. ELMO

COLUMBIA BURLESQUE. Pop Mat. To-day 15, 25. B'way & 47th 50c. Eve. & Sat. Mat. 25-81. Smoking.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

THE NEW BRIGHTON Daily Matin. 25c. Ocean Parkway, Brighton Beach. BIG ANNIVERSARY SHOW 13 ACTS Nat M. Wills, La Titcomb, Valerie Bergere & Co., Barnes & Crawford, Kate Elinore & Sam Williams, Bert Coote & Co., Diero, Hart's Six Steppers, Valentine & Bell, Boxing Kangaroo, De Vole Trio, others.

STEEPLECHASE Coney's Fireproof Funny Place. A Tremendous Widefield of Merriment. Take Iron Steamboats direct to Steeplechase Park.

IRVING PLACE 15 St. Tonight, Fan Fan La Tulipe. Thurs., Boccaccio. Fri., Testimonial, Miss Bruno. Fan Fan La Tulipe.

GRAND ITALIAN Comic Opera Co.

5th Ave. B'way, 28th St. Daily Mat., 25 & 50c. TRULY SHAFTOCK, AVON COMBY & EMMETT DEVOY & CO., others.

ORPHEUM Brooklyn. Mat. Daily, 25c. OLD TIMERS' FESTIVAL 10 Never Fading Stars of Variety.

Huyler's Chocolats La Vogue

This most unique package, filled with specially selected Chocolates, makes "CHOCOLATS LA VOGUE" an unusually appropriate Bon Voyage or Gift Box.

Sold at all Huyler's Stores, and orders taken at all Sales Agencies for prompt delivery aboard any steamer.

Price $1.50 delivered.

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.

Men's Department Store Middlemen's Profit Saved

Tan Low Shoes

$2.97 & $3.98

Why Pay $5.00 and $6.00 Elsewhere? On New Straight Flat English Lasts. Save Half on These "Samples" at $1.95 and $2.60 regularly $3.50 and $4.00. White Yacht Shoes, $1.49 with heavy rubber soles. Dress Pumps, $2.50 in gun metal, calf and patent leather.

INSTANT AID FOR THE DEAF

The Electrophone in use—almost invisible.

Write or call to-day and get our Electrophone on 30 DAYS' HOME TRIAL. It is a tiny but powerful electrical device, a truly wonderful little instrument perfected to such a degree that many deaf people can now hear the faintest sound and enjoy all the pleasures of church, public speaking or ordinary conversation. It magnifies sound—greatly improves the natural hearing—carries in the ear and leaves both hands free.

STOLZ ELECTROPHONE CO. 759 Marbridge Bldg., Broadway & 34th St., New York City.

Eade's GOUT Pills

Instantly Relieves GOUT, RHEUMATISM, RHEUMATIC GOUT, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO and all pains in the head, face and limbs.

At all Druggists or E. FOUGERA & CO., Sole Agents, N. Y.

GUIDE FOR DINERS

Telephone Your Reservation.

LUCHOW'S

168 to 172 East 14th St. Tel. 3110—Stuyvesant.

FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.

A LA CARTE. TABLE D'HOTE.

Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.

WURZBURGER HOFBRAU.

Pilsner Genossenschafts-Brauerei, GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910.

46 W. 27th St., bet. B'way & 5th. SEIDERS' Dinner, 40c. Also Ala.

Next Sunday's Times

will contain

Nine Men Who Will Probe the Steel Trust

Stanley of Kentucky and his committee appointed by Congress to investigate.

The Hodge Podge City An American Idiocy

A leader in the city planning movement says we are handicapping ourselves and future generations.

The Pictorial Section

will include fine halftone pictures of the following:

The Queen's Coronation Robe
The Prince of Wales in the Robes of Investiture
American Suffragists in London
Seeking the Blue Ribbon at the Tuxedo Horse Show
Battleships Trying Out Big Guns in Heavy Seas
Princeton Graduates Celebrate in Freak Costumes
King Manuel at an English Horse Show
Smith College Girls Give "Merchant of Venice"
The Maine Being Exposed to View
Caricatures of Well-known Folk on the Bois de Boulogne
Royal Children Snapped by the Camera

And a full-page reproduction of the painting, "Harmony," by Robert Potzelberger.

BE SURE TO ORDER EARLY

Next Sunday's Times

CORRECT SOFT COLLARS

Colors: White, Tan, Grey, Lt. Blue.

GOTHAM 25c each GOTHIC 2 for 25c

At Retailers Everywhere or postpaid on receipt of PRICE. Gotham Mfg. Co., Makers, 200 5th Av., N. Y.

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., Cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings.) 1195 Broadway, Just below 29th St. 246-249 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings.)

What $18 Buys Here

OUR regular $18 Suits are about sold out—so $18 spent here now may buy a Hart, Schaffner & Marx Summer Suit reduced from $22.50, $25, $30 or $35 to fill the gap.